

CIN: L25199KL1993PLC007018

NIDA Menonpara Road, Kanjikode P.O. Palakkad - 678 621, Kerala, India.

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Website: www.rubfila.com

TWENTY NINTH ANNUAL REPORT 2021 – 22

CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

HARDIK B PATEL

Chairman

BHARAT J DATTANI

Director

D G RAJAN

Director

DHIREN S SHAH

Director

SAMIR K SHAH

. Director

PATRICK M DAVENPORT

Directo

R CHITRA

Director

S H MERCHANT

Director

G KRISHNA KUMAR

Managing Director

Company Secretary & Chief Finance Officer

N N PARAMESWARAN

Statutory Auditors

M/s. CYRIAC & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

TC 3/2418 Marappalam Jn., Pattom,

Trivandrum - 695041

Secretarial Auditors

M/s. SVJS & ASSOCIATES

Company Secretaries, Cochin.

Cost Auditors

M/s. AJITH SIVADAS & Co.

Cost Accountants, Palakkad

Tax Auditor:

M/s. MUKESH M. SHAH & Co.

Chartered Accountants, Ahmedabad

Internal Auditors

M/S. PRATAPKARAN PAUL & Co.

Chartered Accountants Chennai



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Notice of 29th Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the 29th Annual General Meeting of the Members of Rubfila International Limited (CIN: L25199KL1993PLC007018) will be held on Tuesday, the 27th day of September 2022 at 11 a.m. IST through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM") to transact the following business: -

ORDINARY BUSINESS

- 01. To receive, consider and adopt.
 - a) the audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022 together with the Report of the Board of Directors and Independent Auditors Report thereon and;
 - b) the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March 2022, together with the Report of the Auditors thereon.
- 02. To declare a final dividend of Rs. 1.75/- per equity share of Rs. 5/- each for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2022.
- 03. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Hardik B Patel (holding DIN 00590663), who retires by rotation in terms of Section 152(6) of Companies Act, 2013 and being eligible offers himself for reappointment.
- 04. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Bharat J Dattani (holding DIN 0608198), who retires by rotation in terms of Section 152(6) of Companies Act, 2013 and being eligible offers himself for reappointment.
- 05. To appoint the Statutory Auditors and to fix their remuneration

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution with or without modification(s), as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 139, 142 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), M/s. Mohan & Mohan Associates, Chartered Accountants, Thiruvananthapuram having Firm Registration No. 02902S be and are hereby appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company for a term of five years to hold office from the conclusion of this Twenty Nineth Annual General Meeting ('AGM') of the Company until the conclusion of the Thirty Fourth AGM to be held in the year 2027 at such remuneration plus applicable taxes and reimbursement of out of pocket expenses in connection with the audit, which may be recommended by the Audit Committee and fixed by the Board of Directors of the Company.

SPECIAL BUSINESS

06. To ratify the remuneration payable to Cost Auditors for the year 2022-23.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolutions an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provision of Section148(3) and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, (including any statutory modification(s) or any amendment(s) thereto or any substitution(s) or any re-enactments thereof for the time being in force), M/s. Ajith Sivadas & Co, Cost Accountants, Palakkad (FRN: 102805) were appointed by the Board of Directors as Cost Auditors to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company for the Financial Year ending March 31, 2023, be paid remuneration of Rs.50,000/- plus applicable taxes and re-imbursement of out of pocket expenses incurred by them in connection with the aforesaid audit, be and is hereby ratified and confirmed."



Rubfila International Limited

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorized severally to do all acts, deeds, things and take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution."

07. Re-appointment of Mr. Shaukat Hasanali Merchant (DIN: 00075865) as an Independent Director of the Company.

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification, the following resolution as Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150 and 152 read with Schedule IV and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) and Regulation 16 (1) (b) and Regulation 17(1A) and other applicable regulations of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, as amended from time to time, Mr. Shaukat Hasanali Merchant (DIN: 00075865) who has submitted a declaration that he meets the criteria for independence as provided in the Act and Listing Regulations and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing from a member proposing his candidature for the office of Director in terms of Section 160 of the Act, be and is hereby re-appointed as an Independent Director of the Company, not liable to retire by rotation and to hold office for a term of 5 (five) consecutive years on the Board of the Company w.e.f. 27th September, 2022.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be necessary, and to execute all such documents, instruments and writings as may be required, proper or expedient, to give effect to this resolution and the Board may, by a resolution, delegate the aforementioned powers to any committee of directors, director(s) or any other officer(s) of the Company on such conditions as the Board may prescribe."

By Order of the Board of Directors RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LTD

Place: Palakkad 11-08-2022 N.N. Parameswaran CFO& Company Secretary 29th Annual Report 2021-22

Notes: -

- 1. In view of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic and pursuant to General Circular No. 14/2020, 17/2020, 20/2020, 02/2021, 19/2021, 21/2021, 2/2022 dated April 8, 2020, April 13, 2020, May 5, 2020, January 13, 2021, December 8, 2021, December 14, 2021, May 5, 2022 and all other relevant circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (collectively referred to as 'MCA Circulars') and Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) vide its circular nos. SEBI/HO/DDHS/P/ CIR/2022/0063 dated May 13, 2022, SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 dated May 12, 2020 and SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2 / CIR/ P/2021/11 dated January 15,2021 (collectively referred to as 'SEBI Circulars'), the Company is convening the 29th AGM through Video Conferencing ('VC') or Other Audio-Visual Means ('OAVM'), without the physical presence of the Members. The proceedings of the AGM will be deemed to be conducted at the Registered Office of the Company.
- 2. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
- 3. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/ OAVM will be made available to at least 1,000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors, etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
- 4. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 5. Pursuant to MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.
- 6. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.rubfila.com. The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchange i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com. The AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM) i.e. www.evotingindia.com.
- 7. The AGM has been convened through VC/OAVM in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 MCA Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05,

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and MCA Circular No. 02/2022 dated May 05, 2022.

- 8. An explanatory statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to the Special Business to be transacted at the Meeting is annexed hereto.
- 9. The relevant details, pursuant to Regulations 26(4), 36(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, in respect of Director seeking re-appointment at this AGM is annexed.
- 10. In case of joint holders attending the meeting, the Member whose name appears as the first holder in the order of names as per the Register of Members of the Company will be entitled to vote.
- 11. Members seeking any information with regard to the accounts or any matter to be placed at the AGM, are requested to write to the Company on or before 21-09-2022 through email to rubfila@qmail.com and the same will be replied by the Company, suitably.
- 12. The Share Transfer Books and the Register of Members shall remain closed from 21st September, 2022 to 27th September, 2022 both days inclusive.
- 13. The Board of Directors have recommended a dividend @ 35% (Rs.1.75/- per Equity Share of Rs.5/- Fully paid-up) of the paid-up capital for the year. If approved at the Annual General Meeting, the same will be paid to the shareholders who holds shares:
- a) In dematerialized mode, based on the beneficial ownership details to be received from National Securities Depository Limited and Central Depository Services (India) Limited as on 20-09-2022
- b) In physical mode, if their names appear in the Company's Register of Members after giving effect to all valid transfers in physical form lodged with the Company and its Registrar and Transfer Agents on or before 20-09-2022

14.

- (a) The unpaid/unclaimed dividends for the financial year 2012-13 and 2013-14 were transferred to IEPF Account. Further unpaid/unclaimed dividends for the financial year 2014 15 will be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF). It may be noted that no claim shall lie against the Company u/s 124(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 for unpaid/unclaimed dividends once such dividends have been transferred to such Eund
- (b) Members are advised to prefer their claims for unpaid/unclaimed dividends, if any, for the years from 2014 - 15 onwards, directly to the Company/RTA. Members may please note that the balance of unclaimed dividend for financial year 2014 - 15 will become due for transfer to IEPF on 25-10-2022 and on failure, the Company is under an obligation to transfer of the equity shares to IEPF.
- (c) Members may note that in terms of the provisions of Section 124 (6) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2013 (IEPF Rules) the equity shares of the Company in respect of which dividend entitlement has remained unclaimed or unpaid for a consecutive period of 7 (seven) years or more are required to be transferred by the Company to IEPF. As per the records of the Company, unclaimed/ unpaid dividends for the financial year 2014-15 is due for transferring to IEPF. The Company has sent a specific communication to the latest available addresses of the shareholders whose dividends

are lying unclaimed for the last 7 (seven) consecutive years or more, inter alia, providing the details of shares being transferred to IEPF. In order to prevent the shares being transferred to IEPF, you are requested to do any of the following before 24th October, 2022

- 1. Encash the unclaimed dividend(s) listed above. In order to claim the unclaimed dividends please send us a written application along with a copy of PAN Card and the original un-encashed dividend warrant or duly filled in indemnity bonds to the Company's Registered Office i.e. NIDA, Kanjikode, Palakkad, Kerala 678 621.
- 2. Furnish specific order of Court or Tribunal or Statutory Authority restraining any transfer of such shares or payment of dividend in respect of such shares.
- 15. Members are requested to intimate immediately change of address, if any, to the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agents or Depository Participant, as the case may be.
- 16. As per the provisions of Section 72 of the Act, the facility for making nomination is available for the Members in respect of the shares held by them. Members who have not yet registered their nomination are requested to register the same by submitting Form No. SH-13. The said form can be downloaded from the Company's website www.rubfila.com under the head 'Investor Relations'. Members are requested to submit the said details to their DP in case the shares are held by them in electronic form and to the Company/RTA in case the shares are held in physical form
- 17. As per Regulation 40 of SEBI Listing Regulations, as amended, securities of listed companies can be transferred only in dematerialized form with effect from, April 1, 2019, except in case of request received for transmission or transposition of securities. In view of this and to eliminate all risks associated with physical shares and for ease of portfolio management, members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holdings to dematerialized form. Members can contact the Company or the Company's Registrars and Share Transfer Agents, M/s Integrated Registry Management Services Private Limited for assistance in this regard.
- 18. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in securities market. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN details to the Company/Registrar and Share Transfer Agents.
- 19. All documents, transfers, dematerialization requests and other communications in relation thereto should be addressed directly to the Company's Registrar & Transfer Agents.
- 20. In view of the circular issued by SEBI, the Electronic Clearing Services (ECS/NECS) facility should mandatorily be used by the companies for the distribution of dividend to its members. In order to avail the facility of ECS/NECS, Members holding shares in physical form are requested to provide bank account details to the Company and its Registrar and Share Transfer Agents. Members holding shares in electronic form are hereby informed that the bank particulars registered against their respective depository accounts will be used by the Company for payment of dividend. Any changes in such bank mandate must be advised only to the Depository Participant of the Members.
- 21. In compliance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular dated May 12, 2020, Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2021-22 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/ Depos-

- itories. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report 2021-22 will also be available on the Company's website www.rubfila.com / investors, websites of the Stock Exchange i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com, and on the website of CDSL at www.cdslindia.com
- 22. In terms of Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Management & Administration) Rules, 2014 as amended, the Company is providing the facility to its Members holding shares in physical or dematerialized form as on the cut-off date, 20-09-2022, to exercise their rights to vote by electronic means (the 'Remote e-voting') on any or all of the business specified in the accompanying notice. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with CDSL for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting system will be provided by NSDL. Details of the process and manner of Remote e-voting are being sent to all the Members along with the Notice. If any person who is not a member/ceased to be a member as on the cut-off date should treat this notice for information purpose only.
- 23. The Members, who will be present in the AGM through VC / OAVM facility and have not cast their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-voting system during the AGM.
- 24. The Results on above resolutions shall be declared not later than 48 hours from the conclusion of the AGM of the Company and the resolutions will be deemed to be passed on the AGM date subject to receipt of the requisite number of votes in favour of the Resolutions.
- 25. Since the AGM will be held through VC / OAVM, the Route Map is not annexed in this Notice
- 26. Pursuant to the MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular, in view of the prevailing situation, owing to the difficulties involved in dispatching of physical copies of the Notice of the 29th AGM and the Annual Report for the year ended 31st March, 2022 including therein the Audited Financial Statements for the Financial Year 2021- 22, which are being sent only by email to the Members. Therefore, those Members, whose email address is not registered with the Company or with their respective Depository Participant/s, and who wish to receive the Notice of the 29th AGM and the Annual Report for the Financial Year 2021-22 and all other communication sent by the Company, from time to time, can get their email address registered by following the steps as given below:
 - a. For Members holding shares in physical form, please send scan copy of a signed request letter mentioning your Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), self attested scanned copy of PAN card, self attested scanned copy of Aadhaar card by email to Company email id rubfila@gmail.com.
 - b. For the Members holding shares in demat form, please update your email address through your respective Depository Participant/s.
- 27. Process for those shareholders whose email addresses are not registered with the depositories for obtaining login credentials for e-voting for the resolutions proposed in this notice:
 - Members whose email addresses are not registered with the depositories can register the same for obtaining login credentials for e-voting for the resolutions proposed in this Notice in the following manner:
 - a) For Physical Shareholders- Please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of Member, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), self-attested scanned

- copy of PAN card, self-attested scanned copy of Aadhaar card by email to Company email ID: rubfila@qmail.com.
- b) For Demat Shareholders- Please provide Demat account details (CDSL-16 digit beneficiary ID or NSDL-16 digit DPID + CLID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account Statement, self-attested scanned copy of PAN card, self-attested scanned copy of Aadhaar card to the Company email ID: rubfila@gmail.com. It is clarified that for permanent registration of email address, the Members are however requested to register their email address, in respect of electronic holdings with the Depository through the concerned Depository Participants.
- c) The Company/RTA shall co-ordinate with CDSL and provide the login credentials to the above-mentioned shareholders.
- 28. The instructions of shareholders for remote e-voting and e-voting during AGM and joining meeting through VC / OAVM are as under:
 - (i) The voting period begins on 24-09-2022 at 9.00 a.m. and ends on 26-09-2022 at 5.00 p.m. During this period shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date 20-09-2022 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
 - (ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- (iii) Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders / retail shareholders is at a negligible level.
 - Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.
 - In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.
- (iv) In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to abovesaid SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
	1) Users of who have opted for CDSL's Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URLs for users to login to Easi / Easiest are https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login or www.cdslindia.com and click on Login icon and select New System Myeasi.
Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	2) After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting Menu. On clicking the e-voting menu, the user will be able to see his/her holdings along with links of the respective e-Voting service provider i.e. CDSL/ NSDL/ KARVY/ LINK INTIME as per information provided by Issuer / Company. Additionally, we are providing links to e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' site directly.
	3) If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi./Registration/ EasiRegistration
	4) Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a link in www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be provided links for the respective ESP where the e-Voting is in progress during or before the AGM.
	1) If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficia Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
Individual shareholders holding securities in demat	2) If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp
mode with NSDL	3) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/ Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteendigit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your voted during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting
Individual shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their Depository Participants	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider's website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

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Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022- 23058738 and 22-23058542-43.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30

- (i) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for **shareholders other than individual shareholders & physical shareholders.**
- 1) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
- 2) Click on "Shareholders" module.
- 3) Now enter your User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
- 4) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- 5) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.

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6) If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

	For Shareholders holding shares in Demat Form other than individual and Physical Form
PAN	 Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders) Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/ Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.
Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (DOB)	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login. If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction (v).

- (v) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- (vi) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (vii) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (viii)Click on the EVSN for the 'RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LIMITED' on which you choose to vote.
- (ix) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (x) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xi) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xii) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xiii)You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.

(xiv)If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.

(xv) Facility for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians –Remote Voting

- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians
 are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia. com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
- A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; rubfila@gmail.com, if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- 29. Instructions for shareholders attending the AGM through vc/oavm & e-voting during meeting are as under:
 - 1. The procedure for attending meeting & e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
- 2. The link for VC/OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
- 3. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
- 4. Shareholders are encouraged to join the meeting through laptops / IPads for better experience.
- 5. Further shareholders will be required to allow camera and use internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 6. Please note that participants connecting from mobile devices or tablets or through laptop connecting via mobile hotspot may experience audio / video loss due to fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use stable Wi-Fi or LAN connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 7. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance on or before 20-09-2022 mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at rubfila@gmail.com. The shareholders who do not wish to speak during

the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance on or before 20-09-222 mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at rubfila@gmai.com. These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.

- 8. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
- 9. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not cast their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM..
- 10. If any votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL ADDRESSES ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE DEPOSITORIES FOR OBTAINING LOGIN CREDENTIALS FOR E-VOTING FOR THE RESOLUTIONS PROPOSED IN THIS NOTICE:

- 1. For physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), self-attested scanned copy of PAN card, self-attested scanned copy of Aadhaar card by email to info@rubfila.com or kalyan@integratedindia.in
- For Demat shareholders -, please provide Demat account details (CDSL-16 digit beneficiary ID or NSDL-16 digit DPID + CLID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AAD-HAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to info@rubfila.com or kalyan@ integratedindia.in
- If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022- 23058738 and 022-23058542/43.
- All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Manager, (CDSL) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call on 022-23058542/43.
- 30. M/s. SVJS & Associates, Company Secretaries, Kochi, has been appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the remote e-Voting process and casting vote through the e-Voting system during the meeting in a fair and transparent manner.
- 31. During the 29th AGM, the Chairman shall, after response to the questions raised by the Members in advance or as a speaker at the 29th AGM, formally propose to the Members participating through VC/OAVM Facility to vote on the resolutions as set out in the Notice of the 29th AGM and announce the start of the casting of vote through the e-Voting system. After the Members participating through VC/OAVM Facility, eligible and interested to cast votes, have cast the votes, the e-Voting will be closed with the formal announcement of

closure of the 29th AGM.

- 32. The Scrutinizer shall after the conclusion of e-Voting at the 29th AGM, first download the votes cast at the AGM and thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-Voting and shall make a consolidated scrutinizer's report of the total votes cast in favour or against, invalid votes, if any, and whether the resolution has been carried or not, and such report shall then be sent to the Chairman or a person authorized by him, within 48 (forty eight) hours from the conclusion of the 29th AGM, who shall then countersign and declare the result of the voting forthwith.
- 33. The results declared along with the report of the Scrutinizer shall be placed on the website of the Company at www.rubfila.com / investors and on the website of CDSL at www. evotingindia.com immediately after the declaration of Results by the Chairman or a person authorized by him. The results shall also be immediately forwarded to the BSE Limited, Mumbai.
- 34. All documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and the explanatory statement shall be open for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company during normal business hours (9.00 a.m. to 5.00 p.m.) on all working days except sundays, upto and including the date of the Annual General Meeting of the Company. Members may also note that the Notice and Annual Report of the Company for the Financial Year 2021-22 are available on Company's website at www.rubfila.com.



Statement as per section 102 of companies Act 2013



The following Explanatory Statement sets out all material facts relating to the Special Business mentioned in the accompanying Notice:

Item No.6

In accordance with the provisions of Section 148 of the Act, read with The Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors has to be ratified by the shareholders of the Company.

The Board on recommendation of the Audit Committee had appointed M/s. Ajith Sivadas & Company, Cost Accountants as the Cost Auditors of the Company for the financial year 2022-23 for a remuneration of Rs. 50,000/- as audit fee payable to the Cost Auditors plus applicable taxes and reimbursement of out of pocket expenses.

Accordingly, consent of the Members is being sought for passing the ordinary resolution as set out in item no. 6 of the Notice for ratification of the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors for the financial year 2022 – 23.

The resolution as set out in item no. 6 of this Notice is accordingly recommended for your approval.

None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives are in any way concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution set out in the item no. 6 of the accompanying Notice.

Item No. 7

Mr. Shaukat Hasanali Merchant (DIN: 00075865) was appointed as an Independent Director on the Board of the Company with effect from 15.09.2017 upto 14.09.2022 pursuant to the provisions of Section 149 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') read with SEBI regulations.

In terms of Section 160 of the Act, the Company has received a notice in writing from a Member signifying his intention to propose the candidature of Mr. Shaukat Hasanali Merchant (DIN: 00075865) for the office of Director. The Company has received from Mr. Shaukat Hasanali Merchant (DIN: 00075865) (i) consent in writing to act as a director in Form DIR-2 pursuant to Rule 8 of Companies (Appointment & Qualification of Director) Rules 2014, (ii) intimation in Form DIR-8 in terms of Companies (Appointment & Qualification of Director) Rules 2014, to the effect that he is not disqualified under Sub section (2) of Section 164 of the Companies Act

2013, and (iii) a declaration to the effect that he meets the criteria of independence as provided in subsection (6) of Section 149 of the Companies Act 2013 and under Regulation 16(1)(b) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and the Board is of opinion that he fulfills the criteria of independence. The resolution seeks the approval of members for the appointment of Mr. Shaukat Hasanali Merchant (DIN: 00075865) as an Independent Director of the company for a term of 5 years from the date of Annual General Meeting, pursuant to Section 149 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act 2013 and the Rules made there under.

In terms of Section 149 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 consent of the Members by way of Special Resolution is required for re-appointment of Mr. Shaukat Hasanali Merchant (DIN: 00075865).

The Board considers that his association would be of immense benefit to the Company and it is desirable to continue to avail his services. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board recommends the appointment of Mr. Shaukat Hasanali Merchant (DIN: 00075865) as Independent Director of the Company. Re-appointment of Mr. Shaukat Hasanali Merchant (DIN: 00075865) as Non- Executive Independent Director of the Company requires approval of the Members by way of Special Resolution. Brief profile of Mr. Shaukat Hasanali Merchant (DIN: 00075865) is enclosed and detailed profile is available at the website at www.rubfila.com / investors.



Order of the Board of Directors RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LTD

N.N. Parameswaran CFO& Company Secretary Particulars of Directors who are proposed to be appointed/ re-appointed at the meeting pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2) are given below:

Name of the Director	Mr. Hardik B Patel	Mr. Bharat J Dattani	Mr. Shaukat H Merchant
DIN No.	00590663	00608198	00075865
Age & Date of Birth	40 / 10-01-1982	69 / 28-09-1952	72/29-03-1951
Type of appointment	Director retiring by rotation	Director retiring by rotation	Independent Director
Date of first Appointment	25-05-2021	08-09-2005	15-09-2017
Experience and Areas of Specialization	Investment Banking, Equity Brokerage & Wealth advisory services	Finance	Advocate & Solicitor
Qualifications	MBA	MBA	B Sc., LLB
Terms & Conditions of Appointment	Non-Executive	Non-executive	Non-Executive
Remuneration last drawn	Nil	Nil	Nil
No. of Shares Held in the Company	4224096	Nil	13000
No. of Board Meetings at- tended during Financial Year 2021-22	4	5	5
List of Directorship held in outside Public Limited Companies	1	Nil	Nil
Chairman/member of the Committee of the Board of Directors of other Companies*	Committee of the Board of Directors of other		Nil
Relation with Key Managerial Personnel and Directors	Nil	Nil	Nil
Justification for appointment	Expertise in Invest- ment Banking, Equity Brokerage & Wealth advisory services	Expertise in Finance & Management	Expertise in the area of Law

^{*}Chairmanship and membership of the Audit Committee and the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee are only considered.

FOR THE ATTENTION OF THE MEMBERS

1. Members are requested to intimate changes, if any, pertaining to their name, postal address, e-mail address, telephone/ mobile numbers, PAN, registering of nomination, power of attorney registration, Bank Mandate details, etc., to their DPs in case the shares are held in electronic form and the Company's share transfer agents M/s Integrated Registry Management Services Private Limited, 2nd Floor, "Kences Towers", No.1, Ramakrishna Street, North Usman Road, T. Nagar, Chennai - 600017. Ph: 044-28140801 - 3. Email: corpserv@ integratedindia.in in prescribed Form ISR-1 and other forms pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD RTAMB/P/CIR/2021/655 dated November 3, 2021. Further, Members may note that SEBI has mandated the submission of PAN by every participant in securities market.

2. Sending notices and documents to shareholders through email:

As a part of "Green Initiative" in Corporate Governance, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs has allowed sending communication to the shareholders through electronic mode. Accordingly, we propose to send documents like notices convening general meetings, Annual Reports, etc. to the email addresses of the shareholders. For this purpose, shareholders holding shares in physical form are requested to register their email addresses and any changes therein from time to time with the Share Transfer Agents of the Company M/s. Integrated Registry Management Services Private Limited at their postal / email address given above. Please give the details in the attached format for registering your email ID. Those holding shares in demat form are requested to register their email IDs with their Depository Participants.

3. Making payment of dividend through NECS /NEFT:

In order to enable payment of dividend by direct credit to the bank accounts of the shareholders through National Electronic Clearing Service(NECS) / National Electronic Fund Transfer(NEFT), those holding shares in physical form are requested to furnish their mandates for the same in the attached format along with the specified details / documents to M/s Integrated Registry Management Services Private Limited. Those holding shares in demat form are requested to update their records with DPs in this respect.

4. Payment of unpaid dividends of previous years.

The company has so far declared dividends and issued warrants to the shareholders as below:

Year	% of share Paid up value
2012-13	12
2013-14	12
2014-15	15
2015-16	10
2016-17	15
2017-18	20
2018-19	20
2019-20	24
2020-21	26

Members wishing to claim unclaimed dividends are requested to correspond with the Company Secretary of the Company, at the registered office. Members are requested to note that dividends which are not claimed within seven years from the date of transfer to the Company's Unpaid Dividend Account, will, as per the provisions of Section 124 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made there under, be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund. Further, pursuant to the provisions of section 124 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016, as amended ('IEPF Rules'), all the shares on which dividend remain unpaid / unclaimed for a period of seven consecutive years or more shall be transferred to the demat account of the IEPF Authority as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs. The Company has uploaded the details of unpaid and unclaimed amounts on the website of the Company (www.rubfila.com). Shareholders who have not encashed their dividend warrants for any of the years 2014-15 to 2020-21 are requested to get the warrants revalidated by the Bank, since the outstanding dividend will be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund.

Necessary formats for item 2 & 3 above are available on the website of the Company www. rubfila.com / investors.

Place: Palakkad

Date: 11-08-2022

By Order of the Board of Directors

N.N. Parameswaran CFO & Company Secretary

RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LTD





Rubfila International Limited

Financial Results

The Summarized standalone and consolidated results of your company and its subsidiary are given in the table below: - (Rs. In lakhs)

	Financial Year ended					
Particulars	Stand	lalone	Con so	Con solidated		
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2022	31.03.2021		
Revenue from Operations	41665.32	27005.14	47674.57	32294.03		
Other Income	397.61	181.28	462.11	258.36		
Total Income	42062.93	27186.42	48136.68	32552.39		
Operating Expenditure	35517.72	22661.98	41182.75	27390.25		
Operating Profit Before Depreciation, Interest and Tax	6545.21	4524.44	6953.93	5162.14		
Finance Cost	4.27	3.55	22.04	25.39		
Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	563.27	496.19	719.82	631.64		
Profit Before Exceptional Items	5977.67	4024.70	6212.07	4505.11		
Exceptional Items	197.44	-	197.44	-		
Profit Before Tax	5780.23	4024.70	6014.63	4505.11		
Tax Expenses						
a) Current Tax	1354.18	962.02	1416.77	1093.54		
b) Deferred Tax	121.90	37.22	133.51	68.88		
Profit after Tax	4304.15	3025.46	4464.33	3342.69		
Other Comprehensive Income	50.77	-68.96	60.08	-67.50		
Share of Net profit of Associates using Equity Method	-	-	-	-		
Non-Controlling Interest	-	-	-	-		
Total Comprehensive Income	4354.92	2956.50	4524.43	3275.19		
Basic EPS	8.02	5.76	8.34	6.38		
Diluted EPS	8.02	5.71	8.34	6.33		

Performance Review

Rubfila International Ltd

The year started with huge head winds due to lockdown in the country on account of the second wave of Covid and there was uncertainty all around the business world. The medical as well as the social infrastructure came under severe strain across the country during this period and every section of the society went through difficulties. The crisis led to employment losses, stress in economy and the business prospects looked very dim during the first quarter.

By the middle of the year, Covid was slowly ebbing and economy started rebounding but in a varied degree in different countries. As per the World Economic Outlook by International Monetary Fund (IMF) published in October 2021, though the economy recovered, the momentum had slowed. The biggest impact came in the form huge disruptions in the global supply chains leading to high inflationary trends in the prices of all inputs. This led the governments and central banks across all the countries trying to rein in the inflation affecting the common man on the street, by increasing the interest rates.

There were cost escalation in all areas whether for raw materials, packaging materials, local logistics, container charges etc, but only a portion of this could be transferred to the customers. This remained the situation throughout the year, but prices are expected to soften from the second half of the next financial year.

Despite such a grim situation, it is commendable that the year ended on a positive note with the sales growing by more than 50% as compared to the previous year. The revenue for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 was Rs. 41,665.32 lakhs, a growth by 54.29% compared to Rs.27,005.14 lakhs in the previous year. The profit after tax (PAT) also grew by 42.26% to Rs.4304.15 lakhs from Rs.3025.45 lakhs in the previous year.

Rubfila crossed further milestones in the form of commissioning of two new lines, one in the month of September 2021 and the next one in the month of March, 2022 adding 5000 MT to its annual capacity and the total installed capacity currently stands at 25000 MT. With this additional capacity, the company plans tapping into the international market and carve a higher market share for itself.

Premier Tissues India Ltd:

Premier Tissues India Ltd (PT), the wholly owned subsidiary of RIL, continues to be a significant player in the tissue paper industry. PT also faced severe constraints due to huge hike in prices of raw materials like waste paper, packaging etc. With schools and offices not functioning, availability of waste paper came down drastically leading to huge price increases.

The sale in the first quarter was affected due to lockdown, but recovered during the remaining part of the year and the sales was closed at higher level than the previous one. But challenges remained throughout the year due to constraints in raw material availability as well as profitability. The industry consists of a disproportionate number of unorganized players and for this reason, the leeway available for passing on the increase in costs to the market was limited affecting profitability.

The standalone sales of the company for the financial year 2022 was ₹. 6010.25 lakhs as compared to Rs.5289.39 lakhs for the previous year. The hike in raw material prices, packaging and other overheads led to lower profits of ₹161.19 lakhs compared to ₹ 317.72 lakhs in the previous year.

South Indian states continue to be the major market for Premier products, with the presence of the brand in other parts of the country not at the desired level. Sales network extension is happening in a progressive manner in those areas by appointing new sales team members

and distributors and the results are expected to follow in the near future.

As a part of enhancing the business potential, Premier has entered into home care product segment with products like dish washing liquid/bar, floor cleaner, toilet cleaner, detergent powder/bar etc. These segments are seeing a healthy growth as per market studies and the company plans to tap into this growing category. The products have been soft launched in Kerala and the response has been encouraging for a new brand. A sales team has been put in place and distributors are being appointed and the company is optimistic about the results from this foray.

Consolidated Figures:

The consolidated revenue from operations for the year was Rs. 47,674.57 lakhs and the profit before tax at Rs. 6,014.63 lakhs. On consolidated basis, Rubfila along with the subsidiary earned a Profit after Tax of Rs. 4,464.35 lakhs for the year 2021-22.

The financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS, as notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 read with Section 133 of the Act.

Dividend and Transfer to Reserves

Your Directors have recommended a dividend of 35% (Rs.1.75 per Share of face value Rs.5/-) for the year subject to the approval of shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. This will result in total payout for the year 2021-22 of Rs.949.68 lakhs as compared to Rs.705.48 lakhs in 2020-21.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 124(5) of the Act, the dividend which remained unclaimed/ unpaid for a period of seven years from the date of transfer to unpaid dividend account is required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) established by the Central Government.

Your company has uploaded the details of unclaimed/ unpaid dividend for the financial year 2012-13 onwards on its website viz., www.rubfila.com and on website of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs viz., www.iepf.gov.in and the same gets revised/updated from time to time pursuant to the provisions of IEPF (Uploading of Information Regarding Unpaid and Unclaimed Amount Lying with Companies) Rules, 2012.

Further, the unpaid dividend amount pertaining to the financial year 2014-15 will be transferred to IEPF during the Financial Year 2022-23.

As on March 31, 2022, the unclaimed amounts with respect to the dividend are as under:

Particulars	Unclaimed Amount (in lakhs)	Date of transfer to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF)
Dividend FY 2014-15	21.59	25-10-2022
Dividend FY 2015-16	14.79	29.10.2023
Dividend FY 2016-17	21.62	14.10.2024
Dividend FY 2017-18	29.29	21.10.2025
Dividend FY 2018-19	28.35	20.10.2026
Dividend FY 2019-20	35.52	16.10.2027
Dividend FY 2020-21	16.64	23-08-2028

Transfer of Equity Shares

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 124(6) of the Act and the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs on September 7, 2016 and subsequently amended vide notification dated February 28, 2017, all the equity shares of the company in respect of which dividend amounts have not been paid or claimed by the shareholders for seven consecutive years or more are required to be transferred to demat account of IEPF Authority. Upon transfer of such shares, all benefits (like dividend, bonus, split, consolidation etc.), if any, accruing on such shares shall also be credited to the Account of IEPF and the voting rights on such shares shall remain frozen till the rightful owner claims the shares. Shares which are transferred to the demat account of IEPF Authority can be claimed back by the shareholder by following the procedure prescribed under the aforesaid rules.

Your company has sent individual notice to all the members who have not been paid or who have not claimed dividend for seven consecutive years and has also published the notice in the leading English and Malayalam newspapers.

The details of the nodal officer appointed by the company under the provisions of IEPF are disseminated in the website of the company viz., www.rubfila.com.

Capital Expenditure

As on 31st March 2022, the gross fixed assets of the company stand at Rs. 19,573.64 lakhs and net fixed assets at Rs. 12,691.36 lakhs. Capital additions during the year amounted to Rs. 3,034.30 lakhs, which include addition to Land Rs. 1.55 lakhs, Building Rs.723.14 lakhs, Plant & Machinery and other assets amounting to Rs. 2,309.61 lakhs and Capital Work in Progress of Rs.297.83 lakhs.

Future Prospects

Rubfila International Ltd

Inner wear as a segment has been growing for the past many years in India and internationally. The per capita consumption of innerwear in the country is estimated to be very low and with the increase in income levels of people in the past few years, there has been an increase in the per capita metric. This has been one of the major reasons for the growth and your company had taken the right steps at the right time in tapping into this growth.

Rubfila continues to explore growth in its core business of rubber threads though there are fresh challenges happening in the form of added capacities from other existing players as well as prospective entry by new players. Growth of spandex as an alternate material is another challenge the industry is facing since it can eat into the existing as well as the growth happening in the market.

With the scale of operations reaching almost at par with the larger international players, your company is geared up to face challenges in the industry and looks forward to becoming one of the top three players internationally.

Though challenges remain in the near term, your company is well poised to face those considering the cost benefits it can leverage owing to the enhanced capacities.

Premier Tissues (Indi) Ltd

Premier has plans to extend its presence to more areas around the country where it is not present today. For that, more members are added to the sales team and distributors are being appointed. The added focus on the regions in addition to the South India is expected to bring

in more business. The company is confident to have an enhanced topline in the coming financial year, though the profitability could be affected due to the increase in raw material prices.

By entering the home care segment which is seeing high growth, your company expects to have a healthy lift in topline.

Directors' Responsibility Statement

The Directors report that

- i. In the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures.
- ii. The Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the company for the period ended 31st March 2022.
- iii. The Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- iv. The Directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis.
- v. The Directors, have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively.
- vi. The Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

Listing on Stock Exchanges

Your company's shares are listed on the BSE Ltd. The company has paid Listing Fee for the year 2022-23.

Declaration of Independent Directors

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Samir K. Shah (DIN 01714717), Mr. Patrick M Davenport (DIN 00962475), Mrs. R. Chitra (DIN 01560585), Mr. S. H. Merchant (DIN 00075865) and Mr. D. G. Rajan (DIN 00303060) have submitted a declaration that each of them meets the criteria of independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act and Regulation 16(1)(b) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"). There has been no change in the circumstances affecting their status as an Independent Director during the year.

A note on the familiarizing programme adopted by the company for the orientation and training of the Directors and the Board evaluation process undertaken in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is provided in the Corporate Governance Report which forms part of this Report.

The Board is of the opinion that the Independent Directors of the Company possess requisite qualifications, experience and expertise and that they hold the highest standards of integrity. In terms of Section 150 of the Act read with the Companies (Appointment & Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, the Independent Directors of the Company have registered themselves with the data bank of Independent Directors created and maintained by the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs Manesar.

Further, the Independent Directors of the company met once during the year on 23-03-2022

to review the performance of the Non-executive directors, Chairman of the company and performance of the Board as a whole

Particulars of Loans, guarantees or investments

Pursuant to Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 your company has not directly or indirectly -

- a) given any loan to any person or other body corporate other than usual advances envisaged in a contract of supply of materials if any,
- b) given any guarantee or provide security in connection with a loan to any other body corporate or person and
- c) acquired by way of subscription purchase or otherwise, the securities of any other body corporate

exceeding sixty percent, of its paid-up share capital, free reserve and securities premium account or one hundred percent of its free reserves and securities premium account whichever is more.

The Company's investment in its subsidiary (net of provisions) stood at Rs. 3200.14. as at March 31, 2022. The details of Investments, Loans or Guarantees covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are given in the Note to the Financial Statements.

Deposits

Your company has not accepted any deposits from public as envisaged under Sections 73 to 76 of Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2014 and no amount remain unpaid or unclaimed as at the end of the period under review.

Conservation of Energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo

Information relating to conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo, as required to be disclosed under the Act, are given in Annexure forming part of this report.

Related Party Transactions

All contracts/ arrangements / transaction entered by the company during the financial year were in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder and according to SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. All transactions entered into with the Related Parties during the financial year under the review were on an arm's length basis and were in the ordinary course of business.

Other than the above, there are no materially significant Related Party transactions made by the company with its Promoters, Directors, Management or their relatives that could have had a potential conflict with the interests of the company at large.

All Related Party Transactions were placed before the Audit Committee and also before the Board for their approval. Prior approval of the Audit Committee was obtained for the transactions which were of a repetitive nature. The transactions entered into pursuant to the approval so granted were reviewed and statements giving details of all related party transactions were placed before the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors for their approval on a quarterly basis.

The company had framed a policy on materiality of related party transactions and on dealing with related party transactions. The policy as approved by the Board is uploaded on the company's website: https://rubfila.com/policies.php The Form AOC-2 containing the particulars of



contracts or arrangements with related parties made during the period under review is annexed herewith as "Annexure D"

The Members may refer to Note to the Standalone Financial Statements which sets out the related party disclosures as per the Accounting Standards.

Corporate Social Responsibility:

At Rubfila, the Board of Directors, the Management and all employees consider society as an extended arm of business with a major stake and are duty bound in contributing for the development of society.

In terms of the provisions of Section 135 of the Act read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, the Board of Directors of your company has constituted a CSR Committee and framed a policy which details the areas that can be supported under the same. A few focussed areas for providing CSR support have been identified such as healthcare, education, rural development, sustainable livelihood, social empowerment & welfare, Arts and Culture etc. The policy also includes providing support to the highly needy individual beneficiaries who are in real distress for healthcare, housing etc, but this is done with utmost care after ample due diligence.

During the year, company carried out several initiatives under the CSR program directly. A report on CSR activities is attached as Annexure C forming part of this report. CSR policy of the company is available on the website www.rubfila.com.

The CSR activities are overseen by a committee of Directors comprising of Mr. Bharat J. Dattani (DIN 1462746), Mr. G Krishna Kumar (DIN 01450683) and Mr. Patrick M Davenport (DIN 00962475) on a regular basis.

In the year under review, the company spent Rs.66.84 lakhs towards various CSR expenditures.

A report on the Corporate Social Responsibility activities is annexed to this report.

Directors and Key Managerial Personnel

Composition of the Board

The Board of Directors of the company comprises of 9 directors as on the date of report. Your Board comprises Mr. Hardik B Patel (DIN 00590663) as Chairman, Mr. G. Krishna Kumar, (DIN 01450683) as Managing Director (Executive), Mr. Bharat J. Dattani (DIN 00608198) and Mr. Dhiren S. Shah (DIN 01149436) as non-executive, Non-independent Directors and five Non-executive Independent Directors namely Mr. D. G. Rajan (DIN 00303060), Mr. Patrick M Davenport (DIN 00962475), Mrs. R. Chitra (DIN 01560585), Mr. S. H. Merchant (DIN 00075865) and Mr. Samir K. Shah (DIN 01714717). The details of composition of the mandatory Board committees namely Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, CSR Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee, number of meetings held during the year under review and other related details are set out in the Corporate Governance Report which forms a part of this Report.

In accordance with the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Hardik B Patel (DIN 00590663) and Mr. Bharat J Dattani (DIN 00608198) retire by rotation and being eligible offer themselves for re-appointment in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

During the reporting period your Board met five times. The details of the meeting and attendance of directors are provided in the Corporate Governance Report annexed herewith. There were no instances in which the Board had not accepted any recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Necessary information pursuant to SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, in respect of directors to be appointed and re-appointed at the ensuing Annual General Meeting are given in the Annexure to the Notice convening the Annual General Meeting scheduled to be held on 27-09-2022.

None of the Directors of your company are disqualified for being appointed as directors, as specified in Section 164(2) and Rule 14(1) of Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014.

The Directors have also confirmed that they are not aware of any circumstance or situation, which exists or may be reasonably anticipated, that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties with an objective independent judgement and without any external influence

In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors possess the requisite expertise and experience and are the persons of high integrity and repute. They fulfill the conditions specified in the Act and the Rules made thereunder and are independent of the Management.

Mr. G. Krishna Kumar, (DIN 01450683) Managing Director (Executive) and Mr. N N Parameswaran, Company Secretary and the Chief Financial Officer are the KMPs of the Company.

Performance Evaluation

The Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 stipulates the performance evaluation of the directors including Chairman, the Board and its committees. The company has devised a policy for performance evaluation of the Board, committees and other individual directors (including Independent Directors) which includes criteria for performance evaluation of the Non-executive Directors and Executive Directors. The evaluation process inter alia considers attendance of Directors at Board and committee meetings, acquaintance with business, communicating inter se board members, effective participation, domain knowledge, compliance with code of conduct, vision and strategy, benchmarks established by global peers, etc, which is in compliance with applicable laws, regulations and guidelines.

Annual performance evaluation was carried out for the Board, Board Committees and Individual Directors and Chairman. The Chairman of the respective Board Committees shared the report on evaluation with the respective Committee members. The performance of each committee was evaluated by the Board, based on report on evaluation received from respective Board Committees.

The reports on performance evaluation of the Individual Directors were reviewed by the Chairman of the Board.

Policy on Nomination and Remuneration and Performance evaluation of Directors, KMP and Senior Management Personnel:

Policy in accordance with the provisions of Section 178 of Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the company oversees the implementation of the Nomination and Remuneration Policy. This Policy prescribes for the criteria for determining the qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a Director and the policy on remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, senior management employees including functional heads and other employees. The Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the company is available on the website of the company in the following weblink: rubfila.com/Admin-panel/images/investors/Nomination-RemunerationPolicy.pdf

The salient features of the Nomination and Remuneration policy are as follows:

- The policy has been framed in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- b. The policy spells out the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a Director and the remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management including functional heads.
- c. The Committee has the discretion to decide whether qualification, expertise and experience possessed by a person are sufficient/ satisfactory for the concerned position.
- d. No Independent Director shall hold office for more than two consecutive terms of maximum 5 years each. In the event the same person is to be appointed as an Independent Director after two consecutive terms of five years, a cooling period of 3 years is required to be fulfilled.
- e. The Director, KMP and Senior Management shall retire as per the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the prevailing policy of the company. The Board will have the discretion to retain the Director, KMP, Senior Management in the same position/ remuneration or otherwise even after attaining the retirement age, for the benefit of the company.
- f. The remuneration/ commission shall be in accordance with the statutory provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder for the time being in force.
- g. Deviations on elements of this policy in extraordinary circumstances, when deemed necessary in the interests of the company, will be made if there are specific reasons to do so in an individual case.
- h. In case of any amendment(s), clarification(s), circular(s) etc. issued by the relevant authorities, not being consistent with the provisions laid down under this Policy, then such amendment(s), clarification(s), circular(s) etc. shall prevail upon the provisions hereunder and the Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall amend this Policy accordingly.

Auditors

Statutory Auditors

Shareholders in their meeting held on 15-09-2017 appointed M/s. Cyriac & Associates, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 014033S.) as Statutory Auditors of the company for a term of 5 years to hold office from the conclusion of 24th Annual General Meeting until the conclusion of 29th Annual General Meeting. Accordingly, M/s. Cyriac & Associates, Statutory Auditors, retires at this Annual General Meeting.

Board of Directors recommend M/s. Mohan & Mohan Associates, Chartered Accountants, Thiruvananthapuram having Firm Registration No. 02902S as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a term of five years to hold office from the conclusion of this Twenty Nineth Annual General Meeting ('AGM') of the Company until the conclusion of the Thirty Fourth AGM to be held in the year 2027

There is no qualification, disclaimer, reservation or adverse remark made by the Statutory Auditors in Auditors' Report.

During the period under review, there were no frauds reported by the auditors under provisions of the Companies Act, 2013

Secretarial Auditors

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Act read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, and Regulation 24A of SEBI (Listing

Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 M/s. SVJS & Associates, Company Secretaries was appointed to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the company and its material subsidiary for the year ended March 31, 2022. The Secretarial Auditors have submitted their report and the Board took note of the same. The Secretarial Audit Report is annexed herewith.

Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. CIR/CFD/CMD1/27/2019 dated February 8, 2019, the company has submitted the Secretarial Compliance Report from Practicing Company Secretaries on compliance of all applicable SEBI Regulations and circulars/guidelines issued there under with the Stock Exchange within the prescribed due date.

Management Comments to the observations of the Secretarial Auditors

- The Statutory Auditor had submitted the necessary documents before the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and was awaiting to be peer reviewed.
- 2) The designated person submitted the disclosures in Form C for the sale of 340 shares and the Company submitted necessary returns to the Exchange. Further, Company has filed the report for violations related to the code of conduct under SEBI (PIT) Regulations, 2015.
- 3) Two Independent Directors represented that they have taken steps for registration with the Data Bank of Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs.

Cost Auditors

M/s. Ajith Sivadas & Co. Cost Accountants was appointed as Cost Auditors for the year 2021-22. The remuneration payable for the Financial Year 2022 – 23 will be ratified in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

Internal Auditors

The Board has appointed M/s. Pratapkaran Paul & company, Chartered Accountants, Chennai as the Internal Auditors of the company pursuant to Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the year 2021 – 22.

Disclosures:

Particulars of employees:

No employee of the company was in receipt of remuneration exceeding the amount prescribed under 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014. The company is not paying any commission to its Directors. A Statement giving the details required under Section 197(12) of the Act, read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, for the year ended March 31, 2022, is annexed to this report.

Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy

Pursuant to Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 the rules made thereunder and the Regulation 22 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the company has established a Vigil Mechanism and has adopted a whistle blower policy for the directors and employees to report genuine concerns about any instance of any irregularity, unethical practice and/or misconduct.

The whistle blower policy of the company is available in the following web link: https://rubfila.com/policies.php

Risk Management Policy:

The company has set up a robust risk management framework to identify, monitor and minimize risk and also to identify business opportunities. The Audit Committee also functions as the Risk Management Committee.

The Risk Management policy of the company is available in the following weblink: https://rub-fila.com/policies.php

Disclosure under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

The company has in place an Anti Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of The Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. An Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment.

The following is the summary of sexual harassment complaints received and disposed off during the period under review:

No. of complaints at the beginning of the year : Nil

No. of complaints received during the year : Nil

No. of complaints disposed off during the year : Nil

No. of complaints at the end of the year : Nil

Employees Stock Option Scheme (ESOS):

There has not been any material change in the Employee Stock Option Scheme during the reporting period.

No options have been granted during the financial year 2021–22 and also no option granted earlier and in force in the same period, has been exercised by any of the grantees

Change in the Nature of Business

There was no change in the nature of business of the company during the Financial Year 2021-22.

 Material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the company which have occurred between the end of the Financial Year of the company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report.

No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the company occurred between the end of the Financial Year to which this financial statement relate and the date of report.

The company continues to be cautious on Covid and its impact on the people and safeguard measures are in place as per the directives/guidelines/circulars issued by the Central Government and the respective State Government(s) from time to time.

Significant or Material Orders passed by Regulators / Courts / Tribunals

There were no significant or material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and company's operations in future.

Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Associate Companies

In accordance with the provisions of Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the company has prepared its Consolidated Financial Statement including its subsidiary Premier Tissues (India) Limited which is forming part of the

Annual Report.

Further, pursuant to the provisions of Sec 136 of the Act, the standalone financial statements (including consolidated) of the company, consolidated financial statements along with relevant documents and separate audited financial statements in respect of subsidiaries/ associates are available on the website of the company.

A Report on the salient features of the financial statements of Subsidiaries/ Associate Companies/ Joint Ventures prepared in form AOC-1 is provided as Annexure – A.

There are no companies which have ceased to be its Subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the year under review

The Annual Audited Accounts of the Subsidiary company and the related detailed information will be made available to the Shareholders of the company at the Registered Office of the company and on the company website www.rubfila.com under the section Investor Relations.

Internal Financial Controls

Internal Financial Controls are an integrated part of the risk management process, addressing financial and financial reporting risks. The internal financial controls have been documented, digitised and embedded in the business processes.

Assurance on the effectiveness of internal financial controls is obtained through management reviews, control self-assessment, continuous monitoring by functional experts as well as testing of the internal financial control systems by the internal auditors during the course of their audits. We believe that these systems provide reasonable assurance that our internal financial controls are designed effectively and are operating as intended

Extract of Annual Return

Pursuant to sub-section 3(a) of Section 134 and subsection (3) of Section 92 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 11 and 12 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, copy of Annual Return as at March 31, is hosted on the website of the company in the following web link https://rubfila.com/investors.php

Cost Records

The company has maintained cost records as prescribed by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, in respect of manufacturing activities of the company.

Secretarial Standards

The directors state that the applicable Secretarial Standards as prescribed the Institute of company Secretaries of India i.e. SS-1 and SS-2, relating to 'Meetings of the Board of Directors' and 'General Meetings', respectively have been duly followed by the company.

Management Discussion Analysis Report

Management Discussion Analysis Report for the year under review as stipulated under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is presented in a separate section forming part of the Annual Report.

Corporate Governance

The report on Corporate Governance as stipulated under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 forms an integral part of this Report. The requisite

certificate from the Secretarial Auditors of the company confirming compliance with the conditions of corporate governance is attached to the report on Corporate Governance.

Issue of Sweat Equity Shares

The company has not issued Sweat Equity Shares during the year under review and hence the disclosure as required under Section 54 read with rule 8(13) of Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 is not required to be made.

Equity Shares with Differential Voting Rights

The company has not issued Equity Shares with differential voting rights and hence the disclosure as required under Section 43 read with rule 4(4) of Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 is not required to be made.

Change in nature of business by the subsidiaries:

There are no significant changes in the nature of business carried on by the subsidiaries of the company wherein the impact of such changes is 10% or more of the consolidated turnover or consolidated net worth of Rubfila International Limited.

Appreciation and Acknowledgement

The Board of Directors places on record its sincere thanks to the Government of India, various State Governments and regulatory authorities in India.

Your Directors acknowledge with gratitude the co-operation and assistance given by Kerala State Industrial Development Corporation Ltd, M/s. Integrated Registry Management Services Pvt Ltd, and other agencies of the Central and State government and Stock Exchanges for their wholehearted support.

The Directors record their sincere gratitude to the company's shareholders, esteemed customers and all other well-wishers for their continued patronage.

Your Directors also wish to place on record the sincere appreciation of services rendered by the employees at all the levels for the company's success.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Hardik B Patel DIN 00590663 Chairman

Palakkad. 11-08-2022

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ANNEXURE – A TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

STATEMENT CONTAINING SALIENT FEATURES OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF SUBSIDIARIES / ASSOCIATE COMPANIES / JOINT VENTURES

(Form AOC-1)

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Part "A" Subsidiaries

(Information in respect of each subsidiary to be presented with amounts in lakhs) Nil

01.	Serial Number	01
02.	Name of the subsidiary	Premier Tissues India Ltd
03.	The date since when subsidiary was acquired	08-11-2018
04.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period.	Same as the holding Company.
05.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries.	Same as the holding Company.
06.	Share capital	Rs. 1124.09 Lacs
07.	Reserves and surplus	Rs. 2654.43 Lacs
08.	Total assets	Rs. 5093.30 Lacs
09.	Total Liabilities	Rs. 1314.79 Lacs
10.	Investments	Rs. 500.00 Lacs
11.	Turnover	Rs. 6010.25 Lacs
12.	Profit before taxation	Rs. 235.29 Lacs
13.	Provision for taxation	Rs. 74.20 Lacs
14.	Profit after taxation	Rs. 161.19 Lacs
15.	Proposed Dividend	Nil
16.	Extent of shareholding (in percentage)	100%

01. Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations

;

02. Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year. - Nil

Part "B" Associates and Joint Ventures:

Statement pursuant to Section (129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures - Nil

Palakkad 11-08-2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LTD

Hardik B Patel G.Krishna Kumar
DIN 00590663 DIN 01450683

N N Parameswaran

Chief Finance Officer & Company Secretary



ANNEXURE – B TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

Details of Conservation of Energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo

A. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY

- a) The company continues its efforts to preserve and conserve environment by monitoring the consumption of power, water, fuel and other resources. Improving efficiency in this regard is an ongoing effort and all the employees of the company are committed to this cause. A few of the ongoing efforts to conserve energy are listed below:
- i) Installation of Evaporator with Drier: Installed 50 KLD multi effect evaporator with 7 KLD ATFD (Agitated Thin Film Drier) unit for waste water recycling. Condensate water is being used for different applications in the plant for which fresh water was used earlier. With the installation of Evaporator and Drier, company has reduced the water consumption and environmental related issues, as this system works as ZLD (Zero Liquid Discharge).
- ii) ETP chemical consumption and sludge generation reduced by implementing process modifications and effective operating procedure.
- iii) Stand-by Thermic Heater with 20 lac capacity was connected with production lines and Distillation unit. This reduces the down time of two production lines during shutdown of main 40 lac thermic heater, so that the company can enhance output in a month.
- iv) CF lamps were replaced with LEDs and added more capacitors improving power factor and reducing the energy consumption.
- v) Electric Fork lift put into operation to handle finished goods reducing the usage of fossil fuel
- vi) Commenced a study of the heat transfer system and energy audit of the process to check on any inefficiency in energy consumption and possible improvement.

b) Additional investment and proposal if any : Nil

c) Impact of the measures (a) and (b) above for reduction of energy consumption and consequent impact on the cost of production

: Above initiatives have resulted in overall eduction in the consumption

: Nil

of power and fuel.

B. TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION

Disclosure of Particulars with respect to Research and Development, Technology Absorption is as follows:

Research and Development:

1) Specific areas of Research and Development Activities carried out by the Company

2) Benefits derived as a result of the above Research and Development work

: N.A.

: Nil

.

4) Expenditure on Research and Development a) Capital

b) Recurring

3) Future plan of action

: Nil : Nil

c) Total

: Nil

 a) Total Research & Development charged to Expenditure as a percentage of total turnover Technology – Absorption, Adaptation & Innovation

: Nil

1. Efforts in brief made towards technology Absorption, adaptation and innovation

: Nil

2. Benefits derived as a result of the above efforts, product improvement, cost reduction, product development, import substitution, etc

: Nil

: Nil

: N.A.

: N.A.

3. In case of imported technology (imported During the last 5 years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year) the information may be furnished

a) Technology imported

b) Year of Importc) Extent of absorption

C. FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS & OUT GO

(Rs. in lacs)

8,554.85

1) FOREING EXCHANGE EARNINGS

a) Export of HRLRT

2) FOREIGN EXCHANGE OUT GO

 a) Raw materials
 : 3644.86

 b) Capital Purchase
 : 57.39

 c) Sales Commission
 : 9.33

 d) Spares
 : 56.54

 e) Sitting Fee
 : 1.62

f) Others

Palakkad.

11-08-2022

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Hardik B Patel DIN 00590663 Chairman

0.91

ANNEXURE - C TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

Annual Report on Corporate Social Responsibility activities:

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company

: Rubfila believes that existence of an organization is linked to the wellbeing of the society also and hence it needs a compassionate outlook to help build a better society. With this outlook, the company has drawn its CSR Policy focusing on addressing critical social, environmental and economic needs of the marginalized / underprivileged sections of the society.

2. Composition of CSR Committee:

SI. No.	Name of the Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	No. of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	No. of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1.	Mr. Bharat J Dattani	Chairman	4	4
2.	Mr. G. Krishna Kumar	Member	4	4
3.	Mr. Patrick M Davenport	Member	4	3

3. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR Committee, CSR Policy and CSR Projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the Company

http://www.rubfila.com/About

us/CSR Policy

http://www.rubfila.com/investors

4. Provide the details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy)

Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report) : N.A

5. Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules,2014 and amount required for set off for the financial year, if any

SI. No.	Financial Year	Amount available for set off from preceding financial years (in Rs.)	Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any (in Rs.)
1.	2018 – 2019	Nil	Nil
2.	2019 - 2020	Nil	Nil
3.	2020 - 2021	Nil	Nil
	TOTAL		

6. Average Net profit of the company as per

section 135(5)

: Rs. 2,739.02 Lacs

7. (a) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135 (5)

: Rs. 54.94 Lacs

(b) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects of programmes or activities of the previous financial years

: Nil

: Nil

(c) Amount required to be set off for the

financial year, if any : Nil

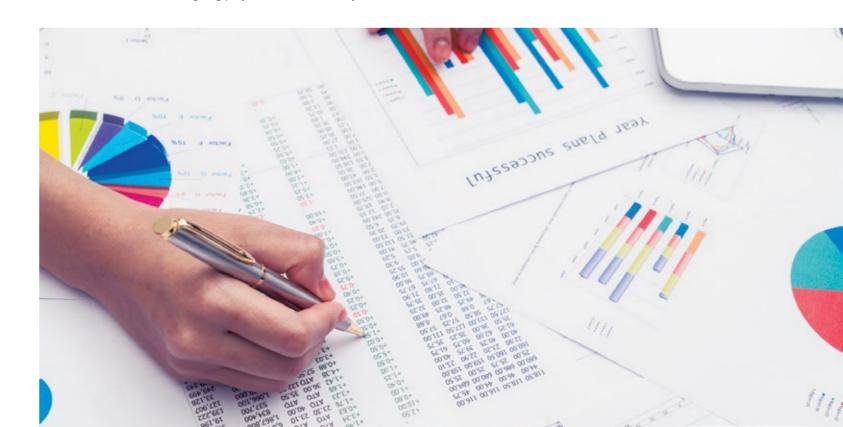
(d) Total CSR obligation for the financial year : Rs.54.94 Lacs

8. (a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the

: Nil financial year

(b) Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year

(c) Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year:



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(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)	(7)		(8)
SI.	Name of the	Item from the list of activities in schedule VII	Local area	Location of	f the Project	Amount spent for the	Mode of imple-mentation	Mode of implementation – Through implement- ing agency	
NO.	Project	to the Act	(Yes/ No)	State	District	project (₹ in lakhs)	- Direct (Yes/No)	Name	CSR registration number
1.	Central Gas Manifold System to District Hospi- tal, Palakkad	Promoting Health care in- cluding preven- tive health care and sanitation	Yes	Kerala	Palakkad	4.95	Yes	-	-
2.	Cot and Bed Sheets to FLCTC, Madathukulam	Promoting Health Care including preventive health care and sanitation.	Yes	Tamilnadu	Dindigul	4.78	Yes	-	-
3.	Support for economically backward people	Eradicating hunger, poverty and malnutri- tion	Yes	Kerala	Palakkad	6.53	Yes	-	-
4.	Mobile Phones to School Stu- dents to support online classes	Promoting Education	Yes	Kerala	Palakkad	0.17	Yes	-	-
5.	Bus waiting shelter at Ma- dathukulam	Rural develop- ment projects	Yes	Tamilnadu	Dindigul	2.08	Yes	-	-
6.	Tablets to School Students to support online classes	Promoting Education	Yes	Kerala	Cochin	20.45	Yes	-	-
7.	Sanitizing of School Premises and providing sanitizing mate- rials to School Students	Promoting Education	Yes	Kerala	Palakkad	21.06	Yes	-	-
8.	Providing uni- forms to Foot- ball Coaching Trainees	Training to promote rural sports, nation- ally recognized sports	Yes	Kerala	Palakkad	0.75	Yes	-	-
9.	Study Materials to School Stu- dents	Promoting Education	Yes	Kerala	Palakkad	0.51	Yes	-	-

10.	Modular Operation Theatres to Global Health & Research Centre, Mumbai	Promoting Health care in- cluding preven- tive health care and sanitation	No	Mumbai	Maharash- tra	5.00	Yes	-	-
11.	Restoration of Waterbody, Chandranagar, Palakkad	Conservation of Natural Resources like water bodies	Yes	Kerala	Palakkad	0.56	Yes	-	-

(d) Amount spent on Administrative Overheads: Nil

(e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment,

: Nil if applicable

(f) Total amount spent for the Financial Year : Rs.66.84 Lacs (g) Excess amount for set off, if any : Rs. 12.06 Lacs

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount
(I)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	Rs. 54.94 Lakhs
(II)	Total amount spent for the financial year	Rs.66.84 Lakhs
(III)	Excess amount spent for the financial year[(ii)-(i)]	Rs. 11.91 Lakhs
(IV)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	Nil
(V)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	Rs.11.91 Lakhs

9. (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the

preceding three financial years : Nil

(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for ongoing Projects of the

preceding financial year(s)

10. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year (asset wise details)

(a) Date of creation or acquisition of the

: N.A.

: Nil

(b) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset

: N.A.

capital asset(s).

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(c) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc.: N.A.

(d) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset) : N.A.

11. Specify the reason(s), if the Company has failed to spend two percent of the average net profit as per Section 135 (5 : N.A

Palakkad 11-08-2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LTD

G. Krishna Kumar DIN 01450683 Managing Director

Bharat | Dattani DIN 00608198 Chairman CSR Committee



ANNEXURE - D AOC - 2

Form for disclosure of particular of contracts / arrangements entered into by the Company with the related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms length transactions under third proviso thereto

1. Details of Contracts or arrangement or transactions not at arm's length basis

(a) Name(s) of the related party and

nature of relationship : N.A

(b) Nature of contracts / arrangements /

transactions : N.A

(c) Duration of the contracts / arrangements /

transactions : N.A

(d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the

value, if any, : N.A

(e) Justifications for entering into such contracts

or arrangements or transactions : N.A Date(s) of approval by the Board : N.A

(g) Date on which the special resolution was

(f) Amount paid as advances, if any

passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188 : N.A

2. Details of material contracts or arrangements or transactions at arm's length basis

(1) Name(s) of the related party and nature of

relationship

: M/s. Premier Tissues India Limited

(Subsidiary Company)

: N.A

(a) Nature of contracts / arrangements / transactions

: Sale/ Purchase of Materials

(b) Duration of the contracts / arrangements / transactions

: 01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022

(c) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any,

: Sale of Materials

: Rs. 2.30 Lacs Purchase of Material: Rs. 20.79 Lacs (d) Date(s) of approval by the Board : 05-11-2019

(e) Amount paid as advances, if any : Nil

(2) Name(s) of the related party and nature of

relationship

Palakkad.

11-08-2022

: M/s.PAT Financial Consultants Pvt Ltd

(Companies in which Directors are

Interested)

(f) Nature of contracts / arrangements /

transactions

: Inter Corporate Deposit

(g) Duration of the contracts / arrangements /

transactions

: 12 months

(h) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements

or transactions including the value, if any,

: Intercorporate Deposit / Loan upto an amount of ₹ 35,00,00,000/- for a tenure of 12 months at competitive rate

of interest

(i) Date(s) of approval by the Board : 12-11-2021

(j) Amount paid as advances, if any : ₹ 19,75,00,000/-

> For and on behalf of Board of Directors RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

> > Hardik B Patel DIN 00590663

Chairman



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ANNEXURE - E TO THE DIRECTORS REPORT

Details pertaining to the Remuneration as required under Section 197 (12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

SI. No.	Particulars	Name of Directors / KMP	
1.	The ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company excluding Managing Director for the Financial Year.	Mr. G. Krishna Kumar, Managing Director	18.65 : 1
	The percentage increase in remuneration of	Mr. G. Krishna Kumar, Managing Director	6%
2.	each director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year.	Mr. N. N. Parameswaran, Chief Financial Officer & Company Secretary	6%
3.	The percentage Increase / Decrease in the median remuneration of the employees.	No Change	
4.	The number of permanent employees on the rolls of the Company.	136	
			March 31, 2022
	Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of the employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase	Average increase in re- muneration of employ- ees excluding KMP	5.22 %
5.	in the managerial remuneration and justifi- cation thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration.	Average increase in remuneration of KMP	6%

SI. No.	Particulars	Name of Directors / KMP
6.	Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company.	Remuneration paid during the year ended March 31, 2022 is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company.

For and on behalf of Board of Directors RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

> Hardik B Patel DIN 00590663 Chairman

11-08-2022

Palakkad.





We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made there under;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (SCRA) and the Rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) The Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992:
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018;
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue Of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018; and
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- (vi) As informed to us, the following other laws are specifically applicable to the Company:
 - 1. The Factories Act, 1948;
- 2. The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981;
- 3. The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974;
- 4. The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986;
- 5. Battery (Management and Handling) Rules, 2001;
- Hazardous Wastes (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 1989; and
- The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act. 2013.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards relating to Board (SS 1) and General Meetings (SS 2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India;
- (ii) The Listing Agreement entered into by the Company with BSE Limited.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act,

Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, Laws etc. mentioned above except:

- The auditor of the Listed Entity is not peer reviewed as per Regulation 33 (1) (d) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- 2. It was found that the Designated person has traded 340 securities when the trading window is closed which is not in compliance to Regulation 9 (1) Schedule B Clause 4 of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.
- 3. Pursuant to Section 149 (6) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, the details of registration of two Independent Directors with the Data Bank of the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs was not made available for verification.

We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All decisions of the Board were unanimous and the same was captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period there were no instances of:

- (i) Public / Right / issue of debentures / sweat equity etc.
- (ii) Redemption / buy-back of securities.
- (iii) Major decisions taken by the members in pursuance to Section 180 of the Companies Act, 2013
- (iv) Merger / amalgamation / reconstruction, etc.
- (v) Foreign technical collaborations.

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as 'Annexure A' and forms an integral part of this Report.

For SVJS & Associates Company Secretaries

Vincent P. D.

Managing Partner FCS: 3067 CP No: 7940

Peer Review Certificate No.648 /2019

UDIN: F003067D000778842

Kochi

11.08.2022

'Annexure A'

To The Members **Rubfila International Limited** New Industrial Development area, Menon Para Road, Kanjikode Palakkad, Kerala - 678621

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of the Secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility as Secretarial Auditors is to express an opinion on these records, based on our audit.
- 2. During the audit, we have followed the practices and process as were appropriate, to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. We believe that the process and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our
- 3. The correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company have not been verified.
- 4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the Compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards etc. is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of the procedures and compliances on test basis.
- 6. While forming an opinion on compliance and issuing the Secretarial Audit Report, we have also taken into consideration the compliance related actions taken by the Company after 31st March 2022 but before issue of the Report.
- 7. We have considered actions carried out by the Company based on independent legal/ professional opinion as being in compliance with law, wherever there was scope for multiple interpretations.

For SVIS & Associates Company Secretaries

Vincent P. D.

Kochi 11.08.2022 UDIN: F003067D000778842 Peer Review Certificate No.648 /2019 Managing Partner FCS: 3067 CP No: 7940

Secretarial

Form No. MR-3

Audit Report

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31.03.2022

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To The Members Premier Tissues (India) Limited No 41, 1st Floor, Leelavathi Mansion 6th Cross, Margosa Main Road Malleswaram, Bangalore, Karnataka - 560 003.

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Premier Tissues (India) Limited [CIN: U85110KA1998PLC023512] (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts / statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, the explanations and clarifications given to us and the representations made by the Management and considering the relaxations granted by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs warranted due to the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022 according to the provisions of:



- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made there under;
- (ii) As informed to us, the following other laws are specifically applicable to the Company:
 - 1. The Factories Act, 1948;
 - 2. The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981;
 - 3. The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974;
 - 4. The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986;
 - 5. Battery (Management and Handling) Rules, 2001;
 - 6. Hazardous Wastes (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules,
 - The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act. 2013.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

(i) Secretarial Standards relating to Board (SS 1) and General Meetings (SS 2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India;

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

In respect of other laws specifically applicable to the Company we have relied on information / records produced by the Company during the course of our audit and the reporting is limited to that extent.

We further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All decisions of the Board were unanimous and the same was captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period there were no instances of:

- (i) Public / Preferential issue of shares/ Right / issue of debentures / sweat equity etc.
- (ii) Redemption / buy-back of securities.
- (iii) Major decisions taken by the members in pursuance to Section 180 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (iv) Merger / amalgamation / reconstruction, etc.
- (v) Foreign technical collaborations.

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as 'Annexure A' and forms an integral part of this Report.

For SVJS & Associates Company Secretaries

Sd/-

 Bangalore
 Partner

 11.08.2022
 FCS: 8152

 UDIN: F008152D000780737
 CP No: 9011

'Annexure A'

To
The Members
Premier Tissues (India) Limited
No 41, 1st Floor, Leelavathi Mansion
6th Cross, Margosa Main Road
Malleswaram, Bangalore
Karnataka – 560 003

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of the Secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility as Secretarial Auditors is to express an opinion on these records, based on our audit.
- 2. During the audit, we have followed the practices and process as were appropriate, to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. We believe that the process and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our report.
- 3. The correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company have not been verified.
- 4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the Compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards etc. is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of the procedures and compliances on test basis.
- 6. While forming an opinion on compliance and issuing the Secretarial Audit Report, we have also taken into consideration the compliance related actions taken by the Company after 31st March 2022 but before issue of the Report.
- 7. We have considered actions carried out by the Company based on independent legal/ professional opinion as being in compliance with law, wherever there was scope for multiple interpretations.

For SVJS & Associates Company Secretaries

Sd/-

Lekha Ashok Partner FCS: 8152 CP No: 9011

Bangalore 11.08.2022 UDIN: F008152D000780737



29th Annual Report 2021-22

Certificate of Non-Disqualification of Directors

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To

The Members

Rubfila International Limited

New Industrial Development area, Menon Para Road, Kanjikode Palakkad, Kerala - 678621

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of Rubfila International Limited [CIN: L25199KL1993PLC007018] and having its registered office at New Industrial Development Area, Menon Para Road, Kanjikode, Palakkad, Kerala - 678621 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.



In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company and its officers, the representations made by the Management and considering the relaxations granted by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and Securities and Exchange Board of India warranted due to the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic, we hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on 31st March, 2022 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority.

SI. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Date of appointment in Company
1	SHAUKAT HASANALI MERCHANT	00075865	15/09/2017
2	DURAISWAMY GUNASEELA RAJAN	00303060	26/06/2020
3	HARDIK BHARAT PATEL	00590663	25/05/2021
4	BHARAT JAMNADAS DATTANI	00608198	08/09/2005
5	PATRICK MICHAEL DAVENPORT*	00962475	26/09/2015
6	DHIREN SHAH SHEVANTILAL	01149436	28/01/2009
7	GOPINATHAN PILLAI KRISHNA KUMAR	01450683	27/10/2007
8	CHITRA RAMAKRISHNAN*	01560585	13/02/2015
9	SAMIR KIRITKUAMR SHAH	01714717	26/09/2015

^{*}The details of registration of Independent Directors with the data bank of the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs were not made available for verification.

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For SVJS & Associates Company Secretaries

Vincent P. D.

Managing Partner FCS: 3067 CP No: 7940

Kochi 11.08.2022 UDIN: F003067D000778842 Peer Review Certificate No.648 /2019

Report on Corporate Governance

1. COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CODE OF GOVERNANCE

Corporate governance is the combination of rules, processes or laws by which businesses are operated, regulated or controlled. The term encompasses the internal and external factors that affect the interests of a company's stakeholders, including shareholders, customers, suppliers, government regulators and management.

Your Directors present the Company's Report on Corporate Governance for the year ended March 31, 2022 in terms of regulations 34 (3) read with Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('The Listing Regulations'') as amended from time to time.

2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(a) Composition of the Board and category of Directors

As on 31st March, 2022, the Company's Board consists of nine Directors having considerable professional experience in their respective fields. The Board has been constituted as per SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015 and Companies Act, 2013. The Board functions either as a full Board or through various committees constituted to oversee specific areas. Policy formulation, setting up of goals, evaluation of performance and control functions vest with the Board. The composition and category of the directors along with their attendance of Board meetings and shareholdings in the Company as on 31st March, 2022 are given below:



Name	Category of Directors	No. and percentage of shares held as on 31st March, 2022	No. of Outside Director- ships held in Indian Public Limited Com- panies	mittee held ir Stakel Relati	tside Com- positions a Audit / nolders onship nittees	Directorship in other listed entity
Mr. Hardik B Patel (DIN 00590663)	Chairman Non-Executive Non-Independent (Promoter)	4224096 7.78%	1	1	Nil	Digjam Ltd
Mr. G. Krishna Kumar (DIN 01450683)	Managing Director Executive	58571 0.11%	Nil	Nil	Nil	-
Mr. Bharat J. Dattani (DIN 00608198)	Non-Executive Non- Independent	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	-
Mr. Dhiren S Shah (DIN 01149436)	Non-Executive Non- Independent	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	-
Mr. Samir K Shah (DIN 01714717)	Non-Executive & Independent	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	-
Mr. Patrick M Davenport (DIN 00962475)	Non-Executive & Independent	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	-
Mrs. R. Chitra (DIN 01560585)	Non-Executive & Independent	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	-
Mr. S. H. Merchant (DIN 00075865)	Non-Executive & Independent	13000 0.02%	Nil	Nil	Nil	-
Mr. D.G. Rajan (DIN 00303060)	Non-Executive & Independent	15900 0.03%	4	1	4	Balaji Telefilms Ltd Digjam Ltd IFGL Refractories Ltd Lotte India Corporation Ltd

The Board evaluates the Company's strategic direction, management policies, performance objectives and effectiveness of Corporate Governance practices.

Further the Board fulfills the key functions as prescribed under Schedule V of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 being part of the new Listing Agreement.

The directorships held by the Directors as mentioned above do not include Alternate Directorships and Directorships in Private Limited Companies, Foreign Companies and Companies registered under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013.

As per the declarations received from the Directors, none of the Directors is disqualified under Section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013.

In accordance with Regulation 26 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, Memberships/ Chairmanships of only Audit Committees and Stakeholder Relationship Committees in all public limited companies (excluding Rubfila International Limited) have been included.

As required under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015:

- None of the directors of the Company were members in more than ten committees or act as chairperson of more than five committees across all listed entities in which he is a director
- None of the Independent Directors of the Company held directorships in more than seven listed companies

The Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant Rules made thereunder, facilitates the participation of the Director in the Board/ Committee meetings through video conferencing or other audio mode. However, none of the Directors have availed such a facility during the period under review.

The Senior Management team has confirmed to the Board of Directors that no material and commercial transactions have been entered into between the Company and members of Senior Management team, where they have personal interest.

a) Board Meetings:

The Board of Directors meets normally once in a quarter to consider among other business, the quarterly performance of the Company and financial results. 5 (Five) Board Meetings were held during the Financial Year 2021-22 on 25/05/2021, 21/06/2021, 27/07/2021, 12/11/2021, 11/02/2022. The attendances of the members of the Board in the aforementioned meetings are as follows:

Name of Discourse	Attendance of Directors					
Name of Director	25.05.2021	21.06.2021	27.07.2021	12.11.2021	11.02.2022	
Mr. Hardik B Patel	x	√	V	√	√	
Mr. G. Krishna Kumar	√	√	V	√	√	
Mr. Bharat J Dattani	√	√	V	√	√	
Mr. Dhiren S Shah	√	√	V	√	√	
Mr. Samir K Shah	√	V	V	√	√	
Mr. Patrick M Davenport	√	√	V	√	Х	

Name of Discretes	Attendance of Directors					
Name of Director	25.05.2021	21.06.2021	27.07.2021	12.11.2021	11.02.2022	
Mrs. R. Chitra	V	V	V	V	√	
Mr. S. H. Merchant	V	√	√	√	√	
Mr. D. G. Rajan	V	√	√	√	V	

The meetings of the Board of directors and committees were conducted in the manner as specified in SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Companies Act, 2013. The maximum interval between any two meetings was not more than 120 days. The Board agenda with proper explanatory notes are prepared and circulated well in advance to all the Board members. All statutory and other matters of significant importance including information as mentioned in Part A of Schedule II to the Listing Regulations are tabled before the Board, to enable it to discharge its responsibility of strategic supervision of the Company. The Board reviews compliances of all laws, rules and regulations on a quarterly basis. At the Board Meeting, members have full freedom to express their opinion, and decisions are taken after detailed deliberations.

b) Performance evaluation of Directors:

The Board of directors have approved and laid down the criteria for performance evaluation of all Directors by the Nomination and Remuneration committee. The performance evaluation has been done by the entire Board of Directors, except the Director concerned being evaluated at the separate meetings of Independent Directors and Non-Independent Directors held on 31.03.2022. The criteria for performance evaluation are as follows:

- To understand the nature and role of Independent Director's position.
- Understand the risks associated with the business.
- Application of knowledge for rendering advice to the Management for resolution of business issues.
- Offer constructive challenge to management strategies and proposals.
- Non-partisan appraisal of issues.
- Give own recommendations professionally without tending to majority or popular views.
- Handling issues as Chairman of Board and other committees.
- Driving any function or initiative based on domain knowledge and experience.
- Level of commitment to roles and fiduciary responsibilities as a Board Member.
- Attendance and active participation.
- Ability to think proactive, strategic and laterally.

b1) Chart setting out the skills/expertise/competence of Board of Director

The Board of Directors along with Nomination & Remuneration Committee (NRC), identifies the right candidate with right qualities, skills and practical expertise/ competencies required for the effective functioning of individual member to possess and also the Board as a whole. The Committee focuses on the qualification and expertise of the person, the

positive attributes, standard of integrity, ethical behavior, independent judgement of the person in selecting a new Board member. In addition to the above, in case of independent directors, the Committee shall satisfy itself with regard to the independence of the directors to enable the Board to discharge its functions and duties effectively.

- a. Finance & Accounting Competence.
- b. Leadership quality in running large enterprise.
- c. Understanding use of latest technology in Rubber Thread.
- d. Expertise in understanding of changing regulatory framework.
- e. Exposure in setting the Business Strategies.

List of core skills/expertise/competencies identified by the Board of Directors as required in the context of its business(es) and sector(s) for it to function effectively and those actually available with the Board and the names of directors who have such skills / expertise / competence:

SI. No.	Name	Special Knowledge / Practical Experience
1	Mr. Hardik B Patel (DIN 00590663)	Finance / Economics /Governance / Compliance
2	Mr. G Krishna Kumar (DIN 01450683)	Projects / Technology / Operations/ Management
3	Mr. Bharat J Dattani (DIN 00608198)	Finance / Economics /Governance / Compliance
4	Mr. Dhiren S Shah (DIN 01149436)	Finance / Economics /Governance / Compliance
5	Mr. D.G. Rajan (DIN 00303060)	Finance / Economics /Governance / Compliance
6	Mr. Patrick M Davenport (DIN 00962475)	Finance / Economics /Governance / Compliance
7	Mrs. R. Chitra (DIN 01560585)	Economics /Governance / Social Work
8	Mr. S. H. Merchant (DIN 00075865)	Legal / Economics /Governance / Compliance
9	Mr. Samir K Shah (DIN 01714717)	Finance / Economics /Governance / Compliance

c) Code of Conduct:

The Board has laid down a Code of Conduct for all Board members and senior management which is posted on the website of the Company. The independent directors are suitably made aware of their duties and responsibilities and their performance is evaluated by the entire Board apart from the director who is subject to evaluation. All Board members have affirmed the compliance with the Code of Conduct. Code of conduct of Board of Directors and Senior Management Personnel are available in Company's website: www.rubfila.com/investors.

d) Appointment and Meeting of Independent Directors:

The Company has five independent directors. The Company has received declarations from the Independent Directors of the Company confirming that they meet with the criteria of independence as prescribed both under sub-section (6) of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The Company has conducted familiarization programme for its independent directors to make them aware of the nature of the industry and their roles, rights, responsibilities in the Company. The details of familiarization programme and the terms of appointment of independent directors are available on the Company's website: www.rubfila.com/investors.

During the year under review, the Independent Directors meeting was held on 23-03-2022 has:

- a) Reviewed the performance of non-independent directors and the Board as a whole.
- b) Reviewed the performance of the Chairperson of the Company, taking into account the views of the executive and non executive directors.
- c) Assessed the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the Company management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

e) Qualified and Independent Audit Committee:

The Audit Committee at the Board level of your Company acts as a link between the Independent Auditors, Internal Auditors, the Management and the Board of Directors and oversees the financial reporting process. The Audit committee interacts with the Internal Auditors, Independent Auditors, Secretarial Auditors and Cost Auditors and reviews and recommends their appointment and remuneration. The Audit Committee is provided with all necessary assistance and information for enabling them to carry out its function effectively.

3. COMMITTEES OF BOARD

a) Audit Committee:

Audit Committee comprises of 4 Directors viz; Mr. D.G. Rajan as Chairman, Mr. Patrick M. Davenport Mr. Dhiren S. Shah and Mr. Samir K. Shah.

All members of the Audit Committee have accounting and financial management expertise. 5 Audit Committee Meetings were held during the period under review viz., 25/05/2021, 21/06/2021, 27/07/2021, 12/11/2021 and 11/02/2022. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Audit Committee. The attendances of the members of the Committee in the aforementioned meetings are as follows:

Name of Director	Mr. D. G. Rajan	Mr. Patrick M. Davenport	Mr. Dhiren S. Shah	Mr. Samir K. Shah
No. of Meetings attended	5	4	5	5

Name of Discrete	Attendance of Directors					
Name of Director	25.05.2021	21.06.2021	27.07.2021	12.11.2021	11.02.2022	
Mr. D. G. Rajan	√	√	√	V	√	
Mr. Patrick M. Davenport	√	√	√	V	х	
Mr. Dhiren S. Shah	√	√	√	V	√	
Mr. Samir K. Shah	√	√	√	V	√	

Terms of reference of Audit Committee

- 1. The following are the terms of reference of the Audit Committee:
 - Oversight of the listed entity's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible:
 - (ii) Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of our Company based on the order of Comptroller & Auditor General of India;
 - (iii) Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors;
 - (iv) Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
 - (a) Matters required to be included in the director's responsibility statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013;
 - (b) Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
 - (c) Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
 - (d) Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
 - (e) Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
 - (f) Disclosure of any related party transactions;
 - (g) Modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report;
 - (v) Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval;
- (vi) Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency, monitoring the utilisation of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter;
- (vii) Reviewing and monitoring the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;

- (viii) Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of our Company with related parties;
- (ix) Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- (x) Valuation of undertakings or assets of our Company, wherever it is necessary;
- (xi) Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- (xii) Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;
- (xiii) Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- (xiv) Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on;
- (xv) Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board;
- (xvi) Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- (xvii) To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
- (xviii) To review the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism;
- (xix) Approval of appointment of chief financial officer after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;
- (xx) Review the following information:
 - (a) Management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
 - (b) Statement of significant related party transactions (as defined by the audit committee), submitted by management;
 - (c) Management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
 - (d) Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses; and
 - (e) The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the chief internal auditor shall be subject to review by the audit committee;
 - (f) Statement of deviations:
 - Quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to stock exchange(s) in terms of regulation 32(1) of the SEBI Listing Regulations;
 - (ii) Annual statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/ prospectus/ notice in terms of regulation 32(7) of the SEBI Listing Regulations;
- (xxi) To review the follow up action on the audit observations of the C&AG audit;
- (xxii) Recommend the appointment, removal and fixing of remuneration of Cost Auditors and Secretarial Auditors; and



(xxiii) Carrying out any other function as specified by the Board from time to time.

Where the Board has not accepted any recommendation of any Committee of the Board which is mandatorily required, in the relevant Financial Year: Not Applicable.

b) Stakeholders Relationship Committee

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee oversees the redressal of Security holder's complaints relating to share transfers / transmission, non-receipt of Annual Reports, non receipt of declared dividend etc.

The Committee comprises of Mr. Patrick M Davenport as Chairman and Mr. Samir K. Shah, and Mr. Dhiren S. Shah as members. Mr. N. N. Parameswaran, being Company Secretary & Compliance Officer acts as Secretary to the Committee to discharge the function of the Committee

During the year, the committee met on 4 times viz; 25/05/2021, 27/07/2021, 12/11/2021 and 11/02/2022. Attendance of Stakeholder's Relationship Committee meetings is as below:

Name of Director	Mr. Patrick M. Davenport	Mr. Dhiren S. Shah	Mr. Samir K. Shah
No. of Meetings attended	3	4	4

Name of Discrete		Attendance of Directors				
Name of Director	25.05.2021	27.07.2021	12.11.2021	11.02.2022		
Mr. Patrick M. Davenport	√	V	V	X		
Mr. Dhiren S. Shah	√	V	√	√		
Mr. Samir K. Shah	√	V	V	V		

Composition of the Committee is available on Company's website: www.rubfila.com/investors.

REDRESSAL OF INVESTOR GRIEVANCES THROUGH SEBI COMPLAINTS REDRESSAL SYSTEM (SCORES)

SCORES stands for SEBI Complaints and Redress System. It is a centralized web based grievance redressal system launched by SEBI (http://scores.gov.in). SCORES provide a platform for aggrieved investors, whose grievances, pertaining to securities market, remain unresolved by the concerned listed company or registered intermediary after a direct approach. All the activities starting from lodging of a complaint till its closure by SEBI would be handled in an automated environment and the complainant can view the status of his complaint online.

An investor, who is not familiar with SCORES or does not have access to SCORES, can lodge complaints in physical form at any of the offices of SEBI. Such complaints would be scanned and also uploaded in SCORES for processing.

Pursuant to Regulation 13(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the status of investor complaints received and redressed during the financial year 2021-22 as follows:

SI. No.	Particulars	No. of complaints
1.	Number of Investor complaints pending at the beginning of the year	Nil
2.	Number of Investor complaints received during the year	2
3.	Number of Investor complaints redressed during the year	2
4.	Number of Investor complaints remaining unresolved at the end of the year	Nil

c) Corporate Social Responsibility Committee (CSR Committee)

In compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has constituted the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee. The Committee evaluates and recommend the CSR proposal to the Board for approval.

The CSR Committee comprises of Mr. Bharat J. Dattani (DIN 00608198) as the Chairman and Mr. G. Krishna Kumar (DIN 01450683), Mr. Patrick M Davenport (DIN 00962475) Directors as members. The Company Secretary acts as a Secretary to the Committee.

Key Responsibilities of the CSR Committee:

- Formulate, monitor and recommend to the Board CSR Policy and the activities to be undertaken by the Company.
- Recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities undertaken.
- Review the Company's performance in the area of CSR.
- Evaluate the social impact of the Company's CSR activities.
- Review the CSR Report, with the management, before submission to the Board for approval.
- Establish a monitoring mechanism to ensure that the funds contributed by the Company are spent for the intended purpose only.

The CSR policy is available on the Company's website: www.rubfila.com/investors/policies

During the year Committee met four times, viz; 25/05/2021, 27/07/2021, 12/11/2021 and 11/02/2022. Attendance of CSR Committee meetings is as below:

Name of Director	Mr. Bharat J. Dattani	Mr. Patrick M Davenport	Mr. G. Krishna Kumar
No. of Meetings attended	4	3	4

Name of Discrete	Attendance of Directors				
Name of Director	25.05.2021	27.07.2021	12.11.2021	11.02.2022	
Mr. Bharat J. Dattani	V	V	V	V	
Mr. Patrick M Davenport	V	V	V	Х	
Mr. G. Krishna Kumar	V	V	V	V	

d) Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee is in line with new SEBI Listing Regulation and Section 178 of Companies Act, 2013. The Committee comprises of Mr. Patrick M. Davenport as Chairman, Mr. Hardik B Patel and Mr. S. H. Merchant as Members. Company Secretary acts as the Secretary and Compliance Officer to the Committee.

During the period under review the Committee met four times, viz.,25/05/2020, 27/07/2021, 12/11/2021 and 11/02/2022. Attendance of Nomination and Remuneration Committee is as below:

Name of Director	Mr. Patrick M Davenport	Mr. Hardik B Patel	Mr. S. H Merchant
No. of Meetings attended	3	3	4

Name of Discretes	Attendance of Directors				
Name of Director	25.05.2021	27.07.2021	12.11.2021	11.02.2022	
Mr. Patrick M Davenport	V	V	V	Х	
Mr. Hardik B Patel	Х	V	V	V	
Mr. S. H Merchant	V	V	V	V	

Terms of Reference

- (1) formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the board of directors a policy relating to, the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel;
- (2) formulation of criteria for evaluation of performance of independent directors and the board of directors;
- (3) devising a policy on diversity of board of directors;
- (4) identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the board of directors their appointment and removal.
- (5) whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent directors

Criteria for evaluation of the performance of Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors (NEDs and IDs)

The Company has in place a Nomination & Remuneration Policy as per Section 178 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013, which covers the criteria for evaluation of the performance of NEDs and IDs.

As per the Policy, the Board while evaluating the performance of NEDs and IDs shall take into consideration the following criteria:

- (i) Understanding and knowledge of the market in which the Company is operating.
- (ii) Ability to appreciate the working of the Company and the challenges it faces.
- (iii) Attendance of meeting.

- (iv) Extend of participation and involvement in the meetings.
- (v) Ability to convey his views and flexibility to work with others.

Marks may be assigned for each of the above criteria and based on the score achieved, the Board may evaluate the performance of each NED and ID.

Remuneration of Executive / Non-Executive Directors:

Non-Executive Directors are paid sitting fees for attending the meetings of the Board / Committee within the limits as prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013. The sitting fees are fixed from time to time by the Board on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee. These Directors are also reimbursed of any out of pocket expenses incurred by them for the purpose of the Company.

Non- Executive Directors do not have any pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company.

Details of remuneration paid to the Directors are as follows:

₹ in Lakhs

			V III LdKIIS
Name of the Director	Business relationship with the Company	Salary, benefits, bo- nus etc paid during the year 2021-22	Sitting fees (for Board and its committees)
Mr. Hardik B Patel	Chairman	-	1.40
Mr. G. Krishna Kumar	Managing Director	96.25	-
Mr. Bharat J. Dattani	Director	-	1.75
Mr. Dhiren S Shah	Director	-	2.25
Mr. Samir K Shah	Independent Director	-	2.25
Mr. Patrick M Davenport	Independent Director	-	1.80
Mr. D. G. Rajan	Independent Director	-	2.25
Mrs. R. Chitra	Women Director (Independent Director)	-	1.75
Mr. S. H. Merchant	Independent Director	-	1.75

4. GENERAL BODY MEETINGS:

The General Meetings for the last four years were held as follows:

Year	AGM	Venue	Date	Time	No. of Special Resolutions
2017 -18	AGM	R. B. Auditorium Kanjikode	22/09/2018	11.00 a.m.	Nil
2018 -19	AGM	SKM Auditorium, Kanjikode	21/09/2019	11.00 a.m.	Nil
2019-20	AGM	Video Conferencing	10/09/2020	11.00 a.m.	3
2020-21	AGM	Video Conferencing	24/08/2021	11.00 a.m.	2

No postal Ballot was conducted during the last Four years.

There is no immediate proposal for passing any resolution through Postal Ballot. None of the businesses proposed to be transacted at the ensuing Annual General Meeting require passing a resolution through Postal Ballot.

Details of Special resolutions passed in the previous three Annual General meetings and Extra Ordinary General Meetings

Date of General Meeting	Details of Special Resolutions passed
19-04-2017	Alteration of Articles of Association of the Company.
19-04-2017	Issue of Warrants on Preferential Allotment Basis to Promoters and PAC.
28-06-2019	Issue of Warrants on Preferential Allotment Basis to Promoters and PAC
28-02-2020	Approval of Related Party Transactions.
10-09-2020	Issue of Equity Shares on Preferential basis to Promoters
10-09-2020	Appointment of Mr. D. G. Rajan as an Independent Director
10-09-2020	Reappointment of Mr. Samir K Shah as an Independent Director
24-08-2021	Amendment to the Object Clause in Memorandum of Association of the Company
24-08-2021	Approval for giving Intercorporate Loans / Deposits

MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

- a) Quarterly unaudited and annual audited financial results of the Company were published in "Business Line" (English Language National Daily) and "Kerala Kaumudi" (Vernacular Lanquage).
- b) The results were displayed on the website of BSE Limited and also on the Company's website at www.rubfila.com
- The Company issues press releases after quarterly and annual financial results were announced.

5. DISCLOSURES:

a) Related Party Transactions:

All transactions with related parties were in the ordinary course of business and at arm's length. The company has not entered into any transaction of a material nature with any of the related parties which are in conflict with the interest of the company.

The Company has framed a policy on materiality of related party transactions and on dealing with related party transactions. The policy as approved by the Board is uploaded on the Company's website: http://www.rubfila.com/policies.

The details of related party transactions are disclosed in Note No.31 attached to and forming part of the accounts.

b) Vigil Policy (Whistle Blower Policy)

The Board of Directors has adopted a Whistle Blower Policy to enable the Stakeholders (including Directors, employees and their representative bodies) to report concerns about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of Company's Code of Governance and Ethics and also provide for direct access to the Chairman of Audit Committee in exceptional cases. The policy provides adequate safeguard against victimization of directors (s) / employee (s). Your company hereby affirms that no Director / employee have been denied access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee and that no complaints were received during the year. The Vigil Policy has been disclosed on the Company's website www.rubfila.com/investors/policies

c) Policy for determining Material Subsidiaries

The particulars of the subsidiary Company of the Company

SI. No.	Name of Company	CIN	Subsidiary Associate	% of Shares held	Applicable Section
1	Premier Tissues (India) Limited	U85110KA- 1998PLC023512	Subsidiary	100%	2 (87)

The Company has framed a Policy on Material Subsidiaries which is available on the link www.rubfila.com/investors.

The Company monitors the performance of the subsidiary company, inter alia, by the following means.

- Financial Statements of the subsidiary company are reviewed regularly by the Company's Audit Committee and the Board.
- Minutes of the Board Meetings of Unlisted Subsidiary Companies are placed and taken on record by the Board.

As the Company doesn't have any subsidiaries under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015, the requirements for adopting the policy for determining 'material' subsidiaries is not applicable in the case of the Company. Hence we have not shown the web link of the policy in this report.

d) Disclosure of Accounting Treatment

Financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under the Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and the Companies (Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

e) Review of compliance reports pertaining to all laws applicable to the Company

A comprehensive report on the status of compliance with all the applicable laws to the Company is placed before the Board on a quarterly basis for their review and knowledge.

f) Code of Conduct for prohibition of Insider Trading

The Company has in place a Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading for its Desig-



nated Persons, in compliance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015. The Code lays down guidelines, which advise them on procedures to be followed and disclosures to be made, while dealing with the shares of the Company, and cautioning them of the consequences of violations.

The Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider trading is hosted on the website of the Company and can be accessed at: http://www.rubfila.com/investors

g) Details of compliance with mandatory requirements

The Company has complied with all mandatory requirements laid down under the provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

- h) The Company has complied with all applicable requirements of Regulations 17 to 27 of SEBI (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- i) The Company is maintaining a functional website where all material information about the Company is shared. All information as specified in the clause (b) to (i) of sub regulation (2) of Regulation 46 of SEBI (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is available in the Company's website at http://www.rubfila.com/.
- j) Compliance certificate on Corporate Governance provided by the Company Secretary in Practice confirming the compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, is annexed herewith
- k) Details of non-compliance by the Company, penalties, strictures imposed on the Company by Stock Exchange or SEBI, or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years: Nil

6. GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFROMATION:

i) Annual General Meeting Date : 27th September, 2022

ii) Venue of meeting : Video Conferencing (VC) / Other Audio

Visual Means (OAVM)

iii) Time of meeting : 11.00 A.M. iv) Financial Year : 2021 - 22

v) Book closure date : 21st September, 2022 to 27th September,

2022 (both days inclusive)

vi) Dividend recommended for the year : 35%

vii) Dividend Payment date Dividend shall be paid within 30 days of

BSE Limited, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Viii) Listing on stock exchange

> Dalal Street, Mumbai - 400 001 (The listing fees for the financial year 2022-23 were duly paid to BSE Limited

within time)

xi) Stock Code : 500367

x) Market price Data (Face value of Rs.5)

Month	Month's High Price	Month's Low Price
April – 2021	71.00	56.05
May – 2021	93.00	68.95
June – 2021	104.40	78.05
July – 2021	115.00	91.90
August –2021	124.80	96.20
September –2021	119.35	102.05
October – 2021	110.85	97.50
November –2021	107.95	89.00
December – 2021	107.00	92.00
January – 2022	129.00	100
February – 2022	116.00	85.35
March – 2022	96.95	85.20

k) Distribution of shareholding:

SI. No.	Category of shares	No. of Holders	% to Holders	No. of Shares	% to Shares
1	Upto - 500	36077	91.429	3901605	7.190
2	501 - 1000	1734	4.394	1397918	2.576
3	1001 - 2000	784	1.987	1180077	2.175
4	2001 - 3000	253	0.641	644315	1.187
5	3001 - 4000	134	0.340	488874	0.901
6	4001 - 5000	129	0.327	612301	1.128
7	5001 - 10000	163	0.413	1208301	2.227
8	10001 and Above	185	0.469	44834138	82.617
	Total	39459	100.00	54267529	100.00

I) Dematerialization of shares and liquidity:

The company has arranged agreements with National Securities Depositories Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services Limited (CDSL) for Dematerialization of shares through Integrated Registry Management Services Private Limited. The Shareholding Pattern as on 31/03/2021 is as follows:

Category	No. of Shares held	% of Shareholding
Promoters	31026869	57.17
Mutual Funds/ UTI / Fin. Institutions / Banks	Nil	Nil
Bodies Corporate	Nil	Nil
Public Individuals	23240660	42.83
Total	54267529	100.00

The Company has received certificate from a Company Secretary in Practice on a quarterly basis for timely dematerialization of the Company's shares and for reconciliation of the total equity capital with both the depositories and in physical mode with the total paid up capital as per books.

m) Registrar / Transfer Agents / Depository Registrars:

(Share Transfer / Dematerialization and communication regarding Share Certificates and Change of Address)

M/s. Integrated Registry Management Services P Ltd

2nd Floor, "Kences Towers",

1, Ramakrishna St., North Usman Road,

T. Nagar, Chennai – 600 017

Tel : (044) 28140801 – 03

Fax : (044) 28142479

E-mail : kalyan@integrated.in

n) Share Transfer System:

The Company has appointed M/s. Integrated Registry Management Services Private Limited as its Share Transfer Agents and the share transfer/ transmission, dividend payments and all other investor related matters are attended to and processed at the office of the share transfer agents of the Company. The share transfer agents after processing the requests of investors, put up the same to the Stakeholder relationship committee of the Board of the Company for its information and confirmation.

o) Auditors' Remuneration

The total fees for all services paid by Company and its subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, to the statutory auditors and all entities in the network firm/ network entity of which the statutory auditor is a part of are as follows:

	₹ in Lakhs
Payment to Statutory Auditors	4.00
Payment to all the entities in the Statutory Auditors network firms	-
Total	4.00

p) Certificate of Non-disqualification of Directors

A certificate from a company secretary in practice that none of the directors on the board of the company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing

as directors of companies by the Board/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority is annexed herewith

q) Utilization of funds raised through preferential allotment

Funds raised through preferential allotment of convertible warrants are utilized for general business operations/projects.

r) UNCLAIMED/ UNPAID DIVIDENDS

The company has so far declared dividends and issued warrants to the shareholders as below:

Year	% of share Paid up value
2012 - 2013	12
2013 - 2014	12
2014 - 2015	15
2015 - 2016	10
2016 - 2017	15
2017 - 2018	20
2018 - 2019	20
2019 - 2020	24
2020 - 2021	26

Members wishing to claim unclaimed dividends are requested to correspond with the Company Secretary of the Company, at the registered office. Members are requested to note that dividends which are not claimed within seven years from the date of transfer to the Company's Unpaid Dividend Account, will, as per the provisions of Section 124 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder, be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund. Further, pursuant to the provisions of section 124 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016, as amended ('IEPF Rules'), all the shares on which dividend remain unpaid / unclaimed for a period of seven consecutive years or more shall be transferred to the demat account of the IEPF Authority as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs. The Company has uploaded the details of unpaid and unclaimed amounts on the website of the Company (www.rubfila.com). Shareholders who have not encashed their dividend warrants for any of the years 2014-15 to 2020-2021 are requested to get the warrants revalidated by the Bank, since the outstanding dividend will be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund.

s) Disclosure of commodity price risks and commodity hedging activities:

The Company follows prudent Board approved Risk Management Policy for minimizing threats or losses, and identifying and maximizing opportunities and thereby to ensure sustainable business growth with stability and to promote a pro-active approach in reporting, evaluating and resolving risks associated with the business. Please refer the Management Discussion and Analysis forming part of this Annual Report.

t) There were no outstanding GDR/ADR/warrants or any convertible instruments as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022.

u) Plant Locations:

i) RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LTD NIDA, Kanjikode, Palakkad, Kerala - 678 621

ii) RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LTD 371/3, Swaminathapuram, Palani Main Road, Madathukulam (po), Palani Taluk, Dindigul District, Tamil Nadu - 642 113

v) Any query on Annual Report may please be forwarded to :

The Secretarial Department RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LTD NIDA, Kanjikode,

Palakkad, Kerala - 678 621 Tel: (0491) 2567261 - 05 Fax : (0491) 2567260 E-mail: info@rubfila.com

w) Bank Details

Members holding shares in physical form are requested to notify the following to the Registrar & Transfer Agents: particulars of their bank account - name of the bank, branch with complete postal address, account number, MICR and IFSC to facilitate electronic payment. Members holding shares in Dematerialized form and not opted for remittance of dividend through NECS are requested to notify the above details to their respective Depository Participants (DPs).

7. CODE OF CONDUCT AND CEO/CFO CERTIFICATION

The Board has adopted a code of conduct for all Board members and senior management of the company. The term senior management means personnel of the company who are members of its core management team excluding Board of Directors. Normally this would comprise all members of management one level below the executive directors, including all functional heads.

The code has been circulated to all members of the Board and senior management and the compliance of the same has been affirmed by them.

Mr. G. Krishna Kumar, Managing Director and Mr. N. N. Parameswaran, CFO of the Company have certified to the Board that:

- (a) They have reviewed the Financial Statements and the Cash Flow statement for the year and that to the best of their knowledge and belief:
 - i. these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any mate-

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- rial facts or contain statements that might be misleading; and
- ii. these statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations
- (b) There are, to the best of their knowledge and belief no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's code of conduct.
- (c) They accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that they have evaluated the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the company pertaining to the financial report and they have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls, if any, of which they are aware and the steps they have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- (d) They have indicated to the auditors and the Audit Committee:
 - i) significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - ii) Significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
 - iii) instances of significant fraud of which they have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or any employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

We hereby declare that:

"The company has obtained from all the members of the Board and senior management, affirmation that they have complied with the code of conduct for directors and senior management in respect of the financial year 2021-22 in terms of Regulation 26(3) read with Schedule V of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015"

G. Krishna Kumar Managing Director N. N. Parameswaran

CFO

CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To the members of

RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

- We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LIMITED for the year ended 31st March, 2022 as stipulated in Regulation 17 to 27 and clause (b) to (i) of Regulation 46 (2), Schedule V and Schedule II of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management. Our examination has been limited to a review of the procedures and implementation thereof adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated above. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.
- 3. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on the representations made by the Directors and the management and considering the relaxations granted by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and Securities and Exchange Board of India warranted due to the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 for the year ended March 31, 2022.
- 4. We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For SVJS & Associates Company Secretaries

Vincent P. D.

Managing Partner FCS: 3067 CP No: 7940

Kochi 11.08.2022 UDIN: F003067D000778831 Peer Review Certificate No.648 /2019

Management Discussion and Analysis of Operations



The global economy was on its path to recovery in 2021-22 after the first two waves of Covid though it was accompanied by strong inflationary trends across the board. Governments resorted to financial as well other means of support to pop up the economy and this along with making vaccines available to a large section of adult population made the recovery better than expected. In the grim pandemic scenario, during and after the lockdown, Rubfila responded with agility to face and overcome the headwinds, which was reflected in the company achieving the highest sales turnover and profits in its history. It also added two new lines of production during the year with the total installed capacity reaching 25000 MT per year. The company envisions to be a leading player in the world in the rubber thread industry which it is confident of achieving.

In the year under review, Rubfila posted a sales of Rs. 41665.32 lakhs with a net profit of Rs. 4304.15 lakhs. The consolidated sales combining the figures of Premier Tissues was Rs. 47,674.57 lakhs and a net profit of Rs. 4,464.35 lakhs.

A) INDUSTRY STRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENT:

Market Scenario:

The year under review started with grim prospects with India as well as many countries facing an onslaught of the third wave of Covid 19. Though the governments at the centre and in the states came out with steps to support the industries, many companies struggled to survive and Rubfila was not an exception with disruption in operations in the first quarter. Supply chains were disrupted very badly across all the industries with price inflations happening in raw materials. But even in such a scenario, Rubfila managed to overcome the hurdles and then went on to perform better in the subsequent quarters of the year.

After the initial hiccup, demand for the product picked up in the domestic and international markets. The growth in the domestic market also helped and sales grew up by 46.91%. The seeding done in the past one year in various international markets also fructified with the exports sales growing up by 88.83% and many new customers were added to the roster of the company. Exports sales touched Rs. 8,554.85 Lakhs in 2021-22 as against Rs. 4,530.55 Lakhs in previous year despite the headwinds in the business environment.

Another aftermath of the Covid was the widespread shortage of containers for shipping and the subsequent increase in the freight charges. Freight to all the countries more than doubled and availability also became a major constraint in meeting despatch schedules. Rubfila also faced constraints in these fronts and had to compromise on margins due to this, but managed the crisis by leveraging the knowledge and expertise in handling logistics for the past many years.

OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS:

Opportunities for the Company are:

- 1. There are many countries where Rubfila is not present now and this offers opportunity to grow.
- 2. Reputed Brand image and position built in the international market.
- 3. Increased capacity and capability to execute order with shorter lead time

Threats:

- 1. Cheaper imports with lower customs duty tariff.
- 2. Consumption decline in China due to Pandemic issues, forcing South East Asian manufacturers to dump products at low prices.

- 3. Volatile climate situation leading to concerns in availability and pricing of Latex
- 4. Prospective new players in the market can lead to price war and decline in margins.

Premier Tissues India Ltd (Wholly-owned Subsidiary):

As Covid spread across the world, schools were closed and offices moved to the work-from-home mode and this led to a decline in the consumption of paper. Over a period of time, this had a major impact in the availability of waste paper, a raw material for the paper industry. The result was an unprecedented hike in the prices of waste paper and subsequently that of paper. India used to be a major destination for waste paper from around the world, but with shortage looming around, Europe banned the export of waste paper further limiting the strained supply chain. All these led to paper prices more than doubling over the year and availability of waste paper became a major concern for the paper industry.

Tissue market in India consists of a large number of unorganised players compared to only a few organised players having presence across the country. These smaller players operate with low overheads helping them to sell at very low prices. This acts as a major constraint for the organised players to pass on the increase in costs to the trade or consumer. Premier suffered badly on account of this and ended the year with a lower profit compared to the previous year. At the same time, company's efforts in widening the sales network has started yielding results with increase in the sales at Rs.6010.25 lakhs. Profits were lower at Rs. 161.19 lakhs compared to Rs. 317.72 lakhs in the previous year.

OUTLOOK:

Rubfila International Ltd

Rubfila had grown steadily over the past decade after coming out of a series of crises to reach its current position of stability and strength. Though the past two years had been challenging due to the pandemic, the company demonstrated its capabilities by achieving the highest sales turnover and profits in the history. It aims to keep the going steady and strengthen its position in the Indian and international markets in the coming years.

The company has been clocking higher sales year after year and targets further growth in the current year, irrespective of some adverse market situations. During the year 2021-22, two new production lines were commissioned adding up the total installed capacity of the company to 25000 MT per annum. This is the largest capacity in India and gives Rubfila a formidable position in the international market too.

Marketing efforts to woo new customers in different countries are showing results and the company is expected to garner a higher share of the international market soon by utilising the higher capacity of production. The depreciation of the Indian Rupee against US dollar could be of help to be more competitive, though on the other side, this can cause inflationary trends across the board leading to price increases in all major raw materials like chemicals, packaging materials etc.

The pricing of latex is a perpetual issue faced by the industry with the international prices ruling at lower levels than the Indian prices for most part of a year. Customs duty on natural latex is very high at 70% making it impossible for the industry to take advantage of the low international prices. In addition, the industry is further injured with rubber threads being allowed to be imported at a low customs duty tariff of 5% under the Free Trade Agreements with Malaysia and Thailand. The growth of spandex as an alternate material is another threat the industry faces and some growth in the elastic tape market is garnered by spandex. These factors perennially pressure the Indian rubber thread prices and margins.

The current financial year has started on a crisis with the cotton prices shooting up dispropor-

tionately straining the customer industry. Availability of cotton has come down and many customers were forced to either shut or scale down operations leading to lower intake of rubber threads in the market. The international market is also facing headwinds due to cotton prices and availability and the first three quarters of the year could witness a slowdown in consumption. This is expected to have an adverse effect in the performance of the industry this year.

Premier Tissues India Ltd

For the tissue paper industry, one outcome from the pandemic was that the awareness of hygiene has gone up and the prospects of the consumption growing looks certain. Premier plans to tap into this growth helping the company to register higher sales.

Premier has a strong presence in the southern market whereas it is moderate in presence in the western market and weak in the north and east markets. Efforts in filling these gaps in the markets is gaining momentum with the appointment of more sales personnel and distributors. The strong equity of the brand coupled with the widened sales network is expected to bring in better sales in the coming years.

The industry continues to have a large number of unorganised players who are flexible with the quality and price of the product indirectly affecting the pricing power of the organised companies in the market.

Prices of paper, waste paper and packaging materials are expected to soften from the second half of the year and this should help the company to have a better control on its costs. Together, the company projects to register a better performance this year as compared to the last year.

B) INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM AND THEIR ADEQUACY:

The Company has proper and adequate internal control systems to ensure that all assets are safeguarded and protected against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and those transactions are authorized, recorded and reported correctly.

C) FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL PEFORMANCE:

Please refer Board Report on performance review.

D) MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS IN HUMAN RESOURCES /INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS FRONT:

It is people who make or break an organisation. One of the biggest strengths of Rubfila is its manpower which manages various levels of functions from management to the shop floor operations. The team is committed and dedicated which is reflected in the performance of the company.

The employee – employer relationship at Rubfila continues to be cordial. It believes in the power of people and trains each individual so as to develop the person into a better performer. The company is keen on identifying talent and nurturing it to take on higher responsibilities and development of manpower is considered to be a key objective of the management.

E) RISK MANAGEMENT

The company has set up a robust risk management framework to identify, monitor and minimize risk and also to identify business opportunities. The Audit Committee also functions as the Risk Management Committee. The Committee assist the Board in its oversight of various risks, analyse risk exposure related to specific issues and review the risk profile.



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Independent Auditors' Report

To the members of Rubfila International Limited Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Rubfila International Limited (the 'Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the standalone statement of changes in equity and the standalone cash flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements ("the financial statements") give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2022, and its profit (including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143 (10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Standalone financial statements.

Emphasis of matter

We draw attention to note 18 to the accompanying standalone financial statements, where the company has provided for contingencies to the extent of Rs, 180 Lakhs during the year and



total accumulated provision of Rs.854 Lakhs as at 31 March 2022 towards liability for uncertainties in the business, regulatory and legal environment, unascertainable on the date of this report. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Information other than the financial statements and auditor's report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Report on Corporate Governance, Director's Report, etc., but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and those charged with governance for the standalone financial statements

The accompanying standalone financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the standalone financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and

are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, specified under Section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act,
 we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate
 internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements in place and the
 operating effectiveness of such controls;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern:
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation;

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

As required by Section 197(16) of the Act based on our audit, we report that the Company has paid remuneration to its directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and

limits laid down under Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

Further to our comments in Annexure A, as required by Section 143(3) of the Act based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the accompanying standalone financial statements;
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- c) The standalone financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act;
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as on 31 March 2022 and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure B wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion; and
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. the Company, has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position as at 31 March 2022 in the standalone financial statements;
 - ii. the Company, has made provision as at 31 March 2022, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts;
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2022;

iv

- a. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries:
- b. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), includ-

ing foreign entities ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

- c. Based on such audit procedures performed as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2022 which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.

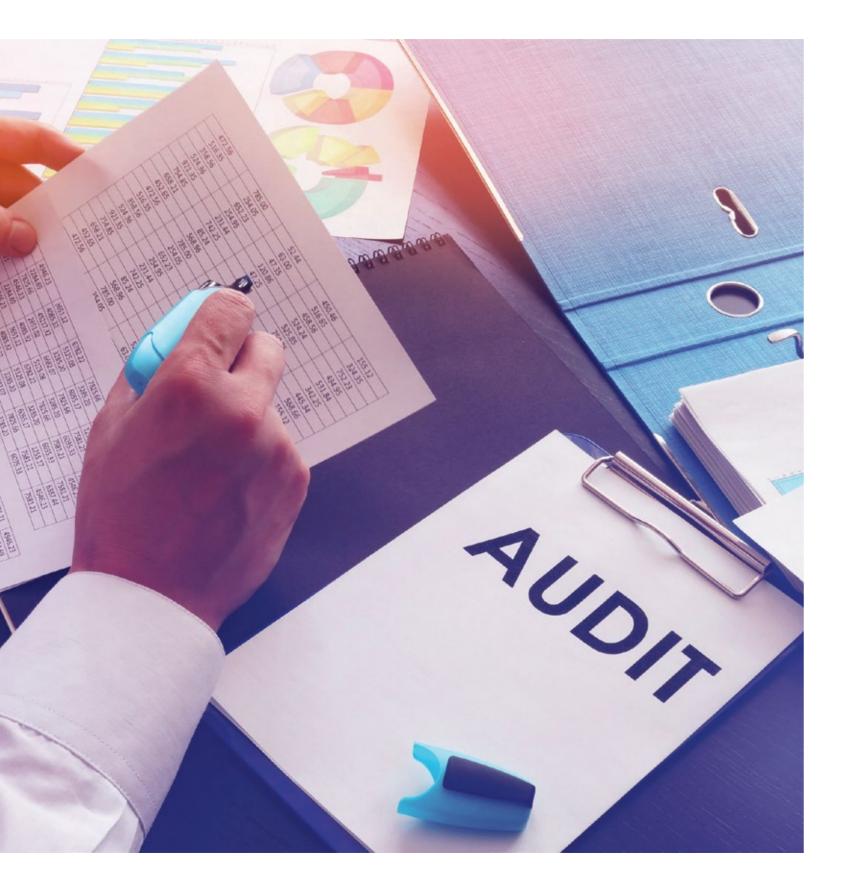
Trivandrum 19 May 2022

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 18 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Rubfila International Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- i a A The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of its property, plant and equipment and investment property.
 - B The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - b The Company has a regular program of physical verification of its property, plant and equipment (PPE) and investment property under which the assets are physically verified in a phased manner over a period of three years, which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. In accordance with this program, certain property, plant and equipment, right of use assets and investment property were verified during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - c The title deeds of all the immovable properties classified as PPE including investment properties held by the Company (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) are held in the name of the Company except for the one mentioned in note no 2.1

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Description of property	Gross carrying value	Held in name of	Whether promoter, director or their relative or employee	Period held - indicate range, where appropriate	Reason for not being held in name of company*
Property in Udumelpet	₹8.47 Lakhs	M/s.Sri Amaravati Venkatesa Paper and Boards Ltd	No	2018-2019	Title deed not issued due to unsettled liabilities of the previous owner.

The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment or intangible assets during the year.

- e No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ii a The management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year. In our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate and no discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed.
 - b The Company has no working capital loans sanctioned by banks hence the requirement of quarterly statements, are not applicable.
- iii a The Company has provided inter corporate loans to the following companies during the year.

Nature of the company	Loans Granted ₹	Balance outstanding ₹
Unrelated company	350 Lakhs	Nil
Related company not being a subsidiary. Associate or a joint venture	1,975 lakhs	1975 Lakhs
Interest accrued on above		15.10 Lakhs

Other than this the company has not made any investments nor provide any guarantee or security during the year.

- b In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us the loans given and terms and conditions of the grant of loans (including in earlier years) are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
- c In respect of loans granted by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and the payment of the interest has been stipulated and the repayment/ receipt of principal and interest are regular.
- d There is no overdue amount in respect of loan granted to such companies.
- e No loans granted by the company has fallen due during the year.

- f The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, which are repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- iv In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and security, as applicable.
- v In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or there is no amount which has been considered as deemed deposit within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company
- The Central Government has specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act in respect of the products of the Company. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the Rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. However, we have not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- vii a In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities by the Company, though there have been slight delays in a few cases. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - b According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except for the following:
- viii According to the information and explanations given to us, no transactions were surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which have not been recorded in the books of account
- ix a The company is a zero debt company and hence there has no defauls in repayment of loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - b According to the information and explanations given to us including representations received from the management of the Company, and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financials institution or other lender.
 - c The company has not raised any money by way of term loans during the year and hence the clause regarding utilisation of loans is not applicable
- x a The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments), during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - b According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or (fully, partially or optionally) convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xi a To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations giv-

- en to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.
- b No report under Section 143(12) of the Act has been filed with the Central Government for the period covered by our audit.
- c According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- xii The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable. Further, the details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements, as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as prescribed under Section 133 of the Act.
- xiv a In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has an internal audit system as required under Section 138 of the Act which is commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- b We have considered the reports issued by the Internal Auditors of the Company till date for the period under audit.
- According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them and accordingly, provisions of Section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvii The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year or in the preceding financial years.
- xvii There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the plans of the Board of Directors and management and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, although the Company fulfilled the criteria as specified under Section 135(1) of the Act read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014.

xxi The reporting under clause (xxi) is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

Trivandrum 19 May 2022

Annexure B to The Independent Auditor's Report - 31 March 2022

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the aforesaid standalone financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

(Referred to in paragraph (A)(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of Rubfila International Limited (RIL) ("the Company") as of 31 March 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2022, based on the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal controls with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with respect to standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone

financial statements were established and maintained and whether such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with respect to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with respect to standalone financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with respect to standalone financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to standalone financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls

with reference to Standalone Financial Statements Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For **Cyriac & Associates** Chartered Accountants Firm No.014033 S

Jim Cyriac (Partner) Mem No. 230039. UDIN: 22230039AJFNWA2728

Thiruvananthapuram 19 May 2022

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Rubfila International Limited

Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022

₹ in Lakhs

				₹ in Lakh
Pa	rticulars	Note	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
As	sets			
1.	Non-current assets			
	Property, plant and equipment	2	12,691.32	10,222.38
	Capital work-in-progress	3	297.82	497.20
	Other intangible asset	4	2.80	2.94
	Investment property	5	128.15	128.15
	Financial assets			
	Investments	6	3,200.14	3,200.14
	Other financial assets	7	283.38	241.62
	Other non-current asset	8	403.18	629.76
			17,006.79	14,922.19
2.	Current assets			
	Inventories	9	1,888.81	1,294.83
	Financial assets			
	Trade receivables	10	5,305.01	2,993.57
	Cash and cash equivalents	11	705.51	504.07
	Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents	12	383.22	207.23
	Loans	13	1,975.00	3,130.00
	Other financial assets	14	19.43	387.57
	Other current assets	15	232.34	441.57
			10,509.32	8,958.84
	Total Assets		27,516.11	23,881.03
Eq	uity & Liabiilities			
1.	Equity			
	Equity Share capital	16	2,713.38	2,713.38
	Other equity (Reserves & Surplus)	17	20,215.92	16,566.47
			22,929.30	19,279.85
2.	Liabilities			
	Non-current liabilities			
	Provisions (non Current)	18	1,135.29	961.78
	Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	34.1	555.01	392.84

Particulars	Note	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Other non -current liabilities	19	2.50	1.30
		1,692.80	1,355.92
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Trade Payables outstanding dues of:	20		
Micro enterprises and small enterprises		0.02	1.68
Creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		2,051.75	1,746.95
Other financial liabilities	21	464.96	712.06
Current tax liabilities (Net)	22	16.66	24.28
Other current liabilities	23	245.09	468.06
Provisions	24	115.53	292.23
		2,894.01	3,245.26
Total Liabilities		27,516.11	23,881.03

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our reports attached.

For Cyriac & Associates

Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No.014033S

Jim Cyriac (Partner)

Membership No.:230039

Thiruvananthapuram Thursday, May 19, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LTD

Hardik Bharat Patel G Krishna Kumar

DIN01100361 DIN:1450683
Chairman Managing Director

N.N. Parameswaran

Chief Finance Officer & Company Secretary

Mumbai

Thursday, May 19, 2022





Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2022

Parti	culars	Note	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
I	Income			
	Revenue from operations	25	41,665.32	27,005.13
	Other income	26	397.61	181.29
	Total income		42,062.93	27,186.43
II	Expenses			
	Cost of materials consumed	27	30,184.19	18,436.70
	Purchase of stock in trade		-	-
	Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	28	(250.91)	79.61
	Employee benefit expense	29	1,519.44	1,315.93
	Finance costs	30	4.27	3.55
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	31	563.27	496.19
	Other expenses	32	4,064.99	2,829.75
	Total expenses		36,085.25	23,161.73
III	Profit before exceptional items & tax		5,977.68	4,024.70
IV	Exceptional items	33	197.44	-
٧	Profit before tax		5,780.24	4,024.70
VI	Tax expense			
	Current tax	34	1,354.18	962.02
	Deferred tax	34	121.90	37.22
VII	Profit for the year		4,304.16	3,025.46
/III	Other Comprehensive income			
	Items that will not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss (net)			
	i. Remeasurements gain/losses on defined benefit plans	35	67.85	-92.15
	ii. Income tax relating to above		-17.08	23.19
	Total other Comprehensive income for the year			
IX	Total Comprehensive income for the year		4,354.93	2,956.50
X	Earnings per share (of ₹ 5/- each):			
	Basic & Diluted in Rs. Ps	36	8.02	5.76
	Diluted in Rs. Ps		8.02	5.71

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our reports attached.

For Cyriac & Associates

Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No.014033S

Jim Cyriac (Partner)

Membership No.:230039

Thiruvananthapuram Thursday, May 19, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LTD

Hardik Bharat Patel G Krishna Kumar
DIN01100361 DIN:1450683
Chairman Managing Director

N.N. Parameswaran

Chief Finance Officer & Company Secretary

Mumbai

Thursday, May 19, 2022



Standalone statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2022

I Equity

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	No. of Shares	Amount
Issued Share Capital		
Balance as at 1 April 2020	49467529	2,473.38
Changes in Equity Share capital during the year	4800000	240.00
Balance as at 31 March 2021	54267529	2,713.38
Changes in Equity Share capital during the year	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2022	54267529	2,713.38

II. Other Equity

Particulars	Share Application Money	Securities Premium	General Reserves	Retained Earnings	Other Comprehensive Income	Total
Balance as at 01 April 2020	239.06	2,543.75	493.24	9,649.82	(53.67)	12,872.20
Profit for the Year				3,025.40		3,025.40
Payment of dividends				(593.61)		(593.61)
Transfer to General Reserve			147.82	(147.82)		-
Preferential issue of shares	(239.06)	1,570.50				1,331.44
Other comprehensive income					(68.96)	(68.96)
Balance as at 31 March 2021	-	4,114.25	641.06	11,933.79	(122.63)	16,566.47
Profit for the year	-			4,304.20	-	4,304.20
Payment of dividends	-	-	-	(705.48)	-	(705.48)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	50.77	50.77
Balance as at 31 March 2022	-	4,114.25	641.06	15,532.51	(71.86)	20,215.96

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our reports attached.

For **Cyriac & Associates**Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No.014033S

Jim Cyriac (Partner) Membership No.:230039

Thiruvananthapuram Thursday, May 19, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LTD

Hardik Bharat Patel G Krishna Kumar
DIN01100361 DIN:1450683
Chairman Managing Director

N.N. Parameswaran

Chief Finance Officer & Company Secretary

Mumbai

Thursday, May 19, 2022

Standalone Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended 31 March 2022

₹ in Lakhs

Part	iculars	Year ended 31 March 2022	₹ in Lakh Year ended 31 March 2021
I	Cash flow from operating activities		
	Profit before tax	5,780.24	4,024.70
	Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows		
	Depreciation and amortisation expenses	563.27	496.19
	Finance costs	4.27	3.55
	Allowance for doubtful debts and advances	-	25.69
	Interest income	(234.41)	(136.69)
	Operating profit before working capital changes	6,113.36	4,413.44
	Adjustments for :		
	(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(593.98)	(301.36)
	(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	(2,311.44)	144.62
	(Increase)/decrease in loans, advance and other assets	(39.68)	198.65
	(Increase)/decrease in other bank balances	(175.99)	(177.42)
	(Increase)/decrease in other assets	1,732.37	-2588.9
	(Increase) / decrease in Trade, other payables and provisions	(77.87)	444.16
	Cash flows from operating activities	4,646.78	2,133.19
	Direct taxes paid (Net of refunds)	(1,361.80)	(949.01)
	Net cash flow generated from operating activities (A)	3,284.98	1,184.18
II	Cash flow from investing activities		
	Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(2,608.19)	(2,061.85)
	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	-	2.54
	Interest received	234.41	136.69
	Net cash flow used in investing activities (B)	(2,373.78)	(1,922.62)

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Part	culars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
III	Cash flow from financing activities		
	Proceeds from issue of equity shares	-	240.00
	Share Application money received	<u>-</u>	1,331.44
	Dividend paid to Equity holders	(705.48)	(593.61)
	Finance Cost	(4.27)	(3.55)
	Net cash flow generated from / (used in) financing activities (C)	(709.75)	974.28
	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	201.44	235.82
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	504.07	268.25
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	705.51	504.07

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our reports attached.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors



1

A) General information

Rubfila International Limited (RIL) is a public limited company domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India.

The company is the largest manufacturer of both Talcum Coated and Silicon Coated Heat Latex Resistant Rubber threads in India. It has adopted internationally accepted quality standards and its products are well received among customers both in India as well as around the world.

The standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 were approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issue on 19 May 2022.

The Company is a public limited company and is listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE). The Company has its registered office at New Industrial Development Area, Kanjikode Palakkad-678621.

B) Basis of preparation of financial statements

(i) Statement of compliance

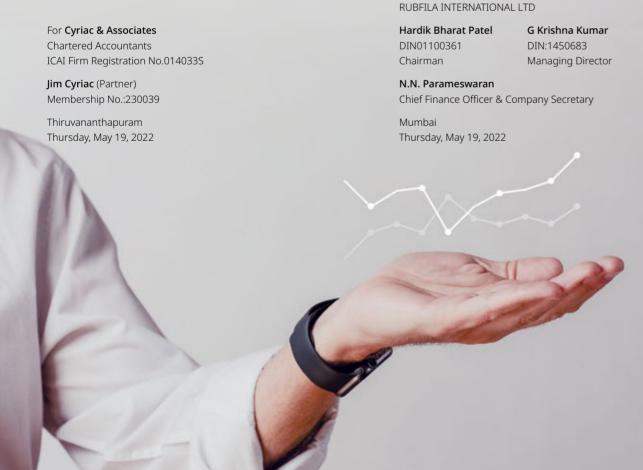
"These standalone financial statements ('financial statements') have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, and other relevant provisions of the Act and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI).

The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial

(ii) Basis of preparation and presentation

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out in Para C below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented

The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis considering the applicable provisions of Companies Act 2013, except for the following material item that has been measured at fair value as required by relevant IND AS. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.



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Rubfila International Limited

a) Certain financial assets / liabilities measured at fair value and

- b) Defined benefit plans plan assets measured at fair value;
- c) Any other item as specifically stated in the accounting policy.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle (not exceeding twelve months) and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Act.

The Financial Statement are presented in INR and all values are rounded off to Rupees Lakhs except share data and per share data unless otherwise stated.

On initial recognition, all foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. As at the reporting date, foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the Balance Sheet date and the exchange gains or losses are recognised in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss.

The company reclassifies comparative amounts, unless impracticable and whenever the company changes the presentation or classification of items in its financial statements materially. No such material reclassification has been made during the year.

(iii) Use of Estimate and judgment

In the application of accounting policy which are described in note (C) below, the management is required to make judgment, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, income and expenses, contingent liabilities and the accompanying disclosures that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant are prudent and reasonable. Actual results may differ from those estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future period.

The few critical estimations and judgments made in applying accounting policies are:

Property, plant and equipment:

Useful life of Property plant and equipment and intangible assets are as specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 and on certain assets based on technical advice which considered the nature of the asset, the usage of the asset, expected physical wear and tear, the operating conditions of the asset, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers warranties and maintenance support.

Impairment of non-financial Assets:

For calculating the recoverable amount of non-financial assets, the company is required to estimate the value-in-use of the asset or the Cash Generating Unit and the fair value less costs to disposal. For calculating value in use the company is required to estimate the cash flows to be generated from using the asset..

Impairment of financial assets:

The Company measures the expected credit loss associated with its assets based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the entity operates or any other appropriate basis. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether

there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

Defined benefit plans:

The cost of the defined benefit plan and other postemployment benefits and the present value of such obligations are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, mortality rates and attrition rate. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date. (refer Note 41)

Recognition and measurement of provisions and contingencies

The company has estimated the timings of cash outflows, if any, in respect of the contingent liabilities pending resolution of the respective proceedings, as it is determinable only on receipt of judgements/decisions pending with various forums/authorities. (refer Note 38)

C) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

For transition to IND AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of Property, Plant and Equipment ('PPE') recognised as of the transition date(1 April 2016), measured as per the Previous GAAP and use that carrying value as its deemed cost of the PPE as on the transition date.

"Freehold land is carried at cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less depreciation and impairment, if any. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Capital Work-in-progress includes expenditure incurred till the assets are put into intended use. Capital Work-in-Progress are measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any."

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses except for freehold land which is not depreciated Cost includes purchase price after deducting trade discount / rebate, import duties, non-refundable taxes, cost of replacing the component parts, borrowing costs (if any) and other directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition in the manner intended by the management, and the initial estimates of the cost of dismantling /removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Spare parts procured along with the Plant and Equipment or subsequently which has a useful life of more than 1 year and considering the concept of materiality evaluated by management are capitalised and added to the carrying amount of such items. The carrying amount of items of PPE and spare parts that are replaced is derecognised when no future economic benefits are expected from their use or upon disposal. Other machinery spares are treated as 'stores and spares' forming part of the inventory.

An item of PPE is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss when asset is derecognised.

The depreciable amount of an asset is determined after deducting its residual value. Where the residual value of an asset increases to an amount equal to or greater than the asset's carrying amount, no depreciation charge is recognised till the asset's residual value decreases below the asset's carrying amount. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e., when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the intended manner.

Depreciation on fixed assets is calculated on a straight-line basis using the rates arrived at based on the useful lives prescribed under the schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except for the list of assets mentioned in the following table, where useful life is estimated by the management, which is different as compared to those prescribed under the Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

	Block of Assets	Estimated life considered for depreciation	Estimated life as per Schedule 2 of Companies Act 2013
Βι	ilding		
-	Office	58	60
-	Factory	28	30
Pla	ant and Machinery		
-	Production Line	18	8
-	Factory Equipment	9	8
-	Lab Equipments	10	8

Depreciation on fixed assets added/disposed off during the year is provided on pro rata basis with reference to the date of addition/disposal.

Impairment

The carrying amounts of the Company's tangible assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the assets' recoverable amounts are estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The impairment loss, if any, is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which impairment takes place.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, however subject to the increased carrying amount not exceeding the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior accounting periods.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate

2 Intangible Assets

On transition to Ind AS, the company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of intangible assets recognized as at 1st April 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of intangible assets.

Cost of software is capitalized as intangible asset and amortized on a straight-line basis over the economic useful life of three years.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of amortization of intangible assets are reviewed by the management at each financial year and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

3 Investment properties

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the company, is classified as investment property. Investment property is measured at its cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs less depreciation and impairment if any.

The residual value and the useful life of an asset is reviewed at least at each financial yearend based on a tangible valuation and, if expectations differ from previous estimates, the change(s) is accounted for as a change in an accounting estimate in accordance with Ind AS 8 – Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors.

4 Investments in subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity that is controlled by the Company. The Company accounts for the investments in equity shares of subsidiaries at cost in accordance with Ind AS 27- Separate Financial Statements.

5 Impairment

Impairment of non - Financial Asset

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date for if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognised wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount the recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset. In determining net selling price, recent market transactions are considered, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. After impairment, depreciation /amortization is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

Impairment of Financial Assets:

The company impairs financial assets other than those measured at fair value through profit or loss or designated at fair value through other comprehensive income on expected credit losses. The estimation of expected credit loss includes the estimation of probability of default (PD), loss given default (LGD) and the exposure at default (EAD). Estimation of probability of default apart from involving trend analysis of past delinquency rates include an estimation on forward looking information relating to not only the counterparty but also relating to the industry and the economy as a whole. The probability of default is estimated for the entire life of the contract by estimating the cash flows that are likely to be received in default scenario. The lifetime PD is reduced to 12 month PD based on an assessment of past history of default cases in 12 months. Further, the loss given default is calculated based on an estimate of the value of the security recoverable as on the reporting date. The exposure at default is the amount outstanding at the balance sheet date.

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Rubfila International Limited

6 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value item wise. Cost includes indirect cost also. Costs incurred in bringing the inventory to its present location and condition are accounted for as follows:

- (i) Raw materials: Cost includes cost of purchase net of duties, taxes that are recoverable from the Government and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on FIFO basis.
- (ii) Finished goods and work in progress: Cost includes cost of direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity but excluding borrowing costs if any. Work in progress are valued considering the cost of direct materials only.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Inventory obsolescence is based on assessment of the future uses. Obsolete and slow moving items are subjected to continuous technical monitoring and are valued at lower of cost and estimated net realizable value. When Inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those items are recognized as expenses in the period in which the related revenue is recognized.

7 Government Grants, Subsidies and Export incentives

Government Grants and subsidies are recognized when there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attached to them and the grants / subsidy will be received. Export benefits are accounted on receipt basis only.

Advance License

The Company had obtained 8 advance licenses (Previous year 3 Licenses) for duty free import of Raw Materials. Company has met the export obligation in full against the 7 Licenses (Previous year 2 Licenses).

8 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, for which it is probable that a cash outflow will be required, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, it's carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of time value of money is material). These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Contingent Liabilities are disclosed when the company has a possible obligation, or a present obligation and it is probable that an outflow of resources will not be required to settle the obligation or the amount of obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability. Contingent assets are not recognized in the books of account. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and the related income are recognised in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs. If an inflow of economic benefits has become probable, an entity discloses the contingent asset.

9 Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency by applying the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the

transaction.

Foreign currency monetary items are reported using the closing rate. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction; non-monetary items which are carried at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rates that existed when such values were determined.

Exchange differences: Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting the Company's monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statements, are recognised as income or as expenses in the year in which they occur. The exchange differences arising on restatement / settlement of long-term foreign currency monetary items are capitalized as part of the depreciable fixed assets to which the monetary item relates and depreciated over the remaining useful life of such assets.

10 Share Capital and Share Premium:

Ordinary shares are classified as equity, par value of the equity share is recorded as share capital and the amount received in excess of the par value is classified as share premium.

11 Dividend Distribution to equity shareholders:

The Company recognises a liability to make cash distributions to equity holders when the distribution is authorized and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Company. A distribution is authorized when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in other equity along with any tax thereon.

12 Cash Flows and Cash and Cash Equivalents

Statement of cash flows is prepared in accordance with the indirect method prescribed in the Ind AS 7. For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, cheques and drafts on hand, deposits held with Banks, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

13 Revenue Recognition

The company derives revenues primarily from sale of manufactured goods, traded goods and related services. Effective 01 April 2018, the Group has adopted Indian Accounting Standard 115 (Ind AS 115) -'Revenue from contracts with customers' using the cumulative catch-up transition method, applied to contracts that were not completed as on the transition date i.e. 01 April 2018. The effect on adoption of Ind-AS 115 was insignificant.

Revenue is recognized on satisfaction of performance obligation upon transfer of control of promised products to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to receive in exchange for those products or services.

The company has a very low sales return ratio to sales and hence no provision for sales return or refund liability is recognized in the accounts for the products expected to be returned. The company does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, it does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted

for volume discounts, price concessions and incentives, if any, as specified in the contract with the customer. Revenue also excludes taxes collected from customers.

a. Sale of Goods:

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when is recognized at the moment when control has been transferred to the customer and is measured net of trade discounts, rebates and pricing allowances to customers.

b. Export benefits/incentives:

Export incentives under various schemes notified by the Government are recognized when confirmation of the right to receive the income is established. Receipts from government by way of Duty Draw Back is recognized only on receipt basis.

c. Other incomes:

Other incomes are recognised on accrual basis except when there are significant uncertainties. Interest income is recognised on accrual basis using effective interest rate method.

14 Employee benefits

a. Short term employee benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering services are classified as short term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages, short-term compensated absences, performance incentives etc., are recognised during the period in which the employee renders related services and are measured at undiscounted amount expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

b. Long term employee benefits:

The cost of providing long term employee benefit such as earned leave is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period. The expected costs of the benefit are accrued over the period of employment using the same methodology as used for defined benefits post-employment plans. Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to the Statement of Profit or Loss in which they arise except those included in cost of assets as permitted. The benefit is valued annually by independent actuary.

c. Defined contribution plans.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans, viz., Provident Fund for certain eligible employees, Pension Fund and Superannuation benefits are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered the service entitling them to the contribution.

d. Defined benefit plans: gratuity.

The net present value of the obligation for gratuity benefits are determined by actuarial valuation, conducted annually using the projected unit credit method. The retirement benefit obligations recognised in the Balance Sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligations reduced by the fair value of plan assets. All expenses represented by current service cost, past service cost, if any, and net interest on the defined



benefits are recognised immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss as past service cost, if any, and net interest on the defined benefit liability/(asset) are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability/ (asset) comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on the plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest), are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income. Such remeasurements are not reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the subsequent periods.

15 Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of tax currently payable and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax

Current tax includes provision for Income Tax computed under Special provision (i.e., Minimum alternate tax) or normal provision of Income Tax Act. Tax on Income for the current year is determined on the basis on estimated taxable income and tax credits computed in accordance with the provisions of the relevant tax laws and based on the expected outcome of assessments / appeals.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or items related to equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

16 Earnings per Share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") data for its equity shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit and loss attributable to equity share-holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit and loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

17 Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-cur-

rent classification. An asset is classified as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

- A liability is classified as current when:
- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
 There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current – noncurrent classification of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as noncurrent assets and liabilities.

18 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of asset and liability if market participants would take those into consideration.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

19 Financial assets

A financial asset inter-alia includes any asset that is cash, equity instrument of another entity or contractual obligation to receive cash or another financial asset or to exchange financial asset or financial liability under condition that are potentially favourable to the Company.

Investments in subsidiaries & joint ventures

Investments in equity shares of subsidiaries and joint venture are carried at cost less impairment. Impairment is provided for on the basis explained in Paragraph (5) of Note C above.

Financial assets other than above

Financial assets of the Company comprise trade receivable, cash and cash equivalents, Bank balances, loans/ advances to employee / others, security deposit, claims recoverable etc.

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in three categories:

- Financial assets measured at amortized cost
- Financial assets at fair value through OCI
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets measured at amortized cost

Financial assets are measured at amortized cost if the financials asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. These financial assets are amortized using the effective interest rate (EIR) method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

Financial assets at fair value through OCI (FVTOCI)

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. At initial recognition, an irrevocable election is made to designate investments in equity instruments other than held for trading purpose at FVTOCI. Fair value changes are recognised in the other comprehensive income (OCI).

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Any financial asset that does not meet the criteria for classification as at amortized cost or as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, is classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Derecognition

The Company derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

20 Financial liabilities

The Company's financial liabilities include trade payable, accrued expenses and other payables.

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities at initial recognition are classified as financial liabilities at amortized cost or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the fair value at initial recognition is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends upon the classification as described below:-

Financial Liabilities at Fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)

FVTPL includes financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as FVTPL. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. Financial liabilities have not been designated upon initial recognition at FVTPL.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged / cancelled / expired..

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

21 Inter corporate deposits.

Company had advanced Inter Corporate loans to companies on short term basis at a specific rate of interest against security. The inter corporate deposit are advanced to the unrelated / unrelated companies after considering factors such as track record, size of organization, market reputation and value of the security.

22 Employee stock option scheme

Rubfila International Limited – Employee Stock Option Scheme 2017 (RUBFILA ESOS 2017 was approved by the members in their meeting held on 15th September, 2017 for granting 1500000 options to the eligible employees of the Company in one or more tranches. The company has received in-principle approval from BSE for the allotment of 1500000 equity shares of Rs.5/- under the above scheme vide its letter dt.03-07-2018. The list of eligible employees has been approved by the company and the total options to be granted as per the list is 670000 Nos. The date of grant of options is August 1, 2018 which needs to be exercised within one year. Option granted under this RUBFILA ESOS 2017 would vest after One Year but not later than Four Years from the date of grant of such Options

Property, plant and equipment 7

Particulars	Freehold Land	Building	Plant & equipment	Furniture & fixtures	Vehicles	Office Equipment	Computers & accessories	Total
Gross carrying amount								
As at 1 April 2020	1,211.72	2,998.24	10,815.43	41.08	78.34	48.92	73.19	15,266.92
Additions during the year	7.72	281.77	1,029.19	4.60	1	10.81	5.38	1,339.47
Disposals	ı		57.36	ı		,	1	57.36
As at 31 March 2021	1,219.44	3,280.01	11,787.26	45.68	78.34	59.73	78.57	16,549.03
Additions during the year	1.55	723.14	2,275.68	2.88	10.03	3.28	17.74	3,034.30
Disposals	1.26	•	3.19	1	5.28	•	1	9.73
As at 31 March 2022	1,219.73	4,003.15	14,059.75	48.56	83.09	63.01	96.31	19,573.60
Amortization								
As at 1 April 2020	1	418.34	5,277.42	27.74	31.83	29.19	62.64	5,847.16
Charge for the year	1	102.37	372.54	1.90	8.94	5.32	4.85	495.92
Disposals	ı		16.42	1		,	1	16.42
As at 31 March 2021	ı	520.71	5,633.54	29.64	40.77	34.51	67.49	6,326.66
Charge for the year	ı	92.58	444.90	2.05	9.56	6.16	6.20	561.45
Disposals	1	,	0.81		5.01		ı	5.82
As at 31 March 2022		613.29	6,077.63	31.69	45.32	40.67	73.69	6,882.28
Net carrying amount								
As at 31 March 2021	1,219.44	2,759.30	6,153.72	16.04	37.57	25.22	11.08	10,222.38
As at 31 March 2022	1,219.73	3,389.86	7,982.12	16.87	37.78	22.34	22.62	12,691.32

Of the entire extent of 113.15 acres of land procured by the company in Midapadi and Pushpathur village in Dindigul district, Palani Taluk, Tamil Nadu, the company is not in possession of registered deed for a parcel of land admeasuring to 0.912 acres from the registration department due to lack of consensus regarding valuation of property. Further, land mutation has not been carried out for an extent of 87.97 acres of land by the revenue authorites.

2.1

3. Capital Work in progress

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Capital work-in-progress	297.82	497.20
Total	297.82	497.20

3.1 Movement of Capital work in progress

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
As at 1 April 2020 (as at 1 April 2019)	6.65	771.54
Additions during the year	1391.16	2,732.70
Less capitalised during the year	900.59	3,497.59
As at 31 March 2021 (as at 31 March 2020)	497.21	6.65
Additions during the year	4,057.15	1,391.16
Less capitalised during the year	4,256.53	900.59
As at 31 March 2022 (as at 31 March 2021)	297.82	497.21

3.2 Capital work in progress aging Schedule

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Less than 1 year	297.82	497.21
1-2 year	-	-
2-3 year	-	-
more than 3 years	-	-
Total	297.82	497.21

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4 Intangible Assets

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Computer software	As at 31 March 2021
Gross carrying amount		
As at 1 April 2020	13.95	13.95
Additions during the year	1.68	1.68
Disposals	-	-
As at 31 March 2021	15.63	15.63
Additions during the year	1.68	1.68
Disposals	-	-
As at 31 March 2022	17.31	17.31
		-
Amortization		-
As at 1 April 2020	12.42	12.42
Charge for the year	0.27	0.27
Disposals	-	-
As at 31 March 2021	12.69	12.69
Charge for the year	1.82	1.82
Disposals		-
As at 31 March 2022	14.51	14.51
		-
Net carrying amount		-
As at 31 March 2021	2.94	2.94
As at 31 March 2022	2.80	2.80

5 Investment Property

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Free hold Land		
11.87 Acres in Coimbatore District Pollachi Taluk Tamil Nadu	128.15	128.15
Total	128.15	128.15

5.1 The cost of the land has been considered as the fair value of the property and as per the value determined by external independent property valuers, having appropriate recognised professional qualification and recent experience in the location and category of the property being valued it is confirmed that there is no impairment losses during the current year (31 Previous year - Nil). The fair value measurement is categorised in level 3 fair value hierarchy.

6 Investments in subsidiary

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
"Investments in equity shares of subsidiary companies Unquoted, fully paid up (measured at cost)"		
M/s Premier Tissues India Ltd		
1,12,40,854 unquoted and non traded Equity Shares of face value Rs.10 Each (Previous year 56,20,427 unquoted and non traded Equity Shares face value Rs 10/- each fully paid up	3,200.14	3,200.14
Percentage of interest	100%	100%

7 Other financial assets (Non current)

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Unsecured, considered good at amortised cost		
Security Deposits	80.13	55.13
Earmarked Balances with banks		
Margin money deposits with bank	35.01	34.55
Unpaid Dividend Accounts	168.24	151.94
Total	283.38	241.62

- a) Held as lien by banks against bank guarantees amounting to ₹ 23.09 lakhs (Previous year ₹ 23.09 lakhs) in favour of Kerala State Electricity Board Ltd;
- b) Held as lien by banks against bank guarantees amounting to ₹ 11.92 Lacs (Previous year ₹ 11.46 lakhs) in favour of Klen & Marshal Manufacturers and Exporters Ltd in connection with litigation pending before Hnble High Court. (refer note no.38.1)

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8 Other non - current Asset

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Capital Advances	229.76	454.26
Advances other than Capital Advances		
Vat Credit Receivable*	173.42	173.42
Others	-	2.08
Total	403.18	629.76

^{* ₹173.42} Lakhs in VAT credit receivable pertains to the credit receivable from Tripura which is fully provided for in the books.

9 Inventories ₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022 As at 31 March 2
(a) Raw Materials	892.75 583.75
(b) Work in Progress	328.51 343.16
(c) Finished Goods	415.64 164.73
(d) Stores & Spares	251.91 203.19
Total	1,888.81 1,294.83



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10 Trade Receivables (Current)

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Trade receivables	5,305.01	2,988.53
Receivables from related parties	-	5.04
Trade receivables- Credit Impaired	-	25.40
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	-	25.40
Total receivables	5,305.01	2,993.57
Break-up of security details		
Secured, considered good	5,305.01	2,993.57
Unsecured considered good	-	-
Credit impaired	-	25.40
Total	5,305.01	3,018.97
Allowance for doubtful debts	-	25.40
Total trade receivables	5,305.01	2,993.57

in Lakhs

			₹ in Lakhs
Disc	losure of Debtors	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
(i)	Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good		
	Related parties	-	5.04
	Others	5,305.01	2,988.53
(ii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk		
	Related parties	-	-
	Others	-	2.97
(iii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired		
	Related parties	-	-
	Others	-	(2.97)
(iv)	Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good		
	Related parties	-	-
	Others	-	-

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Disc	losure of Debtors	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
(v)	Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk		
	Related parties	-	-
	Others	-	22.43
(vi)	Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired		
	Related parties	-	-
	Others	-	(22.43)
	Total	5,305.01	2,993.57
	Trade receivables aging (outstanding for following periods from due date of payment)		
	Less than 6 months		
	Related parties	-	5.04
	Others	5,305.01	2,988.53
	6 months - 1 year		
	Related parties	-	-
	Others	-	1.30
	1-2 years		
	Related parties	-	-
	Others	-	3.57
	2-3 years		
	Related parties	-	-
	Others	-	7.03
	More than 3 years		
	Related parties	-	-
	Others	-	13.50
	Total	5,305.01	3,018.97
	Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	-	25.40
	Total trade receivables	5,305.01	2,993.57

Refer note No 47 for information about credit risk and market risk of trade receivables

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10.1 Movement in the expected credit loss allowance

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Balance at the beginning of the year	25.42	29.15
Less: balances written off / Recovered during the year	25.42	5.70
Add: provision made during the year	-	1.97
Balance at the end of the year	-	25.42

11 Cash and cash equivalents

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
(a) Cash on hand	4.70	7.94
(b) Balances with Banks - In Current Accounts	700.81	496.13
Total	705.51	504.07

Cash and cash equivalents as per Standalone Statement of Cash Flows is the same amount stated above.

12 Bank Balances other than cash and cash equivalents

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Bank deposits having original maturity more than 3 months but less than 12 months	366.58	170.03
Unclaimed dividends -Earmarked balances with banks	16.64	37.20
Total	383.22	207.23

13 Loans (current)

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Inter Corporate Deposits		
Secured, Considered Good	1,975.00	
Unsecured, Considered Good	-	3,130.00
Total	1,975.00	3,130.00

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14 Other financial assets

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Unsecured, considered good at amortised cost		
Interest Receivable	15.10	0.51
Other Receivable	0.02	0.02
Advances to Employees	4.31	2.77
Other Current Asset - Unused Equipments for Sale	-	384.27
Total	19.43	387.57

15 Other current assets

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
GST Input Credit	104.21	370.03
Advance to Vendors	11.43	43.97
Export Incentive Script (RODTEP & MEIS)	84.62	-
Prepaid Expense	32.08	27.57
Total	232.34	441.57

16 Equity Share capital

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Authorised		
7,00,00,000 Equity shares of ₹5 each (7,00,00,000 Equity shares of ₹5 each)	3,500.00	3,500.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up capital		
5,42,67,529 Equity shares of ₹5 each (4,94,67,529 Equity shares of ₹5 each)	2,713.38	2,713.38

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16.1 ₹ in Lakhs

Reconciliation of the number of shares	As at 31 M	larch 2022	As at 31 M	larch 2021
Authorised Share Capital				
Shares at the beginning of the year	70000000	3,500.00	70000000	3,500.00
Changes in Authorised Equity Share capital during the year	0	-	0	-
Shares at the end of the year	70000000	3,500.00	70000000	3,500.00
Issued Share Capital				
Shares at the beginning of the year	54267529	2,713.38	49467529	2,473.38
Preferential issue of shares	0	-	4800000	240.00
Shares at the end of the year	54267529	2,713.38	54267529	2,713.38

16.2 Shares held by Promoter's Group as at 31st March, 2022

Promoters and Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company	No. of shares at the be- ginning of the year	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of Total shares	% changes during the year
Minal Bharat Patel*	11099096	1125250	12224346	22.53%	9.20%
Bharat Jayantilal Patel*	8944406	-2250500	6693906	12.34%	-33.62%
Ruchit Bharat Patel*	3773280	450100	4223380	7.78%	10.66%
Annie Guat Khuan Chew**	3059556	-3059556	0	0.00%	-100.00%
Hardik Bharat Patel*	3551768	672328	4224096	7.78%	15.92%
Kerala State Industrial Development Corporation	2736000	0	2736000	5.04%	0.00%
Bharati Bharat Dattani	695091	0	695091	1.28%	0.00%
Dhiren S Shah	137691	-137691	0	0.00%	-100.00%
Shweta Hardik Patel*	0	112525	112525	0.21%	100.00%
Tanvi Ruchit Patel*	0	117525	117525	0.22%	100.00%

^{*} Consequent to the demise of Mr.Bhart J Patel on 29-05-2021, 2250500 Nos of shares held by him in the demant A/C NO.1204800000011954 transferred to Mrs.Minal B Patel on 07-06-2021 based on the nomination registered with that account. On 07-12-2021 and 08-12-2021 those shares further transfered among his family members based on the will executed.

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** The shareholding of Mrs. Annie Guat Khuan Chew was reclassified from the promoter share holding to public shareholding on 23 February 2022.

16.3 Shares held by Promoter's Group as at 31st March, 2021

Promoters and Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company	No. of shares at the be- ginning of the year	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of Total shares	% changes during the year
Minal Bharat Patel	9974096	1125000	11099096	20.45%	10.14%
Bharat Jayantilal Patel	7818906	1125500	8944406	16.48%	12.58%
Ruchit Bharat Patel	2498280	1275000	3773280	6.95%	33.79%
Annie Guat Khuan Chew	3059556	0	3059556	5.64%	0.00%
Hardik Bharat Patel	2276768	1275000	3551768	6.54%	35.90%
Kerala State Industrial Development Corporation	2736000	0	2736000	5.04%	0.00%
Bharati Bharat Dattani	695091	0	695091	1.28%	
Dhiren S Shah	224755	-87064	137691	0.25%	-63.23%

16.4 Rights, preferences and restrictions attaching to each class of shares including restrictions on the distribution of dividends and the repayment of capital

The company has one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹5 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

The Board of Directors have recommended a Final Dividend of ₹1.75/- per share (on fully paid up share of ₹5/- each) for FY 2021-22 and is subject to approval of shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.



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17 Other equity (Reserves & Surplus)

M in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Securities Premium		
As per last Balance Sheet	4,114.25	2,543.75
Add: Premium on Shares issued under preferential issue	-	1,570.50
	4,114.25	4,114.25
General Reserves		
As per last Balance Sheet	641.06	493.24
Add: Transferred from Retained Earnings	-	147.82
	641.06	641.06
Retained Earnings		
As per last Balance Sheet	11,933.78	9,649.82
Add: Profit for the year	4,304.16	3,025.39
Less Appropriations		
Dividend on Equity Shares including taxes	705.48	593.61
Transferred from Retained Earnings	-	147.82
	15,532.45	11,933.78
Other Comprehensive Income		
Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Plans		
As per last Balance Sheet	(122.62)	(53.67)
Add: Movement in OCI (Net) during the year	50.77	(68.95)
	(71.85)	(122.62)
Total	20,215.92	16,566.47

Nature and purpose of reserves :

- 1. Securities premium represents amounts received in excess of par value on issue of shares.
- 2. General reserve represents accumulated profits and is created by transfer of profits from Retained Earnings and it is not an item of Other Comprehensive Income and the same shall not be subsequently reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss.
- 3. Retained earning: Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfers to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders.
- 4. Remeasurements of defined benefit plans gains / losses arising on remeasurements of defined benefit plans are recognised in the other comprehensive income as per IND AS-19 and shall not be reclassified to the statement of profit or loss in the subsequent years.

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18 Provisions (non-current)

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Provision for Contingent Liabilities		
Provision for Tripura VAT Receivable	173.42	173.42
Provision for Contigencies	854.00	674.00
Provision for sales tax differential payable	0.54	0.54
Others	23.72	23.72
	1,051.68	871.68
Other Provisions :		
Provision for compensated absences	52.21	83.89
Provision for gratuity	31.40	6.21
Total	1,135.29	961.78

18.1 Movement of provisions for contingent liabilities

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021
Balance as at 1st April, 2020	700.59
Provision recognised during the year	
Provision for Contigencies	150.00
Amount utilised / reclassified during the year	23.72
Amount reversed during the year	
Provision for sales tax differential payable	2.63
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	871.68
Provision recognised during the year	
Provision for Contigencies	180.00
Amount utilised / reclassified during the year	-
Amount reversed during the year	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2022	1,051.68

18.2 Provision for Tripura VAT Receivable: The company receivable from Tripura VAT towards the operations in Agartala during the financial years 2014-2017 which is still pending for assessment and release of refund. The company has provided for the entire amount receivable due to the uncertainties involved in connection with the assessment of the amount.

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- **18.3** Provision for Contigencies: Due to the numerous uncertainties and variables associated with certain assumptions and judgments, and the effects of changes in the regulatory and legal environment, both the precision and reliability of the resulting estimates of the related contingencies are subject to substantial uncertainties. The Company regularly monitors its estimated exposure to such loss contingencies and, as additional information becomes known, may change its estimates significantly. However, no estimate of the range of any such change can be made at this time. The company has prudently set aside an amount irrespective of the possible outcome.
- **18.4** Provision for sales tax differential payable: Sale Tax Differential payable of Rs.0.54 Lacs represents the amounts paid by the customers in lieu of Form C (differential tax) which will be offset against any liability arised after an assessment for the year 2014-15 (VAT Authorities, Agartala) and for first three months of 2017-18 (VAT authorities, Kerala).

19 Other non - current liabilities

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Others		
Advances received	2.50	1.30
Total	2.50	1.30

20 Trade payables (current)

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Dues of Micro enterprises and small enterprises	0.02	1.68
Dues of Creditors other than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises	2,051.70	1,746.95
Amounts due to related parties	0.05	-
Total	2,051.77	1,748.63



₹ in Lakhs

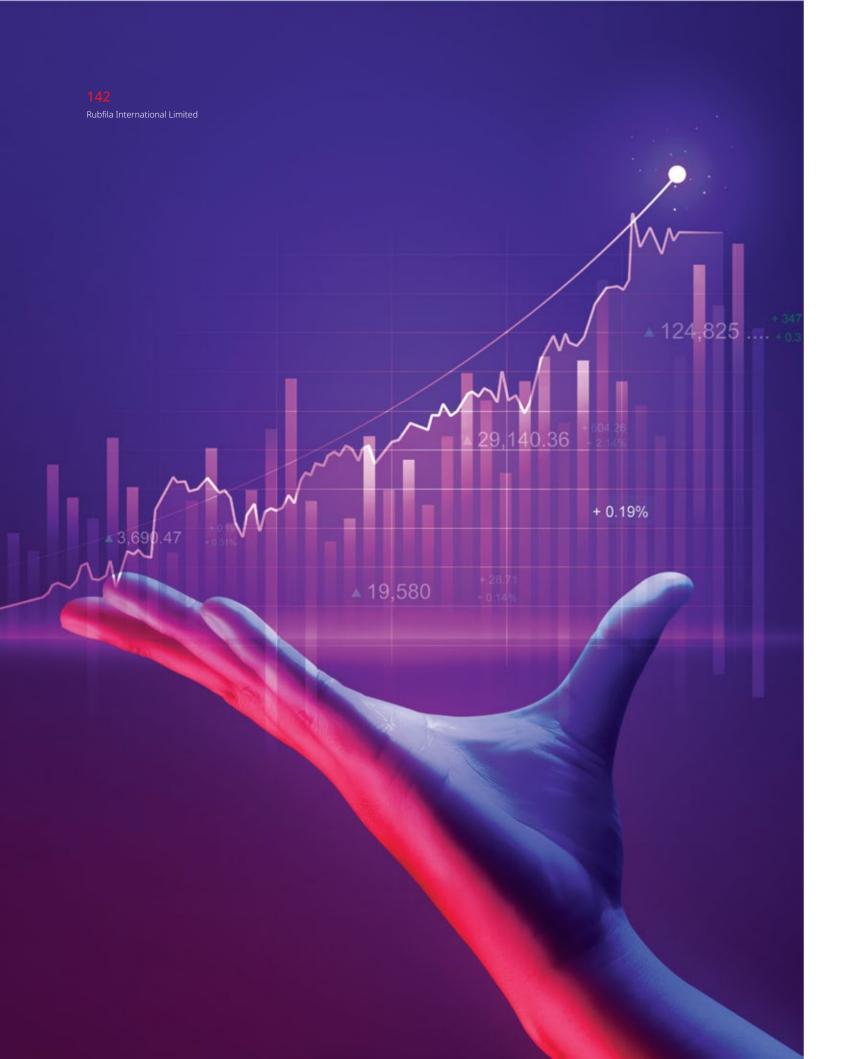
Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Less than 1 year		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	0.02	1.68
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	2,051.75	1,746.95
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-
1 -2 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-
Total	2,051.77	1,748.63

20.2 Dues to micro enterprises and small enterprises:

Micro & Small enterprises as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act) have been identified by the Company on the basis of the information available with the Company and the auditors have relied on the same. Sundry creditors include total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises amounting to ₹0.02 Lakhs (Previous Year: ₹1.68 Lakhs). The disclosure pursuant to MSMED Act based on the books of account is as under:

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Principal amount due and remaining unpaid	0.02	1.68
Interest due on above and the unpaid interest	-	0.06
Interest paid in terms of Section 16 of MSMED Act	-	-
Amount of payments made to supplier beyond the appointed day	0.02	1.68
Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay on payment made beyond the appointed day during the year without adding interest specified under MSMED Act,2006	-	-
Amount of Interest accrued and remaining unpaid	-	0.06
Amount of further interest remaining due and payable in succeeding years for the purpose of disallowance under section 23 of the MSMED Act,2006	-	-



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21 Other financial liabilities (current)

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
At amortised cost		
Payable on purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment	194.83	423.77
Payable to Employees	85.25	99.15
Unpaid Dividend	184.88	189.14
Total	464.96	712.06

Note: There are no amounts due for payments to the Investor Education and Protection Fund under Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 as at the year end.

22 Current Tax Liabilities (Net)

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Provision for Taxation	16.66	24.28
Total	16.66	24.28

23 Other Current liabilities

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Advance from customers	80.99	292.65
Statutory dues	162.09	172.92
Others payables	2.01	2.49
Total	245.09	468.06

24 Provisions (Current)

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Provisions for Employee Benefits		
Provision for salary arrears, bonus & production incentive	0.59	124.98
Provision for Compensated absences	73.24	32.67
Provision for gratuity	41.70	134.58
Total	115.53	292.23

25 Revenue from Operations

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Revenue recognition at a point in time		
(a) Sale of Products-Manufactured		
Domestic	32,897.34	22,392.85
Export	8,554.85	4,530.55
Scrap sales		
Domestic	44.31	51.64
Export	-	-
Total revenue from contracts with customers	41,496.50	26,975.04
(b) Other Operating Revenues		
Duty Draw backs & Export incentives	168.82	30.09
Total	41,665.32	27,005.13

Revenue recognition over period of time is Nil (previous year Nil)

Group Revenue based on business segment & based on Geography is disclosed in segment information (note no 38) The company is not having any contract assets or contract liabilities during or at the end of the year.

25.1 Reconcilition of Revenue from operations

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Contract price	41,541.23	26,982.35
Less:-		
Sales returns	44.41	7.31
Others	0.32	-
	41,496.50	26,975.04
Other Operating Revenues	168.82	30.09
Total Revenue from operations	41,665.32	27,005.13

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26 Other Income ₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Interest Income		
On deposits with banks and other balances	10.00	12.55
On Inter Corporate Deposits	224.41	124.14
Gain on foreign currency transactions and translations (net)	142.48	40.72
Miscellaneous Income	20.72	3.88
Total	397.61	181.29

27 Cost of Materials Consumed

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Opening Stock	1,066.62	696.83
Add: Purchases	30,482.37	18,806.49
Less: Closing Stock	1,364.80	1,066.62
Cost of Materials consumed	30,184.19	18,436.70
Material consumed comprises:		
Latex & Chemicals	30,184.19	18,436.70
Total	30,184.19	18,436.70

28 Changes in inventories of Finished Goods Work-in-Progress and Stock in Trade

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Closing inventories		
Finished Goods	415.64	164.73
Opening inventories		
Finished Goods	164.73	244.34
Total ((ii) - (i)	(250.91)	79.61

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29 Employee Benefit Expense

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Salaries, wages and bonus	1,368.44	1,196.62
Contributions to Provident and Other funds	87.23	74.77
Staff Welfare Expense	63.77	44.54
Total	1,519.44	1,315.93

30 Finance Costs

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Interest expense others	4.27	3.55
Total	4.27	3.55

31 Depreciation and amortisation expense

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	561.45	495.92
Amortisation on intangible assets	1.82	0.27
Total	563.27	496.19



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32 Other Expenses

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Power & Fuel	2,099.82	1310.27
Effluent Treatment Expense	367.98	230.47
Administrative Expenses	145.82	166.93
Office Expenses	62.63	59.81
Repairs & Maintenance	308.70	232.26
Selling Expenses	770.95	530.70
Donations & Contributions	4.88	3.85
CSR Expenses	66.84	52.99
Legal & Professional	20.68	32.24
Payment to Auditors	-	
For Statutory audit	4.00	4.00
For Cost Audit	0.50	0.50
Secretarial Expense		
AGM & EGM Expense	13.49	9.49
Directors Sitting Fee	15.20	12.90
Dividend Distribution	4.57	4.59
Provision for Bad and Doubtful Debts	-	25.69
Less: Bad Debts provided in the Previous year recovered	(1.07)	(6.85)
Provision for Contigencies	180.00	150.00
Loss on derecognition of PPE	-	9.90
Total	4,064.99	2,829.75

33 Exceptional Items

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Loss on sale of old Machineries	197.44	
Total	197.44	-

The company was having assets worth of ₹384.27 Lakhs (based on the valuation at the time of acquisition) on account of

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acquisition of the plant in Udmelpet which was proposed to be used in connection with diversification of the business of the company which later turned out to be non usable. This was treated as current assets in the previous years financials being assets meant for sale. In the current financial year the assets are sold for ₹186.82 Lakhs incurring a loss of ₹197.44 lakhs.

34 Income taxes expense

₹ in Lakhs

Tax expense/(credit) recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Current tax		
Provision of Income Tax	-	-
Less: MAT Credit Receivable	-	-
Current Tax - Current Year	1354.18	962.02
Current Tax - Earlier Years	-	-
Less: MAT credit utilization	-	-
Total current tax expense	1,354.18	962.02
Deferred Tax		
Deferred tax charge/(credit)	121.90	37.22
MAT Credit (taken)/utilised	-	-
Total deferred income tax expense/(credit)	121.90	37.22
Total income tax expense	1,476.08	999.24



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34.1 The movement in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year ended 31 March, 2021 and 31 March, 2022:

in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Opening balance	(416.03)	(378.81)
Opening balance recognized in other comprehensive income	23.19	-
Tax effect on items constituting deferred tax liabilities		
Arising on account of difference in carrying amount and tax base of PPE and Intangibles	875.78	706.59
	875.78	706.59
Tax effect on items constituting deferred tax assets		
Compensated absences	31.57	28.65
Provision for Gratuity	18.40	36.13
Provision for Doubtful debts	5.97	12.36
Sales Tax Liability	0.14	0.14
Provision for Contingencies	258.58	213.28
	314.66	290.56
MAT Credit		
Minimum alternate tax credit entitlement	-	-
Recognised in other comprehensive income		
Tax expense during the year recognised in other comprehensive income	(6.11)	(23.19)
Net deferred tax liability	(555.01)	(392.84)
Deferred tax expense for the year	138.98	14.03
Recognised in statement of profit or loss	121.90	37.22
Recognised in other comprehensive income	(17.08)	(23.19)

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34.2 Reconciliation of the income tax expenses to the amount computed by applying the statutory income tax rate to the profit / (loss) before income taxes is summarized below:

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Enacted Income Tax rate in India applicable to the Company	25.17%	25.17%
Profit before tax	5,780.24	4,024.70
Current tax expenses on Profit before tax expenses at the enacted income tax rate in India	1,454.77	1,012.94
Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculating taxable income		
Reversal of temporary differences	-	(28.26)
Other non deductible expenses	4.45	1.10
Corporate Social Responsibility	16.82	13.34
Other items	0.03	0.13
Total income tax expense/(credit)	1,476.08	999.24
Effective tax rate	25.54%	24.83%

35 Other comprehensive income

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
(a) (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (net)	-	
Actuarial Gain /Loss of defined Employee benefit plan	67.85	(92.15)
Share of OCI of joint venture accounted for using the equity method	-	-
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to Profit and Loss	(17.08)	23.19
(b) (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (net)		
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to Profit and Loss	-	
Total	50.77	(68.96)

36 Earnings per share

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Earnings per Share of ₹5 each		
Net Profit for the year (in ₹ lakhs)	4,354.93	2,956.50
Basic Earnings per Share		
Weighted Average No. of Equity Shares	54,267,529	51,311,913
Basic EPS in Rs. Ps.	8.02	5.76
Diluted Earnings per Share		
Weighted Average No. of Equity Shares	54,267,529	51,744,961
Diluted EPS in Rs. Ps.	8.02	5.71

The Diluted EPS is computed by dividing the Net profit after Tax available for Equity shareholders by the weighted average number of Equity shares, after giving dilutive effect of share warrants for the respective period.

37 Assets Pledged as security

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Current Assets	-	-
Non Current assets	-	-
Margin money deposits with bank (refer note 7)	35.01	34.55
Total	35.01	34.55

38 Contingent liabilities (to the extent not provided for)

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Contingent Liabilities		
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts in respect of past disputed liabilities		
Disputed Duty Draw Back (excluding interest)*	391.73	391.73

^{*}The interest on the duty drawback excess claimed in the years 2001-2003 could not be quantified.



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38.1 The company has pending the following litigations with various courts and which in its opinion has no impact on its financial position in the financial statements as on 31 March 2022

Claims for the company	Status
Kerala State Electricity Board Ltd (Financial impact - Rs.65.57 Lacs) Admitted on 2018-2019	Appeal decided in favour of the company by Hnble High Court of Kerala
Claims against the company	Status
Commissioner of Customs, Coimbatore (Financial Impact - Rs.391.73 Lacs) Admitted on 2008-2009	Tribunal issued orders remanding the case back to the original authority, and to await the Supreme Court decision in a similar case.
Bank of Tokyo, Mumbai / Klen & Marshall (Financial Impact - Rs.9.67 Lacs) Admitted on 2004-2005	Pending for hearing in Hnble High Court of Kerala
Commissioner of GST (Agartala) (Financial Impact - Rs.1054.35 Lacs) Admitted on 2020-2021	Revision Petition before the Commissioner of Taxes, Agartala

It is not practicable for the Company to estimate the timings of cash outflows, if any, in respect of the above contingent liabilities pending resolution of the respective proceedings, as it is determinable only on receipt of judgements/decisions pending with various forums/authorities.

The Company has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in its financial statements. The Company does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its financial results.

39 Commitments ₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Capital Commitments		
Capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the reporting period but not recognised as liabilities is as follows:		
Property, plant and equipment	2,377.60	2,701.48
Less: Capital advances and CWIP	527.60	951.48
Net Capital commitments	1,850.00	1,750.00

40 Corporate social responsibility

As per Section 135 of the Companies Act,2013, a Company, meeting the applicability threshold, needs to spend at least 2% of its average net profit for the immediately preceding three financial years on corporate social responsibility(CSR) Activities. A CSR Committee has been formed by the Company as per the Act. The funds were primarily allocated to the activities which are specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Company was required to spend an amount of ₹ 54.94 Lakhs (Previous Year ₹51.39 Lakhs) being 2% of the average net

profits of the three immediately preceding financial years on CSR as per the provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Company has during the year spent ₹ 66.84 Lakhs.

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Gross amount required to be spent	54.94	51.39
Amount spent during the year	66.84	52.99
(i) Construction / Acquisition of any Asset	-	-
(ii) On purposes other than (i) above	66.84	52.99
(Excess)/Short spent*	(11.90)	(1.60)
Total Eligible Amount	54.94	52.99

The nature of the CSR expenditures are in conducting programs and activities for promoting healthcare and sanitations, promoting education, providing life support to the economically backward individuals etc.

41 Disclosures under IND AS 19 - "Employee Benefits"

The company has contributed for Provident fund and superannuation fund as defined contribution plans. The actuary has provided a valuation of Gratuity liability and leave encashment liability in terms of the definition mentioned in para 7 of IND AS -19 the accounting based on the assumptions listed below and determined that there is no shortfall As at 31 March 2022 and for the year ended 31st March 2021.

41.1 During the year, the company has recognised the following amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Employer's contribution to Provident Fund and Family Pension Fund	75.17	68.27
Employer's contribution to Superannuation Fund	3.78	3.78
Gratuity - Funded	70.38	137.34
Leave Encashment - Unfunded	42.55	29.95

41.2 The valuation results for the defined benefit gratuity plan as at 31-3-2022 are produced in the tables below:

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
1. Assumption		
Discount Rate	7.00%	7.11%
Salary Escalation	8.00%	8.00%
Attrition Rate	3.00%	3.00%
2. Table showing changes in the present value of Obligation		
Present value of Obligation as at the beginning of the year	574.24	442.71
Interest Cost	40.30	30.41
Current Service Cost	36.70	27.75
Benefits paid	(14.62)	-
Actuarial (gain) / Loss on obligation	(8.30)	73.37
Present value of Obligation as at the end of the year	628.32	574.24
3. Table showing changes in Fair Value of Plan Assets		
Fair Value of Plan assets at the beginning of the year	430.70	430.70
Expected return of Plan assets	32.67	29.58
Contributions	72.44	-
Benefits paid	(14.62)	-
Actuarial (gain) / Loss on Plan assets	34.05	(29.58)
Fair Value of Plan assets at the end of the year	555.24	430.70
4. Table showing fair value of Plan assets	-	-
Fair Value of Plan assets at the beginning of the year	430.70	430.70
Actual return on Plan assets	32.67	29.58
Contributions	72.44	-
Benefits paid	(14.62)	-
Actuarial (gain) / Loss on Plan assets	34.05	(29.58)
Fair Value of Plan assets at the end of the year	555.24	430.70
Funded Status	73.10	143.55
Excess of Actual over estimated return on plan assets	-	-
(Actual rate of return = Estimated rate of return as ARD falls on 31st March	-	-

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
5. Actuarial (Gain) / Loss recognized	-	-
Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations	(8.30)	73.37
Actuarial (gain) / Loss on Plan assets	(34.05)	29.58
Total Actuarial (gain) / loss for the year	(42.35)	102.95
6. The amounts to be recognized in the Balance Sheet and Statements of Profit / loss	-	-
Present value of Obligation at the end of the year	628.32	574.24
Fair Value of Plan assets at the end of the year	555.24	430.70
Funded Status	73.10	143.55
Net Asset / (Liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet	73.10	143.55
7. Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss		
Current Service Cost	36.70	27.75
Interest Cost	40.30	30.41
Expected Return on Plan assets	32.67	29.58
Net Actuarial (gain) / Loss recognised in the year	(42.35)	102.95
Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss	1.98	131.53

41.3 The valuation results for the unfunded Leave Encashment as at 31-3-2022 are produced in the tables below:

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
1. Assumption		
Discount Rate	7.54%	7.11%
Salary Escalation	8.00%	8.00%
Attrition Rate	3.00%	3.00%
Proportion of Leave Availment	5.00%	5.00%
Proportion of encashment on separation	95.00%	95.00%
2. Table showing changes in the present value of Obligation		
Present value of Obligation as at the beginning of the year	113.83	89.70
Interest Cost	7.82	5.96
Current Service Cost	36.85	34.80

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Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Benefits paid	(7.55)	(5.82)
Actuarial (gain) / Loss on obligation	(25.51)	(10.81)
Present value of Obligation as at the end of the year	125.44	113.83
3. Table showing changes in Fair Value of Plan Assets		
Fair Value of Plan assets at the beginning of the year	-	-
Expected return of Plan assets	-	-
Contributions	7.50	5.82
Benefits paid	(7.50)	(5.82)
Actuarial (gain) / Loss on Plan assets	-	-
Fair Value of Plan assets at the end of the year	-	-
4. Table showing fair value of Plan assets		
Fair Value of Plan assets at the beginning of the year	-	-
Actual return on Plan assets	-	-
Contributions	7.50	5.82
Benefits paid	(7.50)	(5.82)
Actuarial (gain) / Loss on Plan assets	-	-
Fair Value of Plan assets at the end of the year	-	-
Funded Status		
Excess of Actual over estimated return on plan assets		
(Actual rate of return = Estimated rate of return as ARD falls on 31st March)		
5. Actuarial (Gain) / Loss recognized		
Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations	(25.51)	(10.81)
Actuarial (gain) / Loss on Plan assets	-	-
Total Actuarial (gain) / loss for the year	(25.51)	(10.81)
6. The amounts to be recognized in the Balance Sheet and Statements of Profit / loss		
Present value of Obligation at the end of the year	125.44	113.83
Fair Value of Plan assets at the end of the year	-	-
Funded Status	125.44	113.83
Net Asset / (Liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet	125.44	113.83

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Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021	
7. Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss			
Current Service Cost	36.85	34.80	
Interest Cost	7.82	5.96	
Expected Return on Plan assets	-	-	
Net Actuarial (gain) / Loss recognised in the year	(25.51)	(10.81)	
Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss	19.16	29.95	

42 Segment information

In accordance with Accounting Standard Ind As 108 'Operating Segment', segment information has been disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of Rubfila International Limited, and therefore, no separate disclosure on segment information is given in these financial statements.

The Company has only one primary segment namely Manufacture and sale of Heat Resistant Latex Rubber Thread in the current year. On the basis of Geographical revenue, allocated based on the location of the customer. Geographic segment of the company is disclosed as follows: Revenue outside India, ie Sales in Export Market and Revenue with in India, ie, Sales in Domestic Market.

The Geographic segment individually contributing to the company's revenue and segment assets are as follows:

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 3	1 March 2022	Year ended 3	1 March 2021
	Assets	Revenues	Assets	Revenues
Out side India				
Asia	801.52	5,652.09	89.67	1,950.20
Europe	0.02	545.18	42.58	190.15
Africa	-	62.17	24.01	52.93
America	187.08	2,295.41	250.15	2,336.72
Within India	4,316.95	32,941.65	2,612.58	22,445.04
Total	5,305.57	41,496.50	3,018.99	26,975.04

43 Related party transactions

In accordance with the requirement of Ind AS -24 on "Related Party Disclosures" the names of the related parties where control exists/able to exercise significant influence along with the aggregate transactions/ year end balance with them as identified and certified by the management are given below:

Rubfila International Limited

a Names of related parties and nature of relationship where control exists are as under:

Subsidiary company M/s Premier Tissues India Limited

b Names of other related parties and

nature of relationship

Promoter Group Mrs.Minal B Patel

Mr. Bharat Jayantilal Patel (died on : 29 May 2021)

Mrs.Bharati B Dattani Mr.Dhiren S Shah Mr.Ruchit B Patel Mr.Hardik B Patel

Mrs.Chew Annie Guat Khuan*

M/s.Kerala State Industrial Development Corporation Ltd

Key Management Personnels Mr. Gopinathan Pillai Krishnakumar Managing Director

Mr. Nurani Neelakantan Parameswaran CFO &CS

c Companies in which Directors are interested: M/s PAT Financial Consultants Pvt Limited

Ms/ Finquest Securities PVT Ltd

43.1 Transactions with related parties

Related Party	Nature of Transaction	2021-2022	2020-2021
M/s Premier Tissues India Limited	Sale of Materials	2.30	4.56
	Purchase of Materials	20.79	2.39
Mr. Gopinathan Pillai Krishnakumar	Compensation for services	96.26	88.16
Mr. Nurani Neelakantan Parameswaran	Compensation for services	61.88	55.25
M/s PAT Financial Consultants Pvt Limited	Inter Corporate Deposit	1,975.00	-
M/s PAT Financial Consultants Pvt Limited	Interest on Inter Corporate Deposit	54.54	-

43.1Transactions with related parties

Outstanding Balances	Nature of Transaction	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
M/s Premier Tissues India Limited	Payable towards materials purchased	0.05	5.04
M/s PAT Financial Consultants Pvt Limited	Inter Corporate Deposit	1,975.00	-
M/s PAT Financial Consultants Pvt Limited	Interest on ICD	15.10	-

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Key Managerial Personnel who are under the employment of the company are entitled to post-employment benefits and other long term employee benefits recognized as per Ind AS 19-'Employee Benefits' in the financial statements. As these employee benefits are lump sum amounts provided on the basis of actuarial valuation, the same is not included above.

44 Fair values

The Management has assessed that its financial assets and liabilities like cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables, and other current liabilities approximate their carrying values largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The carrying amounts and fair values of financial instruments by class are as follows:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Financial assets		
Measured at fair value through profit and loss	-	-
Measured at amortised cost		
Investment in subsidiary	3,200.14	3,200.14
Other financial assets - Non current	283.38	241.62
Loans	1,975.00	3,130.00
Other financial assets - Current	19.43	387.57
Trade Receivables	5,305.01	5,305.01
Cash and cash equivalents	705.51	504.07
Other bank balances	383.22	207.03
Financial Liabilities		
Measured at fair value through profit and loss	-	-
Measured at amortised cost		
Trade Payables	2,051.77	1,748.63
Other Financial liabilities	464.96	712.06

45 Fair Value hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial statements that are (a) recognized and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining the fair value, the Company has classified its financial instruments into three levels prescribed under accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows the underneath table:

As at 31 March 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
Financial Instruments at FVTOCI	-	-		-
Financial Instruments at FVTPL	-	-	-	-
Financial Instruments at Amortized cost	-	1,088.73	13,983.10	15,071.83
Financial Liabilities	_	_	2,516.73	2,516.73

^{*}Mrs.Chew Annie Guat Khuan was reclassified from promoter group with effect from 23-03-2022

Rubfila International Limited

As at 31 March 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
Financial Instruments at FVTOCI	-	-	-	-
Financial Instruments at FVTPL	-	-	-	-
Financial Instruments at Amortized cost	-	711.10	12,264.34	12,975.44
Financial Liabilities	-	-	2,460.69	2,460.69

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy included financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This included listed equity instruments and mutual funds that have quoted price. The fair value of all equity instruments which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price as at the reporting period. The mutual funds are valued using the closing NAV

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market are determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3.

46 Capital management

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard continuity, maintain a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and provide adequate return to share holders through continuing growth and maximise the share holders' value. The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from previous year. The Company sets the amounts of capital required on the basis of annual business and long term operating plans.

47 Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristic of each customer. The Company's risk management activity focuses on actively securing the Company's short to medium-term cash flows by minimising the exposure to volatile financial markets. Long-term financial investments are managed to generate lasting returns. The Company does not actively engage in the trading of financial assets for speculative purpose nor does it write options. The most significant financial risk to which the company is exposed are described below:-

The Company has assessed market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk to its financial instruments.

1 Market Risk

Is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument, as a result of interest rates, foreign exchange rates and other price risks. Financial instruments affected by market risks, Primarily include loans & borrowings, investments and foreign currency receivables, payables and borrowings.

1a Interest Rate Risk

The company has not availed any loans other than for a short term inter corporate loan, hence the exposure to interest rate risk is minimal. (Previous year-Nil)

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1b Currency Risk:

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the purchase of materials from abroad and realization on export sales: The impact on the Companies profit before tax due to change in interest rate is given below:-

Unhedged short term exposures

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Trade Receivables	992.17	482.33
USD	992.01	482.01
EURO	0.14	0.31
GBP	0.02	0.01
Trade Payables	76.52	165.01
USD	65.73	155.21
EURO	1.77	1.95
GBP	9.02	7.85

The sensitivity to a 5% increase or decrease in the exchange rate against INR with all other variables held constant will be ₹45.78 Lakhs (previous year ₹15.88 Lakhs) The Sensitivity analysis is prepared on the net unhedged exposure of the company at the reporting date. The Company has not entered into any forward contracts or foreign currency hedges to mitigate the risk.

1c Price Risk

The Company is affected by the price instability of certain commodities. Due to the significantly increased volatility of certain commodities like latex, acetic acid and other chemicals, the Company closely monitors the price fluctuations to reap the price advantages.

The Company's investments in unquoted securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of investment securities. The company manages the securities price risk through investments in debt funds /intercorporate deposits and by placing limits on individual and total investments.

1d Equity Risk

There is no equity risk relating to the Company's equity investments which are detailed in note 4 "Other investments". The Company's equity investments majorly comprises of strategic investments rather than trading purposes.

2 Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the company. The company is exposed to credit risk for receivables, cash and cash equivalents and short term loans.

Cash and cash equivalents and short-term Loans (Loans current)

The Company considers factors such as track record, size of institution, market reputation and service standard to select the banks with which deposits are maintained. Generally, the balances are maintained with the institutions with which the Company has been transacting for years. The Company has made several Intercorporate loans on security with unrelated/ related companies considering factors such as track record, size of organisation, market reputation and value of the security. The risk is mitigated by the securities and guarantees provided by the companies. Therefore, the company does not expect any material risk except for the ones mentioned in Note 38.1 on account of non-performance by any of the companies to which the loans are given.

Trade Receivables

The company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities primarily from trade receivable amounting to ₹.5305.01 Lakhs and ₹.3018.99 Lakhs as of 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021 respectively. The company has standard operating procedure for obtaining sufficient security where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. No customers accounted for 10% or more of revenue during the reporting periods covered. The credit quality of the company's customers is monitored on an on going basis and assessed for impairment where indicators of such impairment exist. The history of trade receivables shows a negligible provision for bad and doubtful debts. The solvency of customers and their ability to repay the receivable is considered in assessing receivables for impairment. Therefore, the Company does not expect any material risk on account of non performance by any of the Company's counterparties. Where receivables are impaired, the Company actively seeks to recover the amounts in question and enforce the compliance with credit terms.

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Balance at the beginning of the year	25.42	29.14
Impairment loss recognised	-	1.98
Impairment loss reversed	25.42	5.70
Balance at the end of the year	-	25.42

3 Liquidity Risk

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors, which has established an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Company's short-term, medium-term and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The Company requires funds both for short-term operational needs as well as for long-term growth projects. The Company generates sufficient cash flows from the current operations which together with the available cash and cash equivalents provide liquidity both in the short-term as well as in the long-term. The company has a current ratio of 3.63 as on 31 March, 2022 (Previous year 2.76). The capital requirements for the expansion plans in Udumelpet for the year is Rs. 800 Lakhs (Rs.2300 Lakhs for the Rubber division) and even with that the company expects a minimal liquidity risk.

4 Interest Rate Risk

The Company is a zero-debt company as on 31 March 2022 (Previous year Rs. Nil) and is not exposed to any interest rate risk of short-term or long-term borrowings. There are no foreign currency borrowings made by the company during the reporting periods. The impact on the Companies profit before tax due to change in interest rate is Nil at the close of this financial year.

5 Other Risk

Financial assets of ₹1088.73 lakhs (previous year ₹711.30 Lakhs) as at March 31, 2022 carried at amortised cost is in the form of cash and cash equivalents, bank deposits and earmarked balances with banks where the Company has assessed the counterparty credit risk. Trade receivables of ₹5,305.01 lakhs as at March 31, 2022 (previous year ₹2993.57 Lakhs) forms a significant part of the financial assets carried at amortised cost which is valued considering provision for allowance using expected credit loss method. In addition to the historical pattern of credit loss, we have considered the likelihood of increased credit risk and consequential default considering situations due to post COVID-19 outbreak.

This assessment is not based on any mathematical model but an assessment considering the financial strength of the customers in respect of whom amounts are receivable. The Company is in the process of evaluating the potential impact with respect to customers in Domestic Formulation segment which could have an immediate impact. The Company closely monitors its customers who are going through financial stress and assesses actions such as change in payment terms, recognition of revenue on collection basis etc., depending on severity of each case. Based on the initial assessment, the company do not expect any abnormal credit loss though supplying to an unorganised sector. The allowance for doubtful trade receivables is Nil as at March 31, 2022 (previous year ₹25.42 Lakhs).

48 Events after the Reporting Period

The proposed final dividend for Financial Year 2021-22 amounting to ₹ 949.68 Lakhs (Previous year ₹705.48 Lakhs) will be recognised as distribution to owners during the financial year 2021-22 on its approval by Shareholders The proposed final dividend per share amounts to ₹1.75/- (Previous year ₹1.30/-)

49 Other Statutory Information

- i The Company do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- ii The Company do not have any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.
- iii The Company do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period,
- iv The Company have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- v The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall'
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any quarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- vi The Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any quarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,
- vii The Company do not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961

Rubfila International Limited

50 Ratio analysis and its elemants

Ratio and basis	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021	Variance	Remarks
Current ratio Current assets / Current liabilities	3.63	2.76	31.54%	Refer Note below
Debt- equity ratio Total Debt / Equity	Not app	olicable as the com	pany is a zero debt	company
Debt service coverage ratio Earnings for debt service*/ Debt Service	Not app	olicable as the com	pany is a zero debt	company
Return on equity Profit after tax / Shareholders' Equity	5.10%	4.37%	16.70%	_
Inventory turnover ratio Cost of Goods Sold** / Average inventory	4.70	4.05	16.20%	_
Trade Receivable turnover ratio Revenue from operations / Average trade receivable	2.51	2.20	14.00%	-
Trade Payables Turnover Cost of Goods Sold** / Average trade payables	3.94	2.76	42.54%	Refer Note below
Net Capital Turnover Revenue from operations / Working capital\$	5.47	4.73	15.76%	_
Net Profit/(Loss) Margin Net Profit/(Loss) after tax / Revenue from operations	10.45%	10.95%	-4.53%	-
Return on Capital employed Earnings Before Interest and tax# / Capital Employed@	24.61%	20.46%	20.31%	_
Return on Investment Net gain/(loss) on sale/ fair value changes of Current Investment / Average Current Investment	Not applicable as the company has no assets in the nature of investments			

- * EarningsforDebtService=Earningsbeforefinancecosts,depreciationandamortisation,exceptionalitemsandtax(EBIDTA)/ (Finance cost for the year + Principal repayment of long-term debt liabilities within one year)
- ** Cost of Good sold = Cost of materials consumed +Purchases of stock-in-trade + Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-intrade, work-in-progress and property under development + Manufacturing and operating expenses+-Costs towards development of property
- ** Cost of Good sold = Cost of materials consumed +Purchases of stock-in-trade + Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-intrade, work-in-progress and property under development + Manufacturing and operating expenses+-Costs towards development of property
- # Earnings before Interest and Tax = Profit after exceptional item and before tax + Finance costs (recognised)
- @ Capital Employed = Average of equity and total borrowings



Note: Current ratio and Trade Payables Turnover has increased due to the increase in sales sales volume of the company during the previous year

As per our reports attached.

For Cyriac & Associates

Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No.014033S

Jim Cyriac (Partner) Membership No.:230039

Thiruvananthapuram Thursday, May 19, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LTD

Hardik Bharat Patel G Krishna Kumar
DIN01100361 DIN:1450683
Chairman Managing Director

N.N. Parameswaran

Chief Finance Officer & Company Secretary

Mumbai



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Independent Auditors' Report

To the members of Rubfila International Limited Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Rubfila International Limited ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiary (the Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as 'the Group'), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiary M/s Premier Tissues India Limited included in the consolidated financial results, the aforesaid consolidated financial



statements ('the financial statements') give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group, as at 31 March 2022, and their consolidated profit (including other comprehensive income), consolidated cash flows and the consolidated changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group, its associates and joint ventures in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained together with the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in Other Matters section below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter

We draw attention to note 21 to the accompanying standalone financial statements, where the holding company has provided for contingencies to the extent of Rs, 180 Lakhs during the year and total accumulated provision of Rs.854 Lakhs as at 31 March 2022 towards liability for uncertainties in the business, regulatory and legal environment, unascertainable on the date of this report. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Information other than the financial statements and auditor's report thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Report on Corporate Governance, Directors' Report, etc., but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and those charged with governance for the standalone financial statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Holding Company's Board of Directors. The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated

financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The Holding Company's Board of Directors are also responsible for ensuring accuracy of records including financial information considered necessary for the preparation of consolidated Ind AS financial statements. Further, in terms of the provisions of the Act the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group, covered under the Act are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. These financial statements have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of those entities and of its associates and joint ventures to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group, are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the companies included in the Group.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the standalone financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, specified under Section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act,
 we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate
 internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements in place and the

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operating effectiveness of such controls;

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of
 accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability
 to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are
 required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial
 statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions
 are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However,
 future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern:
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation;

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matter

We did not audit the annual financial statements/ financial information of the subsidiary included in the Statement, whose financial information (prior to consolidation adjustments), reflects total assets of Rs.5,093.30 Lakhs as at 31 March 2022, total revenues of Rs.6,074.75 Lakhs, total net profit after tax of Rs.161.19 Lakhs total comprehensive income of Rs. 170.50 Lakhs, and cash flows (net) Rs. (72.93) Lakhs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the Statement. These annual financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose audit reports have been furnished to us by the management, and our opinion in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiary is based solely on the audit reports of such other auditors, and the procedures performed by us as stated in paragraph 8 above. Our opinion, in so far as it relates to the balances and affairs of these subsidiary is based on the audit report of other auditors and the conversion adjustments prepared by the management of the Holding Company and audited by us.

Our opinion above on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on other legal and regulatory requirements below, are not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done by and the reports of the other auditors/Independent firm of Chartered Accountants.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

As required by Section 197(16) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors, referred to in paragraph above, on separate financial statements of the subsidiary, we report that the Holding Company and subsidiary company incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have paid remuneration to their respective directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and limits laid down under Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.

As required by clause (xxi) of paragraph 3 of Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act based on the consideration of the Order reports issued till date by us and by the respective other auditors as mentioned in paragraph above, of companies included in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 and covered under the Act we report that there are no qualifications/adverse remarks reported by the other auditors in the Order reports of the company included in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 for which such Order reports have been issued till date and made available to us:

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the report of the other auditors / Independent firm of Chartered Accountants on separate financial statements and other financial information of the subsidiary, incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements;
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors;
- c) The consolidated financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements:
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015;
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company, and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary company, covered under the Act, none of the directors of the Group companies, are disqualified as on 31 March 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company, and its subsidiary company covered under the Act, and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in 'Annexure A' wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion; and
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and other financial information of the subsidiary, incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act:



- i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group;
- ii. Provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements, as required under the applicable law or Ind AS, for material foreseeable losses, on long-term contracts;
- iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, and its subsidiary companies during the year ended 31 March 2022;

iv.

a. The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary company incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiary, that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or its subsidiary company, to or in any person(s) or

- entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company, or subsidiary company, ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- b. The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary company, incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiary, that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Holding Company or its subsidiary company, from any person(s) or entity(ies), ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company, or subsidiary company, shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- c. Based on such audit procedures performed by us and that performed by the other auditors of the subsidiary, as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our or other auditors notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
- v. As stated in note 48 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Holding Company have proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2022 which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.

Trivandrum 19 May 2022

Annexure B to The Independent Auditor's Report – 31 March 2022

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the aforesaid standalone financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Rubfila International Limited ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as 'the Group'), as at and for the year ended 31 March 2022, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company, its subsidiary company, which are companies covered under the Act, as at that date.

Responsibilities of Management and those charged with governance for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company, its subsidiary company, which are companies covered under the Act, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal

financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the 'Guidance Note') issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('the ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, its subsidiary company, as aforesaid, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the ICAI prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, and the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matter paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, its subsidiary company, as aforesaid.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of consolidated financialstatements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding

prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary company which are companies covered under the Act, have in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2022, based on the internal financial control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company, its eleven subsidiary company, as aforesaid, considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

Other Matter

We did not audit the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements insofar as it relates to the annual financial statements/ financial information of the subsidiary included in the Statement, whose financial information (prior to consolidation adjustments), reflects total assets of Rs.5,093.30 Lakhs as at 31 March 2022, total revenues of Rs.6,074.75 Lakhs, total net profit after tax of Rs.161.19 Lakhs total comprehensive income of Rs. 170.50 Lakhs, and cash flows (net) Rs. (72.93) Lakhs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the Statement. which are companies covered under the Act, whose internal

financial controls with reference to financial statements have not been audited by us. The internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in so far as it relates to such subsidiary company have been audited by other auditors whose report have been furnished to us by the management and our report on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements for the Holding Company, its subsidiary company, as aforesaid, under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act in so far as it relates to the subsidiary company is based solely on the report of the auditors of such company. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter with respect to our reliance on the work done by and on the reports of the other auditors.

For **Cyriac & Associates** Chartered Accountants Firm No.014033 S

Jim Cyriac (Partner) Mem No. 230039. UDIN: 22230039AIFNWA2728

Thiruvananthapuram 19 May 2022

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 st March, 2022

				₹ in Lakhs
Pa	Particulars		As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
As	Assets			
1. Non-current assets				
	Property, plant and equipment	2	15,321.86	12,768.44
	Capital work-in-progress	3	421.05	524.71
	Intangible Asset	4	9.19	7.95
	Right of use of Assets	5	51.02	64.04
	Investment Property	6	128.15	128.15
	Goodwill	7	32.76	32.76
	Financial assets			
	Other financial assets	8	367.36	354.06
	Other non -Cuurent Asset	9	415.03	633.15
			16,746.42	14,513.26
2.	Current assets			
	Inventories	10	2,944.72	1,968.85
	Financial assets			
	Trade Receivables	11	5,541.54	3,265.47
	Cash and cash equivalents	12	871.77	743.26
	Bank balance other than Cash and cash equivalents	13	491.63	406.39
	Loans, Current	14	2,475.00	3,730.00
	Other financial assets	15	31.69	393.38
	Current Tax Asset (Net)		-	-
	Other current assets	16	336.94	516.65
			12,693.29	11,024.00
	Total Assets		29,439.71	25,537.26
Eq	uity & Liabiilities			
1.	Equity			
	Equity Share capital	17	2,713.38	2,713.38
	Other equity (Reserves & Surplus)	18	20,824.79	17,005.79
			23,538.17	19,719.17

Pai	Particulars		As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
2.	Liabilities			
	Non-current liabilities			
	Financial liabilities			
	Lease Liabilities	19	43.41	55.56
	Other financial Liabilities	20	42.20	49.05
	Provisions (non Current)	21	1,145.37	976.84
	Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	38	957.99	784.21
	Other non -Current Liabilities	22	2.50	1.30
			2,191.47	1,866.96
	Current liabilities			
	Financial liabilities			
	Trade Payable due to :	23		
	Micro and small enterprises		68.28	36.63
	Other than micro and small enterprises		2,466.78	2,111.26
	Lease Liabilities	19	11.26	8.81
	Other Financial liabilities	24	590.47	805.46
	Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	25	30.77	24.99
	Other Current liabilities	26	424.80	656.97
	Provisions	27	117.71	307.01
			3,710.07	3,951.13
	Total Liabilities		29,439.71	25,537.26

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our reports attached.

For Cyriac & Associates Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.014033S

Jim Cyriac (Partner) Membership No.:230039

Thiruvananthapuram Thursday, May 19, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LTD

G Krishna Kumar Hardik Bharat Patel DIN01100361 DIN:1450683 Chairman Managing Director

Chief Finance Officer & Company Secretary

Mumbai

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for Period ended 31st March, 2022

				₹ in Lakh
Parti	culars	Note	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
I	Income			
	Revenue from operations	28	47,674.57	32,294.03
	Other Income	30	462.11	258.36
	Total income		48,136.69	32,552.40
II	Expenses			
	Cost of materials consumed	31	33,379.47	20,668.12
	Purchase of stock in trade	31	553.49	385.86
	Changes in inventories of finished goods,work-in- progress and stock in trade	32	(645.75)	108.10
	Employee benefit expense	33	2,462.04	2,126.30
	Finance costs	34	22.04	25.39
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	35	719.84	631.65
	Other expenses	36	5,433.52	4,101.85
	Total expense		41,924.65	28,047.27
III	Profit before exceptional items & tax		6,212.04	4,505.13
IV	Exceptional items	37	197.44	-
٧	Profit before tax		6,014.60	4,505.13
VI	Tax expense			
	Current tax		1,416.77	1,093.54
	Deferred tax	38	133.51	68.88
VII	Profit for the year		4,464.32	3,342.71
VIII	Other Comprehensive income			
	Items that will not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss (net)			
	i. Remeasurements gain/losses on defined benefit plans	39	77.16	(90.21)
	ii. Income tax relating to above		(17.08)	22.71
IX	Total Comprehensive income for the year (Comprising profit and other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year)		4,524.40	3,275.21
Χ	Earnings per share (of ₹ 5/- each):			
	Basic & Diluted in Rs. Ps	40	8.34	6.38
	Diluted in Rs. Ps		8.34	6.33

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our reports attached.

For Cyriac & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.014033S

Jim Cyriac (Partner)

Membership No.:230039

Thiruvananthapuram Thursday, May 19, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LTD

Hardik Bharat Patel G Krishna Kumar DIN01100361 DIN:1450683 Chairman Managing Director

N.N. Parameswaran

Chief Finance Officer & Company Secretary

Mumbai



Consolidated Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2022

I Equity

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	No. of Shares	Amount
Issued Share Capital		
Balance as at 31 March 2021	54267529	2,713.38
Changes in Equity Share capital during the year	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2022	54267529	2,713.38

Rights, preferences and restrictions attaching to each class of shares including restrictions on the distribution of dividends and the repayment of capital

The company has one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 5 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the group after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

II. Other Equity Attributable to owners of Rubfila International Limited

₹ in Lakh

						₹ in Lakh
		Reserves & Surplus			Other Comprehensive Income	
Particulars	Share Application Money	Securities Premium (refer note 18.1)	General Reserves (refer	Retained Earnings (refer note 18.3)	Remeasure- ments of Defined Benefit Plans (refer note 18.4)	Total
Balance as at 01 April 2020	239.06	2,543.75	493.24	9,784.46	(67.68)	12,992.83
Profit for the Year				3,342.67		3,342.67
Payment of dividends				(593.61)		(593.61)
Transfer to General Reserve			147.82	(147.82)		-
Preferential issue of shares	(239.06)	1,570.50				1,331.44
Other comprehensive income					(67.50)	(67.50)
Balance as at 31 March 2021	-	4,114.25	493.24	12,533.52	(135.18)	17,005.83
Profit/ (Loss) for the Year	-	-	-	4,464.32	-	4,464.32
Dividends paid including taxes	-	-	-	(705.48)	-	(705.48)
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	60.08	60.08
Balance as at 31 March 2022	-	4,114.25	493.24	16,292.36	(75.10)	20,824.75

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our reports attached.

For Cyriac & Associates

Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No.014033S

Jim Cyriac (Partner)

Membership No.:230039

Thiruvananthapuram Thursday, May 19, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LTD

Hardik Bharat Patel G Krishna Kumar
DIN01100361 DIN:1450683
Chairman Managing Director

N.N. Parameswaran

Chief Finance Officer & Company Secretary

Mumbai



Rubfila International Limited

Statement of Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2022

₹ in Lakhs

Part	iculars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
I	Cash flow from operating activities		
	Profit before tax	6,014.60	4,505.11
	Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows		
	Depreciation and amortisation expenses	719.82	631.65
	Finance costs	4.27	3.55
	Allowance for doubtful debts and advances	-	25.69
	Gain on disposal of property , plant and equipment	4.48	(0.05)
	Allownace of expected credit Loss	5.09	1.87
	Interest income	(295.95)	(207.91)
	Interest Expenses	17.77	21.84
	Operating profit / (loss) before working capital changes	6,470.08	4,981.75
	Adjustments for :		
	(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(975.87)	(336.99)
	(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	(2,276.22)	148.00
	(Increase)/decrease in loans, advance and other assets	57.37	421.00
	(Increase)/decrease in other bank balances	(85.24)	(255.02)
	(Increase)/decrease in other assets	1,732.37	(2,588.88)
	(Increase) / decrease in Trade, other payables and provisions	(28.23)	150.35
	Cash generated from operations	4,894.26	2,520.21
	Income tax paid (Net of refunds)	(1,402.80)	(1,089.31)
	Cash flow from operating activities (A)	3,491.46	1,430.90

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Part	iculars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
II	Cash flow from investing activities		
	Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(2,946.31)	(2,183.60)
	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	1.89	2.59
	Interest received	295.95	207.91
	Cash flow from investing activities (B)	(2,648.47)	(1,973.10)
III	Cash flow from financing activities		
	Proceeds from issue of equity shares	-	240.00
	Share Application money received	-	1,331.44
	Dividend paid to Equity holders	(705.48)	(593.61)
	Finance Cost	(22.04)	(25.39)
	Paymnet of lease liabilities	13.02	1.42
	Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities (C)	(714.50)	953.86
	Net increase / (decrease) in Cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	128.49	411.66
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	743.26	331.63
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	871.77	743.26

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our reports attached.

For Cyriac & Associates

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.014033S

Jim Cyriac (Partner) Membership No.:230039

Thiruvananthapuram Thursday, May 19, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LTD

Hardik Bharat Patel G Krishna Kumar
DIN01100361 DIN:1450683
Chairman Managing Director

N.N. Parameswaran

Chief Finance Officer & Company Secretary

Mumbai

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statement for the year ended 31 March, 2022.



A) Group Corporate Information

Rubfila International Limited (RIL) (the "Holding company") is a is a public limited group domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. M/s Premier Tissues India Limited is the wholly owned subsidiary of the holding company.

The holding company is the largest manufacturer of both Talcum Coated and Silicon Coated Heat Resistant Latex Rubber threads in India. It has adopted internationally accepted quality standards and its products are well received among customers both in India as well as around the world. The subsidiary company is engaged in the business of manufacturing and selling of paper tissues.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 were approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issue on 19 May 2022.

B) Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

(i) Statement of compliance

"These consolidated financial statements ('financial statements') have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, and other relevant provisions of the Act and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI).

The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements."

(ii) Basis of preparation and presentation

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out in Para C below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

Rubfila International Limited

The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis considering the applicable provisions of Companies Act 2013, except for the following material item that has been measured at fair value as required by relevant IND AS. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

- a) Certain financial assets / liabilities measured at fair value and
- b) Defined benefit plans plan assets measured at fair value;
- c) Any other item as specifically stated in the accounting policy.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Group's normal operating cycle (not exceeding twelve months) and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Act.

The Financial Statement are presented in INR and all values are rounded off to Rupees Lakhs except share data and per share data unless otherwise stated.

On initial recognition, all foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. As at the reporting date, foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the Balance Sheet date and the exchange gains or losses are recognised in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

The group reclassifies comparative amounts, unless impracticable and whenever the group changes the presentation or classification of items in its financial statements materially. No such material reclassification has been made during the year.

(iii) Principles of consolidation

Subsidiaries are entities over which the Holding group has control. The Holding company controls an entity when the Holding company is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Holding company. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The Group combines the financial statements of the Holding company and its subsidiary line by line adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses. Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset.

(iv) Use of Estimate and judgment

In the application of accounting policy which are described in note (C) below, the management is required to make judgment, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, income and expenses, contingent liabilities and the accompanying disclosures that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant are prudent and reasonable. Actual results may differ from those estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future period.

The few critical estimations and judgments made in applying accounting policies are:

Property, plant and equipment:

Useful life of Property plant and equipment and intangible assets are as specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 and on certain assets based on technical advice which considered the nature of the asset, the usage of the asset, expected physical wear and tear, the operating conditions of the asset, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers warranties and maintenance support.

Impairment of non-financial Assets:

For calculating the recoverable amount of non-financial assets, the group is required to estimate the value-in-use of the asset or the Cash Generating Unit and the fair value less costs to disposal. For calculating value in use the group is required to estimate the cash flows to be generated from using the asset..

Impairment of financial assets:

The group measures the expected credit loss associated with its assets based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the entity operates or any other appropriate basis. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

Defined benefit plans:

The cost of the defined benefit plan and other post employment benefits and the present value of such obligations are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, mortality rates and attrition rate. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date. (refer Note 46)

Recognition and measurement of provisions and contingencies

The group has estimated the timings of cash outflows, if any, in respect of the contingent liabilities pending resolution of the respective proceedings, as it is determinable only on receipt of judgements/decisions pending with various forums/authorities. (refer Note 42)

C) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

For transition to IND AS, the group has elected to continue with the carrying value of Property, Plant and Equipment ('PPE') recognised as of the transition date(1 April 2016), measured as per the Previous GAAP and use that carrying value as its deemed cost of the PPE as on the transition date.

"Freehold land is carried at cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less depreciation and impairment, if any. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Capital Work-in-progress includes expenditure incurred till the assets are put into intended use. Capital Work-in-Progress are measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any."

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses except for freehold land which is not depreciated Cost includes

Rubfila International Limited

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purchase price after deducting trade discount / rebate, import duties, non-refundable taxes, cost of replacing the component parts, borrowing costs (if any) and other directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition in the manner intended by the management, and the initial estimates of the cost of dismantling /removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Spare parts procured along with the Plant and Equipment or subsequently which has a useful life of more than 1 year and considering the concept of materiality evaluated by management are capitalised and added to the carrying amount of such items. The carrying amount of items of PPE and spare parts that are replaced is derecognised when no future economic benefits are expected from their use or upon disposal. Other machinery spares are treated as 'stores and spares' forming part of the inventory.

An item of PPE is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss when asset is derecognised.

The depreciable amount of an asset is determined after deducting its residual value. Where the residual value of an asset increases to an amount equal to or greater than the asset's carrying amount, no depreciation charge is recognised till the asset's residual value decreases below the asset's carrying amount. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e., when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the intended manner.

Depreciation on fixed assets is calculated on a straight-line basis using the rates arrived at based on the useful lives prescribed under the schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except for the list of assets mentioned in the following table, where useful life is estimated by the management, which is different as compared to those prescribed under the Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

Block of Assets	Estimated life considered for depreciation	Estimated life as per Schedule 2 of Companies Act 2013
Building		
- Office	58	60
- Factory	28	30
Plant and Machinery		
- Production Line	18	20
- Factory Equipment	9	8
- Lab Equipments	10	8
- Furnitures & Fixtures		10

Depreciation on fixed assets added/disposed off during the year is provided on pro rata basis with reference to the date of addition/disposal.

Impairment

The carrying amounts of the group's tangible assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the assets' recoverable amounts are estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The impairment loss, if any, is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which impairment takes place.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, however subject to the increased carrying amount not exceeding the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior accounting periods.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate



for the entire life of the contract by estimating the cash flows that are likely to be received in default scenario. The lifetime PD is reduced to 12 month PD based on an assessment of past history of default cases in 12 months. Further, the loss given default is calculated based on an estimate of the value of the security recoverable as on the reporting date. The exposure at default is the amount outstanding at the balance sheet date.

2 Intangible Assets

On transition to Ind AS, the group has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of intangible assets recognized as at 1st April 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of intangible assets.

Cost of software is capitalized as intangible asset and amortized on a straight-line basis over the economic useful life of three years.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of amortization of intangible assets are reviewed by the management at each financial year and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

3 Investment properties

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the group, is classified as investment property. Investment property is measured at its cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs less depreciation and impairment if any.

The residual value and the useful life of an asset is reviewed at least at each financial yearend based on a tangible valuation and, if expectations differ from previous estimates, the change(s) is accounted for as a change in an accounting estimate in accordance with Ind AS 8 – Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors.

4 Investments in subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity that is controlled by the group. The group accounts for the investments in equity shares of subsidiaries at cost in accordance with Ind AS 27- Separate Financial Statements.

5 Impairment

Impairment of non - Financial Asset

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date for if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognised wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount the recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset. In determining net selling price, recent market transactions are considered, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. After impairment, depreciation /amortization is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

Impairment of Financial Assets:

The group impairs financial assets other than those measured at fair value through profit or loss or designated at fair value through other comprehensive income on expected credit losses. The estimation of expected credit loss includes the estimation of probability of default (PD), loss given default (LGD) and the exposure at default (EAD). Estimation of probability of default apart from involving trend analysis of past delinquency rates include an estimation on forward looking information relating to not only the counterparty but also relating to the industry and the economy as a whole. The probability of default is estimated

6 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value item wise. Cost includes indirect cost also. Costs incurred in bringing the inventory to its present location and condition are accounted for as follows:

- (i) Raw materials: Cost includes cost of purchase net of duties, taxes that are recoverable from the Government and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on FIFO basis.
- (ii) Finished goods and work in progress: Cost includes cost of direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity but excluding borrowing costs if any. Work in progress are valued considering the cost of direct materials only.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Inventory obsolescence is based on assessment of the future uses. Obsolete and slow moving items are subjected to continuous technical monitoring and are valued at lower of cost and estimated net realizable value. When Inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those items are recognized as expenses in the period in which the related revenue is recognized.

7 Government Grants, Subsidies and Export incentives

Government Grants and subsidies are recognized when there is reasonable assurance that the group will comply with the conditions attached to them and the grants / subsidy will be received. Export benefits are accounted on receipt basis only.

Advance License

The group had obtained 8 advance licenses (Previous year 3 Licenses) for duty free import of Raw Materials. group has met the export obligation in full against the 7 Licences (Previous year 2 Licenses).

8 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognised when the group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, for which it is probable that a cash outflow will be required, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, it's carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of time value of money is material). These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Contingent Liabilities are disclosed when the group has a possible obligation, or a present obligation and it is probable that an outflow of resources will not be required to settle the obligation or the amount of obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability. Contingent assets are not recognized in the books of account. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and the related income

are recognised in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs. If an inflow of economic benefits has become probable, an entity discloses the contingent asset.

9 Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency by applying the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

Foreign currency monetary items are reported using the closing rate. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction; non-monetary items which are carried at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rates that existed when such values were determined.

Exchange differences: Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting the group's monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statements, are recognised as income or as expenses in the year in which they occur. The exchange differences arising on restatement / settlement of long-term foreign currency monetary items are capitalized as part of the depreciable fixed assets to which the monetary item relates and depreciated over the remaining useful life of such assets.

10 Share Capital and Share Premium:

Ordinary shares are classified as equity, par value of the equity share is recorded as share capital and the amount received in excess of the par value is classified as share premium.

11 Dividend Distribution to equity shareholders:

The group recognises a liability to make cash distributions to equity holders when the distribution is authorized and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the group. A distribution is authorized when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in other equity along with any tax thereon.

12 Cash Flows and Cash and Cash Equivalents

Statement of cash flows is prepared in accordance with the indirect method prescribed in the Ind AS 7. For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, cheques and drafts on hand, deposits held with Banks, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

13 Revenue Recognition

The group derives revenues primarily from sale of manufactured goods, traded goods and related services. Effective 01 April 2018, the Group has adopted Indian Accounting Standard 115 (Ind AS 115) -'Revenue from contracts with customers' using the cumulative catchup transition method, applied to contracts that were not completed as on the transition date i.e. 01 April 2018. The effect on adoption of Ind-AS 115 was insignificant.

Revenue is recognized on satisfaction of performance obligation upon transfer of control of promised products to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to receive in exchange for those products or services.

The group has a very low sales return ratio to sales and hence no provision for sales return

or refund liability is recognized in the accounts for the products expected to be returned. The group does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, it does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for volume discounts, price concessions and incentives, if any, as specified in the contract with the customer. Revenue also excludes taxes collected from customers

a. Sale of Goods:

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when is recognized at the moment when control has been transferred to the customer and is measured net of trade discounts, rebates and pricing allowances to customers.

b. Export benefits/incentives:

Export incentives under various schemes notified by the Government are recognized when confirmation of the right to receive the income is established. Receipts from government by way of Duty Draw Back is recognized only on receipt basis.

c. Other incomes:

Other incomes are recognised on accrual basis except when there are significant uncertainties. Interest income is recognised on accrual basis using effective interest rate method.

14 Employee benefits

a. Short term employee benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering services are classified as short term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages, short-term compensated absences, performance incentives etc., are recognised during the period in which the employee renders related services and are measured at undiscounted amount expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

b. Long term employee benefits:

The cost of providing long term employee benefit such as earned leave is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period. The expected costs of the benefit are accrued over the period of employment using the same methodology as used for defined benefits post-employment plans. Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to the Statement of Profit or Loss in which they arise except those included in cost of assets as permitted. The benefit is valued annually by independent actuary.

c. Defined contribution plans.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans, viz., Provident Fund for certain eligible employees, Pension Fund and Superannuation benefits are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered the service entitling them to the contribution.

d. Defined benefit plans: gratuity.

The net present value of the obligation for gratuity benefits are determined by actuarial valuation, conducted annually using the projected unit credit method. The retirement benefit obligations recognised in the Balance Sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligations reduced by the fair value of plan assets. All expenses represented by current service cost, past service cost, if any, and net interest on the defined benefits are recognised immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss as past service cost, if any, and net interest on the defined benefit liability/(asset) are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability/ (asset) comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on the plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest), are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income. Such remeasurements are not reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the subsequent periods.

15 Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of tax currently payable and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax

Current tax includes provision for Income Tax computed under Special provision (i.e., Minimum alternate tax) or normal provision of Income Tax Act. Tax on Income for the current year is determined on the basis on estimated taxable income and tax credits computed in accordance with the provisions of the relevant tax laws and based on the expected outcome of assessments / appeals.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or items related to equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

16 Earnings per Share

The group presents basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") data for its equity shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit and loss attributable to equity shareholders of the group by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit and loss attributable to equity share-holders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

17 Current versus non-current classification

The group presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is classified as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

- A liability is classified as current when:
- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or

There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.



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All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the group's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the group has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current - noncurrent classification of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as noncurrent assets and liabilities.

18 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the group takes into account the characteristics of asset and liability if market participants would take those into consideration.

The group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

19 Financial assets

A financial asset inter-alia includes any asset that is cash, equity instrument of another entity or contractual obligation to receive cash or another financial asset or to exchange financial asset or financial liability under condition that are potentially favourable to the group.

Investments in subsidiaries & joint ventures

Investments in equity shares of subsidiaries and joint venture are carried at cost less impairment. Impairment is provided for on the basis explained in Paragraph (5) of Note C above.

Financial assets other than above

Financial assets of the group comprise trade receivable, cash and cash equivalents, Bank balances, loans/ advances to employee / others, security deposit, claims recoverable etc.

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in three catego-

- Financial assets measured at amortized cost
- Financial assets at fair value through OCI
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets measured at amortized cost

Financial assets are measured at amortized cost if the financials asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. These financial assets are amortized using the effective interest rate (EIR) method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

Financial assets at fair value through OCI (FVTOCI)

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. At initial recognition, an irrevocable election is made to designate investments in equity instruments other than held for trading purpose at FVTOCI. Fair value changes are recognised in the other comprehensive income (OCI).

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Any financial asset that does not meet the criteria for classification as at amortized cost or as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, is classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Derecognition

The group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

20 Financial liabilities

The group's financial liabilities include trade payable, accrued expenses and other pay-

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities at initial recognition are classified as financial liabilities at amortized cost or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the fair value at initial recognition is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends upon the classification as described below:-

Financial Liabilities at Fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)

FVTPL includes financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as FVTPL. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. Financial liabilities have not been designated upon initial recognition at FVTPL.



Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged / cancelled / expired..

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

21 Inter corporate deposits.

The Holding company had advanced Inter Corporate loans to companies on short term basis at a specific rate of interest against security. The inter corporate deposit are advanced to the unrelated / unrelated companies after considering factors such as track record, size of organization, market reputation and value of the security.

22 Employee stock option scheme

Rubfila International Limited – Employee Stock Option Scheme 2017 (RUBFILA ESOS 2017 was approved by the members in their meeting held on 15th September, 2017 for granting 1500000 options to the eligible employees of the group in one or more tranches. The group has received in-principle approval from BSE for the allotment of 1500000 equity shares of Rs.5/- under the above scheme vide its letter dt.03-07-2018. The list of eliqible employees has been approved by the group and the total options to be granted as per the list is 670000 Nos. The date of grant of options is August 1, 2018 which needs to be exercised within one year. Option granted under this RUBFILA ESOS 2017 would vest after one year but not later than four years from the date of grant of such options

March, 31 Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended

Property, plant and equipment 2

		Gross	Gross block		` '	Accumulated	Accumulated depreciation		Net	Net block
Particulars	As at 1st April, 2021	Additions	Disposals	As at 31 st March, 2022	As at 1st April, 2021	Depreciation for the year	Eliminated on dispos-al of assets	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Tangible Assets										
Land	1,499.44	1.55	1.26	1,499.73	ı	ı	ı	1	1,499.73	1,499.44
Building	4,489.69	789.41	1	5,279.10	952.67	131.27	ı	1,083.94	4,195.16	3,537.02
Plant & Equipment	15,073.69	2,431.25	18.07	17,486.87	7,453.16	540.59	89.6	7,984.07	9,502.80	7,620.53
Furniture & Fixtures	99.84	2.88	1	102.72	77.64	4.59	ı	82.23	20.49	22.20
Vehicles	86.11	10.03	5.28	98.86	48.37	9.56	5.01	52.92	37.95	37.74
Office Equipment	108.21	9.16	1	117.37	70.93	9.10	ı	80.03	37.34	37.28
Computer & Acces- sories	130.58	21.90	1	152.48	116.30	7.77	1	124.07	28.41	14.28
Total	21,487.56	3,266.18	24.61	24,729.13	8,719.07	702.88	14.69	9,407.25	15,321.88	12,768.49
	20,099.34	1,449.94	61.72	21,487.56	8,112.95	626.88	20.76	8,719.07	12,768.49	11,986.39

Of the entire extent of 113.15 acres of land procured by the company in Midapadi and Pushpathur village in Dindigul district, Palani Taluk, Tamil Nadu, the company is not in possession of registered deed for a parcel of land admeasuring to 0.912 acres from the registration department due to lack of consensus regarding valuation of property. Further, land mutation has not been carried out for an extent of 87.97 acres of land by the revenue authorites.

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3. Capital Work in progress

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Capital work-in-progress	421.05	524.71
Total	421.05	524.71

3.1 Movement of Capital work in progress

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
At the beginning of the year	524.71	22.88
Additions during the year	4,252.79	1,402.42
Less capitalised during the year	4,356.45	900.59
At the end of the year	421.05	524.71

4 Intangible Assets

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Computer software	As at 31 March 2021
Cost		
At the beginning of the year	51.20	49.52
Additions	5.18	1.68
Disposals	-	-
At the end of the year	56.38	51.20
Amortization		-
At the beginning of the year	43.25	39.58
Charge for the year	3.94	3.67
At the end of the year	47.19	43.25
Net Book Value	9.19	7.95

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5 Right of Use Assets

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Computer software	As at 31 March 2021
Building Cost		
At the beginning of the year	65.13	65.13
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
At the end of the year	65.13	65.13
Amortization		-
At the beginning of the year	1.09	-
Charge for the year	13.02	1.09
At the end of the year	14.11	1.09
Net Book Value	51.02	64.04

6 Investment Property

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Free hold Land		
11.87 Acres in Coimbatore District Pollachi Taluk Tamil Nadu	128.15	128.15
Total	128.15	128.15

6.1 The cost of the land has been considered as the fair value of the property and as per the value determined by external independent property valuers, having appropriate recognised professional qualification and recent experience in the location and category of the property being valued it is confirmed that there is no impairment losses during the current year (31 March 2021 Previous year - Nil). The fair value measurement is categorised in level 3 fair value hierarchy.

7 Goodwill ₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Goodwill arising on business combination	32.76	32.76
Total	32.76	32.76

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7.1 The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that goodwill may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs to is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

8 Other financial assets (Non current)

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Security Deposits	164.11	167.57
Earmarked Balances with banks		
Bank Guarantee	35.01	34.55
Unpaid Dividend Accounts	168.24	151.94
Total	367.36	354.06

9 Other non - current Asset

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Capital Advance to Suppliers	233.15	457.65
Vat Credit Receivable*	173.42	173.42
Income Tax Refund Receivable	-	2.08
Prepaid Expenses	8.46	-
Total	415.03	633.15

^{*} Rs. 173.42 Lakhs in VAT credit receivable pertains to the credit receivable from Tripura which is fully provided for in the books.

10 Inventories ₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
(a) Raw Materials	1,161.03	877.19
(b) Work in Progress	706.52	468.59
(c) Finished Goods	737.92	344.76
(d) Stores & Spares	339.25	278.31
Total	2,944.72	1,968.85

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11 Trade Receivables (Current)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Trade receivables	5,543.91	3,271.83
Receivables from related parties	-	-
Trade receivables- Credit Impaired	5.09	27.84
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	5.09	27.84
Total receivables	5,543.91	3,271.83
Break-up of security details		
Secured, considered good		
Unsecured considered good	5,543.91	3,271.83
Credit impaired	5.09	27.84
Total	5,549.00	3,299.67
Allowance for doubtful debts	5.09	27.84
Total trade receivables	5,543.91	3,271.83

Disc	losure of Debtors	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
(i)	Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good		
	Related parties	-	-
	Others	5,543.91	3,271.83
(ii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk		
	Related parties	-	-
	Others	5.09	2.97
(iii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired		
	Related parties	-	-
	Others	(5.09)	(2.97)
(iv)	Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good		
	Related parties	-	-
	Others	-	-

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Disc	losure of Debtors	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
(v)	Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk		
	Related parties	-	-
	Others	-	22.43
(vi)	Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired		
	Related parties	-	-
	Others	-	(22.43)
	Total	5,543.91	3,271.83
	Trade receivables aging (outstanding for following periods from due date of payment)		
	Less than 6 months		
	Related parties	-	-
	Others	5,538.76	3,248.84
	6 months - 1 year		
	Related parties	-	-
	Others	1.26	4.11
	1-2 years		
	Related parties	-	-
	Others	0.79	26.10
	2-3 years		
	Related parties	-	-
	Others	7.80	7.12
	More than 3 years		
	Related parties	-	-
	Others	0.39	13.50
	Total	5,549.00	3,299.67
	Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	5.09	27.84
	Total trade receivables	5,543.91	3,271.83

Refer note No 52 for information about credit risk and market risk of trade receivables

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11.1 Movement in the expected credit loss allowance

₹ in Lakhs

Balance at the end of the year	5.09	27.84
Add: provision made during the year	7.84	3.85
Less: balances written off / Recovered during the year	30.59	7.57
Balance at the beginning of the year	27.84	31.56
Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021

12 Cash and cash equivalents

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
(a) Cash on hand	5.01	8.86
(b) Balances with Banks		
- In Current Accounts	809.81	711.40
- In short term deposits	56.95	23.00
Total	871.77	743.26

Cash and cash equivalents as per consolidated Statement of Cash Flows is the same amounts stated above.

13 Bank Balances other than cash and cash equivalents

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Bank deposits having original maturity more than 3 months but less than 12 months	474.99	207.23
Unclaimed dividends -Earmarked balances with banks	16.64	199.16
Total	491.63	406.39

14 Loans (current)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Inter Corporate Deposits		
Secured, Considered Good	2,475.00	3,730.00
Total	2,475.00	3,730.00

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15 Other financial assets (current)

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Interest Receivable	26.78	5.26
Other Receivable	0.02	0.02
Advance to Employees	4.89	3.83
Other Current Asset - Udumelpet equipments (meant for Sale)	-	384.27
Total	31.69	393.38

16 Other current assets

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
GST Input Credit	164.44	409.78
Advance to Vendors	33.04	60.13
Others	10.94	5.22
Incetive Script	84.62	-
Prepaid Expense (Unsecured, considered good)	43.90	41.52
Total	336.94	516.65

17 Equity Share capital

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Authorised		
7,00,00,000 Equity shares of ₹5 each (7,00,00,000 Equity shares of ₹5 each)	3,500.00	3,500.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up capital		
5,42,67,529 Equity shares of ₹5 each (4,94,67,529 Equity shares of ₹5 each)	2,713.38	2,713.38

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17.1 ₹ in Lakhs

Reconciliation of the number of shares	As at 31 M	larch 2022	As at 31 N	larch 2021
Authorised Share Capital				
Balance as at the beginning of the year	70000000	3,500.00	70000000	3,500.00
Changes in Authorised Equity Share capital during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance as at the end of the year	70000000	3,500.00	70000000	3,500.00
Issued Share Capital				
Balance as at the beginning of the year	54267529	2,713.38	49467529	2,473.38
Preferential issue of shares	-	-	4800000	240.00
Balance as at the end of the year	54267529	2,713.38	54267529	2,713.38

Rights, preferences and restrictions attaching to each class of shares including restrictions on the distribution of dividends and the repayment of capital

The holding company has one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹5 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the group after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

The Board of Directors have recommended a Final Dividend of ₹1.75/- per share (on fully paid up share of ₹ 5/- each) for FY 2021-22 and is subject to approval of shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

18 Other equity (Reserves & Surplus)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Share Application Money pending allotment		
As per last balance sheet		239.06
Add: Preferential Issue of Share Application Money received		(239.06)
	-	-
Reserves & Surplus		
Securities Premium		
As per last Balance Sheet	4,114.25	2,543.75
Add: Premium on Shares issued under preferential issue	-	1,570.50
	4,114.25	4,114.25

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Particulars	As at 31 March 202	2 As at 31 March 2021
General Reserves		
As per last Balance Sheet	641.06	493.24
Add: Transferred from Retained Earnings	-	147.82
	641.06	641.06
Retained Earnings		
As per last Balance Sheet	12,385.69	9,784.45
Add: Profit for the year	4,464.32	3,342.67
Less Appropriations		
Dividend on Equity Shares including taxes	705.48	593.61
Transferred from Retained Earnings	-	147.82
	16,144.53	12,385.69
Other Comprehensive Income		
Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Plans	-	-
As per last Balance Sheet	(135.18)	(67.68)
Add: Movement in OCI (Net) during the year	60.08	(67.50)
	(75.10)	(135.18)
Total	20,824.74	17,005.82

Nature and purpose of reserves :

- **18.1** Securities premium represents amounts received in excess of par value on issue of shares.
- **18.2** General reserve represents accumulated profits and is created by transfer of profits from Retained Earnings and it is not an item of Other Comprehensive Income and the same shall not be subsequently reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss.
- **18.3** Retained earning: Retained earnings are the profits that the group has earned till date, less any transfers to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders.
- **18.4** Remeasurements of defined benefit plans gains / losses arising on remeasurements of defined benefit plans are recognised in the other comprehensive income as per IND AS-19 and shall not be reclassified to the statement of profit or loss in the subsequent years.



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19 Lease Liabilities (Non Current)

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Lease Liability of office premises and depots		
Non Current	43.41	55.56
Current	11.26	8.81

20 Other financial liabilities (non current)

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Security Deposits	42.20	49.05
Total	42.20	49.05

21 Provisions (non-current)

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Provision for Contingent Liabilities		
Provision for Tripura VAT Receivable	173.42	173.42
Provision for Contigencies	854.00	674.00
Provision for sales tax differential payable	0.54	0.54
Others	23.72	23.72
	1,051.68	871.68
Other Provisions :		
Provision for compensated absences	62.29	98.95
Provision for gratuity	31.40	6.21
Total	1,145.37	976.84

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21.1 Movement of Provision for Contingent Liabilities

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021
Balance as at 1st April, 2020	700.59
Provision recognised during the year	-
Provision for Contigencies	150.00
Amount utilised / reclassified during the year	23.72
Amount reversed during the year	
Provision for sales tax differential payable	2.63
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	871.68
Provision recognised during the year	
Provision for Contigencies	180.00
Amount utilised / reclassified during the year	-
Amount reversed during the year	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2022	1,051.68

- **21.2** Provision for Tripura VAT Receivable: The amount receivable as Tripura VAT is towards the VAT refund on operations in Agartala during the financial years 2014-2017 which is still pending for assessment and release of refund. The company has provided for the entire amount receivable due to the uncertainities involved in connection with the assessment of the amount.
- 21.3 Provision for Contigencies: Due to the numerous uncertainties and variables associated with certain assumptions and judgments, and the effects of changes in the regulatory and legal environment, both the precision and reliability of the resulting estimates of the related contingencies are subject to substantial uncertainties. The group regularly monitors its estimated exposure to such loss contingencies and, as additional information becomes known, may change its estimates significantly. However, no estimate of the range of any such change can be made at this time. The group has prudently set aside an amount irrespective of the possible outcome.
- **21.4** Provision for sales tax differential payable: Sale Tax Differential payable of Rs.0.54 Lacs represents the amounts paid by the customers in lieu of Form C (differential tax) which will be offset against any liability arised after an assessment for the year 2014-15 (VAT Authorities, Agartala) and for first three months of 2017-18 (VAT authorities, Kerala).

22 Other non-current liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Other		
Advances received	2.50	1.30
Total	2.50	1.30

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23 Trade payables (current)

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises	68.28	36.63
Dues of Creditors other than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises	2,466.83	2,116.30
Total	2,535.11	2,152.93

23.1 Trade payable ageing

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Less than 1 year		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	68.30	36.62
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	2,466.83	2,116.30
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		
1 -2 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
2-3 years	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-
Total	2,535.11	2,152.93

23.2 Dues to micro enterprises and small enterprises:

Micro & Small enterprises as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act) have been identified by the group on the basis of the information available with the group and the auditors have relied on the same. Sundry creditors include total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises amounting to 68.3 Lakhs (Previous Year: 36.62 Lakhs). The disclosure pursuant to MSMED Act based on the books of account is as under:

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₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Principal amount due and remaining unpaid	68.30	36.62
Interest due on above and the unpaid interest	-	0.06
Interest paid in terms of Section 16 of MSMED Act	-	-
Amount of payments made to supplier beyond the appointed day	0.02	1.68
Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay on payment made beyond the appointed day during the year without adding interest specified under MSMED Act,2006	-	-
Amount of Interest accrued and remaining unpaid	-	0.06
Amount of further interest remaining due and payable in succeeding years for the purpose of disallowance under section 23 of the MSMED Act,2006	-	-

24 Other financial liabilities

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
At amortised cost		
Payable on purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment	233.26	423.77
Payable to Employees	172.33	192.55
Unpaid Dividend	184.88	189.14
Total	590.47	805.46

Note: There are no amounts due for payment to the Investor Education and Protection Fund under Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 as at the year end.

25 Current tax liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Provision for taxation	30.77	24.99
Total	30.77	24.99

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26 Other current liabilities

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Statutory dues payable	314.64	337.18
Advances received from customers	108.15	317.30
Other payables	2.01	2.49
Total	424.80	656.97

27 Provisions(Current)

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Provisions for Employee Benefits		
Provision for Salary Arrears, Bonus & Production Incentive	0.59	124.98
Provision for compensated Absences	75.42	34.86
Provison for Gratuity	41.70	147.17
Total	117.71	307.01

28 Revenue from operations

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
(a) Sale of Products		
Domestic	38,886.76	26,923.40
Exports	8,554.85	5,282.12
Scrap sales	65.14	58.92
(b) Other Operating Revenues		
Duty Draw backs & Export incentives	168.82	30.09
Total	47,675.57	32,294.53

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29 Reconcilition of revenue from operations

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Contract price	47,530.65	32,264.47
Less:-		
Sales returns	44.41	7.31
Others	0.32	-
	47,485.92	32,257.16
Other Operating Revenues	189.65	37.36
Total Revenue from operations	47,675.57	32,294.53

30 Other income ₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Interest Income		
On deposits with banks and other balances	24.64	83.77
On Inter Corporate Deposits	271.31	124.13
Gain on foreign currency transactions and translations (net)	143.48	44.91
Miscellaneous Income	21.70	4.19
Unclaimed creditors written off	0.98	1.36
Total	462.11	258.36

31 Cost of materials consumed

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Opening Stock	1,435.18	916.51
Add: Purchases	33,664.70	21,189.20
Less: Closing Stock	1,720.41	1,437.59
Cost of Materials consumed	33,379.47	20,668.12
Material consumed comprises:		
Latex / chemicals	30,184.19	18,436.70
Paper/ chemicals	3,195.28	2,231.42
Total	33,379.47	20,668.12

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32 Changes In Inventories In finished goods

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Closing Stock		
Finished Goods	1,115.93	470.18
Opening Stock		
Finished Goods	470.18	578.28
Total	(645.75)	108.10

33 Employee benefit expense

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Salaries & Wages	2,194.63	1,906.16
Contributions to Provident and Other funds	134.06	116.89
Staff Welfare Expense	133.35	103.25
Total	2,462.04	2,126.30

34 Finance cost

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Interest expense others	22.04	25.39
Total	22.04	25.39

35 Depreciation and amortisation expense

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Depreciation on tangible assets	702.88	627.16
Amortisation of intangible assets	3.94	3.40
Depreciation on right of use assets	13.02	1.09
Total	719.84	631.65

36 Other expense

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Power & fuel	2,398.14	1,598.83
Effluent treatment expense	367.98	230.47
Administrative expenses	423.54	304.05
Office expenses	106.48	122.99
Repairs & maintenance	443.68	319.13
Donations & contributions	4.88	3.85
CSR expenses	66.84	52.99
Legal & professional	100.33	97.16
Payment to auditors		
For Statutory audit	9.17	8.84
For Cost audit	0.50	0.50
Secretarial expense		
Secretarial expense	13.49	9.49
Directors sitting fee	15.20	12.90
Dividend distribution	4.57	4.59
Selling expenses	1,287.47	1,052.90
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	-	130.11
Less: Bad debts provided in the previous year recovered	(1.07)	(6.85)
Provision for contigencies	180.00	150.00
Provision for credit Loss	7.84	-
Loss on derecognition of PPE	4.48	9.90
Total	5,433.52	4,101.85

37 Exceptional Items

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Loss on sale of old Machineries	197.44	-
Total	197.44	-

38 Income taxes expense

₹ in Lakhs

Tax expense/(credit) recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Current tax		
Provision of Income Tax	-	-
Less: MAT Credit Receivable	-	-
Current Tax - Current Year	1416.77	1093.54
Current Tax - Earlier Years	-	-
Less: MAT credit utilization	-	-
Total current tax expense	1,416.77	1,093.54
Deferred Tax		
Deferred tax charge/(credit)	133.51	68.88
MAT Credit (taken)/utilised	-	-
Total deferred income tax expense/(credit)	133.51	68.88
Total income tax expense	1,550.28	1,162.42



38.1 The movement in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year ended 31 March, 2021 and 31 March, 2022:

₹ in Lakhs

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Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Opening balance	(807.40)	(771.08)
Opening balance recognized in other comprehensive income	23.19	-
Tax effect on items constituting deferred tax liabilities		
Arising on account of difference in carrying amount and tax base of PPE and Intangibles	1,280.59	1,129.48
	1,280.59	1,129.48
Tax effect on items constituting deferred tax assets		
Compensated absences	31.57	28.65
Provision for Gratuity	18.40	36.13
Expenses allowable on payment basis	1.83	24.60
Provision for Doubtful debts	5.97	40.70
Sales Tax Liability	0.14	0.14
Provision for Contingencies	258.58	213.28
	316.49	343.50
MAT Credit		
Minimum alternate tax credit entitlement	-	21.42
Recognised in other comprehensive income		
Tax expense during the year recognised in other comprehensive income	(6.11)	(23.19)
Net deferred tax liability	(957.99)	(784.21)
Deferred tax expense for the year	150.59	13.13
Recognised in statement of profit or loss	133.51	36.32
Recognised in other comprehensive income	(17.08)	(23.19)

39 Other comprehensive income

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
(a) (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (net)		
Actuarial Gain /Loss of defined Employee benefit plan	77.16	(90.21)
Share of OCI of joint venture accounted for using the equity method	-	-
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to Profit and Loss	(17.08)	22.71
(b) (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (net)	-	-
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to Profit and Loss	-	-
Total	60.08	(67.50)

40 Earning per share

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Earnings per Share of ₹5 each		
Net Profit for the year (in ₹ lakhs)	4,524.40	3,275.17
Basic Earnings per Share		
Weighted Average No. of Equity Shares	54,267,529	51,311,913
Basic EPS in Rs. Ps.	8.34	6.38
Diluted Earnings per Share		
Weighted Average No. of Equity Shares	54,267,529	51,744,961
Diluted EPS in Rs. Ps.	8.34	6.33

The Diluted EPS is computed by dividing the Net profit after Tax available for Equity shareholders by the weighted average number of Equity shares, after giving dilutive effect of share warrants for the respective period.

41 Assets Pledged as security

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Current Assets	-	-
Non Current assets		
Margin money deposits with bank (refer note 8)	35.01	35.01
Total	35.01	35.01

42 Contingent liabilities (to the extent not provided for)

₹ in Lakhs

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Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Contingent Liabilities		
Claims against the group not acknowledged as debts in respect of past disputed liabilities		
Disputed Duty Draw Back (excluding interest)*	391.73	391.73
Income tax liability that may arise in respect of matters pending	0.58	0.58
Sales tax liability that may arise in respect of matters pending	33.65	33.67

^{*}The interest on the duty drawback excess claimed in the years 2001-2003 could not be quantified.

42.1 The group has pending the following litigations with various courts and which in its opinion has no impact on its financial position in the financial statements as on 31 March 2022

Claims for the company	Status
Kerala State Electricity Board Ltd (Financial impact - Rs.65.57 Lacs) Admitted on 2018-2019	Appeal decided in favour of the group by Hnble High Court of Kerala
Claims against the company	Status
Commissioner of Customs, Coimbatore (Financial Impact - Rs.391.73 Lacs) Admitted on 2008-2009	Tribunal issued orders remanding the case back to the original authority, and to await the Supreme Court decision in a similar case.
Bank of Tokyo, Mumbai / Klen & Marshall (Financial Impact - Rs.9.67 Lacs) Admitted on 2004-2005	Pending for hearing in Hnble High Court of Kerala
Commissioner of GST (Agartala) (Financial Impact - Rs.1054.35 Lacs) Admitted on 2020-2021	Revision Petition before the Commissioner of Taxes, Agartala
Sub-Registrar Keerannure (Financial Impact - Rs.45.36 Lacs) Admitted on 2020-2021	Writ petition filed before the Hnble High Court of Tamil Nadu - pending hearing

It is not practicable for the group to estimate the timings of cash outflows, if any, in respect of the above contingent liabilities pending resolution of the respective proceedings, as it is determinable only on receipt of judgements/decisions pending with various forums/authorities.

The group has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in its financial statements. The group does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its financial results.

43 Commitments ₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Capital Commitments		
Capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the reporting period but not recognised as liabilities is as follows:		
Property, plant and equipment	2,468.83	2,701.48
Less: Capital advances and CWIP	527.60	951.48
Net Capital commitments	1,941.23	1,750.00

44 Corporate social responsibility

As per Section 135 of the Companies Act,2013, a company, meeting the applicability threshold, needs to spend at least 2% of its average net profit for the immediately preceding three financial years on corporate social responsibility(CSR) Activities. A CSR Committee has been formed by the company as per the Act. The funds were primarily allocated to the activities which are specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.

The holding company was required to spend an amount of ₹ 54.94 Lakhs (Previous Year ₹51.39 Lakhs) being 2% of the average net profits of the three immediately preceding financial years on CSR as per the provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. The holding company has during the year spent ₹ 66.84 Lakhs.

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Gross amount required to be spent	54.94	51.39
Amount spent during the year	66.84	52.99
(i) Construction / Acquisition of any Asset	-	-
(ii) On purposes other than (i) above	66.84	52.99
(Excess)/Short spent*	(11.90)	(1.60)
Total Eligible Amount	54.94	52.99

The nature of the CSR expenditures are in conducting programs and activities for promoting healthcare and sanitations, promoting education, providing life support to the economically backward individuals etc.

45 Disclosure pursuant to Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 116 "Leases"

A) Company as a lessee

(a) Operating Leases

The subsidiary company has taken office premise and depot premises on lease. These leases are generally renewed

on mutual consent and at prevailing market rate and sub-lease is generally restricted. Short term leases and lease of low value items are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Depreciation charge for right of use assets	-	1.09
Interest expense on lease liabilities	-	0.43
Expenses pertaining to short term leases	23.10	32.12
Expenses relating to leases of low-value assets (excluding short-term leases of low-value assets)	-	-
Total cash outflow for leases	37.60	38.95
Contingent rent expenses	-	-
Additions to right-of-use assets	-	65.13

(b) Finance Leases

The subsidiary company has not taken any asset on finance lease during the current year and the previous year.

B) Company as a Lessor

The subsidiary company has not let out any asset under lease or sub-lease during the current year and the previous year.

46 Disclosures under IND AS 19 - "Employee Benefits"

The holding company has contributed for Provident fund and superannuation fund as defined contribution plans. The actuary has provided a valuation of Gratuity liability and leave encashment liability in terms of the definition mentioned in para 7 of IND AS -19 the accounting based on the assumptions listed below and determined that there is no shortfall As at 31 March 2022 and for the year ended 31st March 2021.

46.1 During the year, the company has recognised the following amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Employer's contribution to Provident Fund and Family Pension Fund	75.17	68.27
Employer's contribution to Superannuation Fund	3.78	3.78
Gratuity - Funded	70.38	137.34
Leave Encashment - Unfunded	42.55	29.95

46.2 The valuation results for the defined benefit gratuity plan as at 31-3-2022 are produced in the tables below:

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
1 Accumention	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
1. Assumption	7,000/	7.440/
Discount Rate	7.00%	7.11%
Salary Escalation	8.00%	8.00%
Attrition Rate	3.00%	3.00%
2. Table showing changes in the present value of Obligation		
Present value of Obligation as at the beginning of the year	574.24	442.71
Interest Cost	40.30	30.41
Current Service Cost	36.70	27.75
Benefits paid	(14.62)	-
Actuarial (gain) / Loss on obligation	(8.30)	73.37
Present value of Obligation as at the end of the year	628.32	574.24
3. Table showing changes in Fair Value of Plan Assets		
Fair Value of Plan assets at the beginning of the year	430.70	430.70
Expected return of Plan assets	32.67	29.58
Contributions	72.44	-
Benefits paid	(14.62)	-
Actuarial (gain) / Loss on Plan assets	34.05	(29.58)
Fair Value of Plan assets at the end of the year	555.24	430.70
4. Table showing fair value of Plan assets	-	-
Fair Value of Plan assets at the beginning of the year	430.70	430.70
Actual return on Plan assets	32.67	29.58
Contributions	72.44	-
Benefits paid	(14.62)	-
Actuarial (gain) / Loss on Plan assets	34.05	(29.58)
Fair Value of Plan assets at the end of the year	555.24	430.70
Funded Status	73.10	143.55
Excess of Actual over estimated return on plan assets	-	-
(Actual rate of return = Estimated rate of return as ARD falls on 31st March)	_	_

Year e 31 Marc		Year ended 31 March 2021
5. Actuarial (Gain) / Loss recognized	-	-
Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations	(8.30)	73.37
Actuarial (gain) / Loss on Plan assets	(34.05)	29.58
Total Actuarial (gain) / loss for the year	(42.35)	102.95
6. The amounts to be recognized in the Balance Sheet and Statements of Profit / loss	-	-
Present value of Obligation at the end of the year	628.32	574.24
Fair Value of Plan assets at the end of the year	555.24	430.70
Funded Status	73.10	143.55
Net Asset / (Liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet	73.10	143.55
7. Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss		
Current Service Cost	36.70	27.75
Interest Cost	40.30	30.41
Expected Return on Plan assets	32.67	29.58
Net Actuarial (gain) / Loss recognised in the year	(42.35)	102.95
Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss	1.98	131.53

46.3 The valuation results for the unfunded Leave Encashment as at 31-3-2022 are produced in the tables below:

Particulars	Year ended Year ended 31 March 2022 31 March 2021
1. Assumption	
Discount Rate	7.54% 7.11%
Salary Escalation	8.00% 8.00%
Attrition Rate	3.00% 3.00%
Proportion of Leave Availment	5.00% 5.00%
Proportion of encashment on separation	95.00% 95.00%

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Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
2. Table showing changes in the present value of Obligation		
Present value of Obligation as at the beginning of the year	113.83	89.70
Interest Cost	7.82	5.96
Current Service Cost	36.85	34.80
Benefits paid	(7.55)	(5.82)
Actuarial (gain) / Loss on obligation	(25.51)	(10.81)
Present value of Obligation as at the end of the year	125.44	113.83
3. Table showing changes in Fair Value of Plan Assets		
Fair Value of Plan assets at the beginning of the year	-	-
Expected return of Plan assets	-	-
Contributions	7.50	5.82
Benefits paid	(7.50)	(5.82)
Actuarial (gain) / Loss on Plan assets	-	-
Fair Value of Plan assets at the end of the year	-	-
4. Table showing fair value of Plan assets		
Fair Value of Plan assets at the beginning of the year	-	-
Actual return on Plan assets	-	-
Contributions	7.50	5.82
Benefits paid	(7.50)	(5.82)
Actuarial (gain) / Loss on Plan assets	-	-
Fair Value of Plan assets at the end of the year	-	-
Funded Status		
Excess of Actual over estimated return on plan assets		
(Actual rate of return = Estimated rate of return as ARD falls on 31st March)		
5. Actuarial (Gain) / Loss recognized		
Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations	(25.51)	(10.81)
Actuarial (gain) / Loss on Plan assets	-	-
Total Actuarial (gain) / loss for the year	(25.51)	(10.81)

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Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021	
6. The amounts to be recognized in the Balance Sheet and Statements of Profit / loss			
Present value of Obligation at the end of the year	125.44	113.83	
Fair Value of Plan assets at the end of the year	-	-	
Funded Status	125.44	113.83	
Net Asset / (Liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet	125.44	113.83	
7. Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss			
Current Service Cost	36.85	34.80	
Interest Cost	7.82	5.96	
Expected Return on Plan assets	-	-	
Net Actuarial (gain) / Loss recognised in the year	(25.51)	(10.81)	
Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss	19.16	29.95	

47 Segment information

The holding company has only one primary segment namely Manufacture and sale of Heat Resistant Latex Rubber Thread in the current year. On the basis of Geographical revenue, allocated based on the location of the customer. Geographic segment of the company is disclosed as follows: Revenue outside India, ie Sales in Export Market and Revenue with in India, ie, Sales in Domestic Market.

The subsidiary company also has one primary segment namely manufacture and selling of tissue papers.

The Geographic segment individually contributing to the company's revenue and segment assets are as follows:

₹ in Lakhs

Dartiaulara	Year ended 31 March 2022		Year ended 31 March 2021	
Particulars	Assets	Revenues	Assets	Revenues
Out side India				
Asia	801.52	5,652.09	89.67	1,950.20
Europe	0.02	545.18	42.58	190.15
Africa	-	62.17	24.01	52.93
America	187.08	2,295.41	250.15	2,336.72
Within India	4,316.95	32,941.65	2,612.58	22,445.04
Total	5,305.57	41,496.50	3,018.99	26,975.04

The subsidiary company has only one primary segment namely Manufacture and sale of tissue papers in the current year. On

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the basis of Geographical revenue, allocated based on the location of the customer. Geographic segment of the group is disclosed as follows: Revenue outside India, ie Sales in Export Market and Revenue with in India, ie, Sales in Domestic Market.

Postin Lore	Year ended 31 March 2022		Year ended 31 March 2021	
Particulars	Assets	Revenues	Assets	Revenues
Out side India	-	-	-	3.83
Within India	5,093.30	5989.42	4,829.94	5278.29
Total	5,093.30	5,989.42	4,829.94	5,282.12

The subsidiary company is domiciled in India. Revenues from external customers attributed to an individual foreign country are not material, accordingly, it is not disclosed separately.

48 Related party transactions

In accordance with the requirement of Ind AS -24 on "Related Party Disclosures" the names of the related parties where control exists/able to exercise significant influence along with the aggregate transactions/ year end balance with them as identified and certified by the management are given below:

a Names of other related parties and nature of relationship

Promoter Group Mrs.Minal B Patel

Mr. Bharat Jayantilal Patel (died on : 29 May 2021)

Mrs.Bharati B Dattani

Mr.Dhiren S Shah Mr.Ruchit B Patel Mr.Hardik B Patel

Mrs.Chew Annie Guat Khuan*

M/s.Kerala State Industrial Development Corporation Ltd

b. Key Management Personnels Mr. Gopinathan Pillai Krishnakumar

Managing Director of holding company

OI HOIGH

Mr. Nurani Neelakantan Parameswaran

holding company

CFO & CS of

Mr. Venugopal Perumal Director of Subsidiary Company

Mr. Raghavendra C Shet CFO of

Subsidiary Company

c Companies in which Directors are interested: M/s PAT Financial Consultants Pvt Limited

Ms/ Finquest Securities PVT Ltd



^{*}Mrs.Chew Annie Guat Khuan was reclassified from promoter group with effect from 23-03-2022

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48.1 Transactions with related parties

Related Party	Nature of Transaction	2021-2022	2020-2021
Mr. Gopinathan Pillai Krishnakumar	Compensation for services	114.86	109.33
Mr. Nurani Neelakantan Parameswaran	Compensation for services	74.48	64.70
Mr.Venugopal Perumal	Compensation for services	34.13	26.83
Mr. Raghavendra C Shet	Compensation for services	18.58	17.01
M/s PAT Financial Consultants Pvt Limited	Inter Corporate Deposit	2,475.00	-
M/s PAT Financial Consultants Pvt Limited	Interest on Inter Corporate Deposit	271.31	-

48.2 Transactions with related parties

Outstanding Balances	Nature of Transaction	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
M/s PAT Financial Consultants Pvt Limited	Inter Corporate Deposit	2,475.00	-
M/s PAT Financial Consultants Pvt Limited	Interest on ICD	26.78	-

Key Managerial Personnel who are under the employment of the group are entitled to post-employment benefits and other long term employee benefits recognized as per Ind AS 19-'Employee Benefits' in the financial statements. As these employee benefits are lump sum amounts provided on the basis of actuarial valuation, the same is not included above.

Transcation within the group is disclosed in the standalone financial statements of the holding company.

49 Fair values

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The Management has assessed that its financial assets and liabilities like cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables, and other current liabilities approximate their carrying values largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The carrying amounts and fair values of financial instruments by class are as follows:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Financial assets		
Measured at fair value through profit and loss	-	-
Measured at amortised cost		
Other financial assets - Non current	283.38	241.62
Other financial assets - Current	19.43	387.57
Loans	2,558.98	3,842.44
Trade Receivables	5,543.91	5,583.27
Cash and cash equivalents	871.77	743.26

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Other bank balances	491.63	406.19
Financial Liabilities		
Measured at fair value through profit and loss	-	-
Measured at amortised cost		
Trade Payables	2,535.13	2,152.92
Lease Liabilities	54.66	64.37
Other Financial liabilities	507.16	761.11

50 Fair Value hierarchy

As at 31 March 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
Financial Instruments at FVTOCI		-		-
Financial Instruments at FVTPL		-	-	-
Financial Instruments at Amortized cost		1,363.40	8,405.70	9,769.10
Financial Liabilities		-	3,096.95	3,096.95

As at 31 March 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
Financial Instruments at FVTOCI	-	-	-	-
Financial Instruments at FVTPL	-	-	-	-
Financial Instruments at Amortized cost	-	1,149.45	10,054.90	11,204.35
Financial Liabilities	-	-	2,978.40	2,978.40

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy included financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This included listed equity instruments and mutual funds that have quoted price. The fair value of all equity instruments which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price as at the reporting period. The mutual funds are valued using the closing NAV.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market are determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3.

51 Capital management

The groups objective when managing capital is to safeguard continuity, maintain a strong credit rating and healthy cap-

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ital ratios in order to support its business and provide adequate return to share holders through continuing growth and maximise the share holders' value. The group's overall strategy remains unchanged from previous year. The group sets the amounts of capital required on the basis of annual business and long term operating plans.

52 Financial risk management

The groups's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The group's focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance. The groups's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristic of each customer. The groups's risk management activity focuses on actively securing the group's short to medium-term cash flows by minimising the exposure to volatile financial markets. Long-term financial investments are managed to generate lasting returns. The group does not actively engage in the trading of financial assets for speculative purpose nor does it write options. The most significant financial risk to which the group is exposed are described below:-

The group has assessed market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk to its financial instruments.

1 Market Risk

Is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument, as a result of interest rates, foreign exchange rates and other price risks. Financial instruments affected by market risks, Primarily include loans & borrowings, investments and foreign currency receivables, payables and borrowings.

1a Interest Rate Risk

The groups has not availed any loans other than for a short term inter corporate loan, hence the exposure to interest rate risk is minimal. (Previous year-Nil)

1b Currency Risk:

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the purchase of materials from abroad and realization on export sales: The impact on the group's profit before tax due to change in interest rate is given below:-

Unhedged short term exposures

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Trade Receivables	992.1	7 482.33
USD	992.01	482.01
EURO	0.14	0.31
GBP	0.02	0.01
Trade Payables	115.7	7 182.24
USD	104.98	172.44
EURO	1.77	1.95
GBP	9.02	7.85

The sensitivity to a 5% increase or decrease in the exchange rate against INR with all other variables held constant will be $\stackrel{?}{\sim}43.82$ Lakhs (previous year $\stackrel{?}{\sim}15.00$ Lakhs) The Sensitivity analysis is prepared on the net unhedged exposure of the group at the reporting date. The group has not entered into any forward contracts or foreign currency hedges to mitigate the risk.

1c Price Risk

The group is affected by the price instability of certain commodities. Due to the significantly increased volatility of certain commodities like latex, acetic acid and other chemicals, the group closely monitors the price fluctuations to reap the price advantages.

The groups's investments in unquoted securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of investment securities. The group manages the securities price risk through investments in debt funds /intercorporate deposits and by placing limits on individual and total investments.

2 Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the group. The group is exposed to credit risk for receivables, cash and cash equivalents and short term loans.

Cash and cash equivalents and short-term loans (loans current)

The group considers factors such as track record, size of institution, market reputation and service standard to select the banks with which deposits are maintained. Generally, the balances are maintained with the institutions with which the group has been transacting for years. The group has made several Intercorporate loans on security with unrelated/ related companies considering factors such as track record, size of organisation, market reputation and value of the security. The risk is mitigated by the securities and guarantees provided by the group. Therefore, the group does not expect any material risk except for the ones mentioned in Note 38.1 on account of non-performance by any of the companies to which the loans are given.

Trade Receivables

The group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities primarily from trade receivable amounting to ₹.5543.91 Lakhs and ₹.3271.83 Lakhs as of 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021 respectively. The group has standard operating procedure for obtaining sufficient security where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. No customers accounted for 10% or more of revenue during the reporting periods covered. The credit quality of the group's customers is monitored on an on going basis and assessed for impairment where indicators of such impairment exist. The history of trade receivables shows a negligible provision for bad and doubtful debts. The solvency of customers and their ability to repay the receivable is considered in assessing receivables for impairment. Therefore, the group does not expect any material risk on account of non performance by any of the group's counterparties. Where receivables are impaired, the group actively seeks to recover the amounts in question and enforce the compliance with credit terms.

₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Balance at the beginning of the year	27.84	31.56
Impairment loss recognised	7.84	3.85
Impairment loss reversed	30.59	7.57
Balance at the end of the year	5.09	27.84

3 Liquidity Risk

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors, which has established an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the group's short-term, medium-term and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

4 Interest Rate Risk

The Company is a zero-debt company as on 31 March 2022 (Previous year Rs. Nil) and is not exposed to any interest rate risk of short-term or long-term borrowings. There are no foreign currency borrowings made by the company during the reporting periods. The impact on the Companies profit before tax due to change in interest rate is Nil at the close of this financial year.

5 Other Risk

Financial assets of ₹1363.40 lakhs (previous year ₹1149.65 Lakhs) as at March 31, 2022 carried at amortised cost is in the form of cash and cash equivalents, bank deposits and earmarked balances with banks where the group has assessed the counterparty credit risk. Trade receivables of ₹5,541.54 lakhs as at March 31, 2022 (previous year ₹3265.47 Lakhs) forms a significant part of the financial assets carried at amortised cost which is valued considering provision for allowance using expected credit loss method. In addition to the historical pattern of credit loss, we have considered the likelihood of increased credit risk and consequential default considering situations due to post COVID-19 outbreak.

This assessment is not based on any mathematical model but an assessment considering the financial strength of the customers in respect of whom amounts are receivable. The group is in the process of evaluating the potential impact with respect to customers in Domestic Formulation segment which could have an immediate impact. The group closely monitors its customers who are going through financial stress and assesses actions such as change in payment terms, recognition of revenue on collection basis etc., depending on severity of each case. Based on the initial assessment, the group do not expect any abnormal credit loss though supplying to an unorganised sector. The allowance for doubtful trade receivables is Nil as at March 31, 2022 (previous year ₹25.42 Lakhs).

53 Events after the reporting period

The proposed final dividend for Financial Year 2021-22 amounting to ₹ 949.68 Lakhs (Previous year ₹705.48 Lakhs) will be recognised as distribution to owners during the financial year 2021-22 on its approval by Shareholders The proposed final dividend per share amounts to ₹1.75/- (Previous year ₹1.30/-)



54 For Disclosures mandated by Schedule III of Companies Act 2013, by way of additional information, refer below:

For the financial year 2021-2022

Name of Entity	Net Assets i.e. total assets minus total liabilities	Share in Profit / (Loss)	Share in Other / Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Share in Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss)
Holding Company				
Rubfila International Limited	19,762.06	4,304.16	50.77	4,354.93
As a % of consolidated	83.96%	96.41%	84.50%	96.25%
Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company				
Premier Tissues India Limited	3,776.12	160.17	9.31	169.47
As a % of consolidated	16.04%	3.59%	15.50%	3.75%

For the financial year 2020-21

Name of Entity	Net Assets i.e. total assets minus total liabilities	Share in Profit / (Loss)	Share in Other / Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Share in Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss)
Holding Company				
Rubfila International Limited	16,112.61	3,025.46	(68.96)	2,956.50
As a % of consolidated	81.71%	90.51%		90.27%
Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company				
Premier Tissues India Limited	3,606.56	317.26	1.46	318.72
As a % of consolidated	18.29%	9.49%		9.73%

As per our reports attached.

For Cyriac & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.014033S

Jim Cyriac (Partner) Membership No.:230039

Thiruvananthapuram Thursday, May 19, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LTD

RUBFILA INTERNATIONAL LTD

Hardik Bharat Patel G Krishna Kumar
DIN01100361 DIN:1450683
Chairman Managing Director

N.N. Parameswaran

Chief Finance Officer & Company Secretary

Mumbai

Thursday, May 19, 2022

